



Title: (Chaska) VALLEY HERALD

1:1 - 2:52

Inclusive Dates:	Sep 11	Sep 3
	1862	1864 *

"Valley herald"

Title varies. Beginning Jan 31 1863 issues titled "The Valley herald".

Missing Issues:

1862: Sep 25; Oct 30; Nov 13-20;  
Dec 6-13; Dec 27.

1863: May 9; Jun 13-Jul 11; Jul 25;  
Sep 26; Oct 10-17.

Issues damaged throughout.

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Originals held by: MHS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Prepared by: Joan Aykens <i>mb</i>	Date: Jun 7 1983	Format: 1A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2B
Filmed by: <i>Seebeck</i>	Date: <i>Jun 20, 1983</i>	Camera No. <i>446</i>
Reduction Ratio: <i>14</i>	Voltmeter <i>.17/88</i>	No. Expos. <i>410 922</i>
Prelim. Inspection by: <i>Frank Rangel</i>	Date: <i>6-8-83</i>	Density: <i>1.26</i>
Target Resolution: <i>126</i> /mm	O.K. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reject <input type="checkbox"/>	Length: <i>57</i>



ITEMS WHICH BECAME AVAILABLE  
AFTER THE TIME OF ORIGINAL  
MICROFILMING HAVE BEEN ADDED  
AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS  
MICROFILM.



# Valley

# Herald

M. C. RUSSELL, Printer.

The Constitution as it is, The Union as it ought to be.

VOL. 1.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1862.

NO. 1.

## The Herald.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING AT CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
One year ..... \$1.50  
Six months ..... .80  
Three months ..... .40

RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
1 Square (10 lines or less one time) ..... \$ .75  
Each subsequent insertion ..... .50  
One column one year ..... 8.00  
Half " " " " ..... 4.00  
Fourth " " " " ..... 2.00  
Business cards not over 5 lines ..... 5.00  
Over 5 lines and under 10 ..... 7.00  
Over 10 lines and under 15 ..... 10.00

## JOB PRINTING.

We have also, in connection with our establishment, a good job office, with an extensive variety of type suitable for POSTERS, HAND BILLS, CARDS, Ball Tickets, and Blanks.

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Which we will execute in a neat and workmanlike manner, either

PLAIN OR IN COLORS,

And upon short notice.

J. S. DUBOIS.

House, Sign, Carriage, and Ornamental Painter

AND PAPER HANGER.

Would respectfully offer his services to the citizens of Chaska and vicinity. All kinds of painting done at short notice and on reasonable terms. Shop opposite Store's Carpenter shop, N. B. Country Produce taken in exchange for work.

Shakopee, May 24th, 1860. r61

## FAIRBANKS' SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

FAIRBANKS & GREENLEAF,

172 Lake Street, Chicago.

BUY ONLY THE GENUINE.

## REGULAR MINNESOTA RIVER

THE STEAMER JEANETTE ROBERTS

will run regularly during the season of navigation to New Ulm, and will make intermediate points.

For freight or passage apply on board.

NELSON ROBERTS, Master.

supposed stolen mail.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT on the 23rd day of November, 1861

the undersigned, residing in the town of Benton, in Carver County, Minnesota, purchased of a young man who said his name was James Clark, and represented that he had about three miles from Belle Plaine, in Scott County, a BLACK MALE, about 7 years old. Subsequent events led me to suppose that the man was stolen, and if such is the case I wish to find the owner thereof, who will prove property, pay charges, and take her away. FERDINAND LUTZ, Benton, Carver County, Minnesota.

## BLACKSMITHING.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Carver and vicinity, generally, and his old customers particularly, that he has returned from the East, and has re-established his establishment formerly occupied by Mr. Wells, where he is now prepared to do any and all kinds of work in his line, including shoe-making, plow-making and repairing, etc.

Shop on Broadway, between 4th and 5th streets, CARVER, MINN.

## G. P. PEABODY

Wholesale Dealer in

Imported and Domestic

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

THIRD STREET

Between Jackson and Robert Streets,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Constantly on hand a full supply of

Double Rectified, and Old Rye and Bourbon

Whiskies.

## LIGHTNING RODS.

Preserve Your Property

The subscriber is offering this country for the purpose of putting up

Lightning Rods.

He is prepared with a large lot of excellent, Plated Iron Rods.

These rods are highly recommended by

Prof. Siliman

and used exclusively by the Ill. Central Railroad

Upon All Their Buildings.

Put up in the most substantial manner, and as cheaply as by any other party.

THOMAS HANSENSEN.

Carver, July 25, 1862.

## CABINET WARE ROOMS.

HIRSCHER & Peters, Holmes street, one floor north of the American House, Shakopee, Minn.

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Cabinet Ware, warranted to be as good, and sold as low as anywhere in the State. Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Shakopee, July 13, 1861.

## Surveying.

THE undersigned would inform the people of Carver County that he is prepared to do any job of surveying in a satisfactory manner, and upon short notice. [37] J. O. BRUNUS.

Go to HOLMES' where you will get the celebrated Belle Plaine Plow at manufacturer's price.

## SARGENT & GRISWOLD

Attorneys at Law.

Having perfected arrangements with parties in Washington for the prosecution of war claims, we are prepared with full instructions, and blanks to prepare and forward for adjustment and payment, all claims of Bounty, Arrears, and Pensions, as well as claims for property destroyed or appropriated by the Government.

Chaska, Carver County Minnesota.

## FRANK WARNER,

ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Carver, Minnesota.

## JOHN SCHWARTZ,

MERCHANT Tailor, Holmes Street, Shakopee, Minn.

## WACONIA HOUSE.

H. BERREAU, Proprietor, Waconia, Carver county Minnesota.

## CARVER HOUSE.

L. H. GRIFFIN, Proprietor. Corner of Broadway and Third Streets, Carver, Minn.

## HOLMES & BRO.

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Portwines, and general Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Carver, Minn. (See Advertisement.)

## E. WALTON,

DEALER in Groceries and Provisions, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Nails and Glass &c.

Storage and Commission Merchant, Carver, Minn.

## CITY HOTEL.

BISHOP, Proprietor. Fourth street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul, Minn.

Board one dollar per day. Good stabling and barn attached. Stages leave this house daily for all parts of the country.

## ST. PAUL HOUSE.

J. EDERT, Proprietor, Shakopee, Minnesota.

Table supplied with the most marketable goods in accordance with the times.

Good stabling and water for teams.

## Blanks for Sale.

We have for sale and keep on hand a full assortment of Blanks of all kinds—Warrants and Quit-claim Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, wills and without water clause, etc., etc., which we sell at St. Paul prices.

## BAKSTER & BAXTER,

ATTORNEYS at Law and Counselors at Law, Chaska, Carver County, Minn.

## L. M. & J. H. BROWN.

ATTORNEYS at Law and Counselors at Law, Office in Wright's Block, Corner of Holmes and First Streets, Shakopee, Scott County, Minn.

## WRAPPING PAPER.

Old Newspapers, neat, for sale at this Office for WRAPPING PAPER. Price 25 cents per hundred.

## BATES HOUSE.

J. W. BATES, Proprietor. Fare good and charges moderate. Glencoe Minn.

## RICHARD MARVIN.

IMPORTER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in China, Glass, and Queensware. Third and Beach streets, between Cedar and Washburn, St. Paul, Minnesota.

## BAVARIA HOUSE.

BEN. ENDERS, Proprietor. First Street, near the river, Shakopee, Minnesota. Kitchens to the traveling public—Good stabling and water attached to the house.

## MACHINERY OF A SUPERIOR ARTICLE FOR

Threshing Machines and Steam Engines, for Sale at HOLMES'.

## BASLER HOUSE.

Chas. Basler, Proprietor.

Having recently made considerable alterations and repairs to our house we are now prepared to entertain in an exceptional manner all who may favor us with a call. Thankful for past favors, we still solicit a share of the patronage of the traveling public. Our stand is situated on the steamboat landing, thus affording superior facilities to those wishing to take the morning boat. Charges lower than at any other house of the same style in the State. Carver, Sept. 11, 1861.

## Blacksmithing!

J. BLEDEL.

## BLACKSMITH

—AND—

## Plow Manufacturer

Carver, Minnesota.

## DAILY MINNESOTA RIVER

MAIL PACKET

ANTELOPE

FROM ST. PAUL TO CARVER.

Will run daily between the above named points, leaving Carver at 7 a.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and arriving at St. Paul in time to connect with the La Crosse, Prairie du Chien, Dubuque and Des Moines lines of Packets.

Leaves St. Paul, Lower Levee, at 2 Upper Levee, at half past.

GEORGE ROUGHTELL, Master.

JAMES R. FERGUSON, Clerk.

## SHEEHY & BROTHER,

Rectifiers.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Liquors

AND GROCERIES,

THIRD STREET BETWEEN JACKSON AND ROBERT STS.

(DAWSON'S BLOCK) ST. PAUL, MINN.

We have constantly on hand a large supply of the best Imported and Domestic Whiskies, to which the attention of the trade is invited; as we are satisfied from our experience in the business that we can do better for them than any other House in the city.

## POETRY.

### Three Hundred Thousand More.

Tong—The first gun fired,

We are coming, Father Abraham, three hundred thousand more.

From Mississippi's winding stream and from New England's shore

We leave our plows and work-shops, our wives and children dear,

With hearts full of utterance, with but a silent tear.

We dare not look behind us, but steadfastly be-fore.

We are coming, Father Abraham—three hundred thousand more.

If you look across the hill-tops that meet the Northern sky,

Long moving lines of rising dust your vision may destroy

And now the wind, gusty, tears the cloudy veil aside,

And floats aloft our spangled flag in glory and in pride.

And bayonets in the sunlight gleam, and bands brave music pour—

We are coming, Father Abraham—three hundred thousand more!

If you look up all our valleys, where the growing harvests shine,

You may see our sturdy farmer boys fast forming into lines

And children from their mother's knees are pulling at the weeds,

And learning how to reap and sow, against their country's need;

And a farewell group stands weeping at every cottage door—

We are coming, Father Abraham—three hundred thousand more!

You have called us, and we are coming, by Richmond's bloody tide,

To lay us down for Freedom's sake, our brother's bones beside;

Or from foul treason's savage grasp to wrench the blade,

And in the face of foreign foes its fragments to parade.

Six hundred thousand loyal men and true have gone before—

We are coming, Father Abraham—three hundred thousand more!

### A Dollar or Two.

With cautious steps, as we tread our way through

the tangled web of our country's wrongs,

May we still on our journey be able to view

the benevolent face of a dollar or two.

For an excellent thing is a dollar or two,

No friend is as true as a dollar or two.

Three countries and towns, as we pass up and down,

No passer-by so good as a dollar or two.

Would you read yourself out of the bachelor's crew,

And the hand of a female divinity?

You must always be ready the handkerchief to do,

though it may cost you a dollar or two;

Love's arrows are tipped with a dollar or two,

And affection is gained by a dollar or two.

The best aid you can meet in advancing your suit,

Is the eloquent clink of a dollar or two.

Would you wish your existence with faith to im-

prove, and enroll in the ranks of the sanctified few,

To enjoy a good name and a well-earned pew,

You must freely come down with a dollar or two.

The Gospel is preached for a dollar or two,

The salvation is reached for a dollar or two,

You may die at times, but the worst of all evils

Is to find yourself short of a dollar or two.

## SELECT MISCELLANY.

### HETTY MARVIN.

When the British and Tories attacked

New London, Connecticut, in 17—, and set

a price on the head of Gov. Griswold, the

latter fled to the town of L—, where his

cousin, Mrs. Marvin, hid him, for some

time, in a garret, where he had a host,

length the subtle foe discovered his retreat

and one sunny afternoon in May, he was

rousted from his hiding-place by the tidings

that a band of horsemen were approaching

to capture him.

His only chance of escape was to reach

the mouth of a little creek, which emptied

itself into the Connecticut river just above

the entrance of the latter into Long Island

Sound. There he had a boat stationed,

with two faithful attendants hidden be-

hind the bushes of the creek. The

distance from the farm-house to the boat

was two miles by the usual traveled road.

But a little sheep-path across the farmers'

orchards would bring him to the road, only

a mile or so in the boat, and save a quarter

of his faithful sun for life.

Just where the narrow path from the

orchard opened into the road, Hetty Mar-

vin sat with her dog Towser, letting the

blanching of the household linen. The

long web of forty yards or more, which

was diligently spun and woven during the

long winter months, was whitened in May,

and thus made ready for use. This busi-

ness of bleaching was well economized,

being usually done by the younger daugh-

ters of the family, who were not old

enough to spin, or strong enough for the

heavier work of the kitchen and dairy.

The roll of linen was taken by the far-

mer or his stout 'help' to a grassy plat,

beside a spring or meadow brook. There

it was thoroughly wetted and spread upon

the green turf, to take the heat of the sun

by day and the dew by night. The little

maid who tended it, would sit near it

during the day, with her knitting or her

book, and as fast as the sun dried its folds,

she would sprinkle the water over it with

her gourd-shell dipper, and make it wet

again.

Thus sat Hetty Marvin, the young

daughter of Gov. Griswold's cousin, when

her hunted friend sprang past her into the

road, to escape his pursuers. Hetty was

a timid child of about twelve years; yet

thoughtful and wise beyond many of her

peers. She was frightened by the heart-

long haste with which the governor rushed

across the meadow. But she quickly com-

prehended the scene, and instantly quieted

her faithful Towser, who, though a friend

of the family guest, thought it becoming

to bark loudly at his hurried steps.

Her wise forethought arrested the gov-

ernor's notice, and suggested a scheme to

elude his pursuers. "Hetty," he said

carelessly, "I am flying for my life, and un-

less I can reach my boat before I am over-

taken, I am a lost man. You see the road

forks here. Now I want to run down this

way to the river. But you must tell the

rascals who are chasing me, that I have

gone on the road to catch the mail wagon,

which will soon be along, you know. Then

they will turn off the other way."

"Oh, cousin," said the little girl, in an

ingenuously, "I cannot tell a lie; in-

deed I cannot; why did you tell me that

way was going?"

"Hetty," my child, surely you would not

betray me to my death. Hark! they are

coming; I hear the click of their horses'

feet. Oh! Hetty, tell them I have gone

on the road instead of down; and heaven

will bless you!"

"Heaven never blesses those who speak











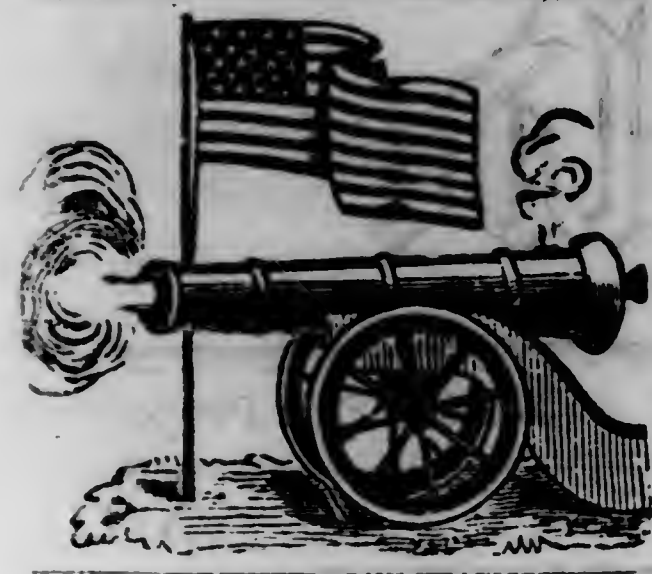








The Herald.  
G. A. Warner, - - Editor.



CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

THURSDAY : : : SEPTEMBER 11, 1862

Republican Nominations for Congress.

FIRST DISTRICT.

WILLIAM WINDOM.

SECOND DISTRICT.

IGNATIUS DONELLY.

Democratic Nominations for Congress.

FIRST DISTRICT.

A. G. CHATFIELD.

SECOND DISTRICT.

WM. J. CULLEN.

The Constitution as it is. The Union as it ought to be.

One of the most prominent of the framers of our constitution, is known to have said that when slavery shall have ceased to exist, that fact would still be in harmony with the constitution, and it would need no change. All that can be found in the constitution bearing directly upon the subject of servitude of any kind, may be seen in sec. 2, of art. 4, which provides that no person held to service or labor in one state under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence thereof, be discharged from service &c. It is true in more senses than one, that no alteration would be required. It is unnecessary to strike from the statute book any law which being once a living precept, has by force of a radical change in the institutions of the country become obsolete. It would indeed be quite unparliamentary to pass a law repealing an act which has for years been a dead letter upon the record. But should slavery be blotted from the list of state institutions, this branch of our paramount law would still be applicable to certain conditions in life. Persons may be held to service under other regulations than those known as supporting American Slavery, and we read in the early history of this country of parties hypothesizing their services for a term of years to secure a passage across the Atlantic. I is a principal of law that a man may sell his time and services, and it is only doubted by Chancellor Kent whether the law would recognize a contract made for the transfer of one's services for his natural life. With-out doubt a contract to serve for a term of years would be good; and it is of daily occurrence that children are bound by their parents, and young men bind themselves as apprentices. To this class of community then, this branch of the constitution would become a living, governing rule. Whether this clause of the constitution was intended to reach the case of American Slavery or no; it seems that did slavery not exist, we should without this section be minus a provision as essential to state rights as would be were we without a provision for the return of criminal offenders. This shows that though this law reaches and protects the rights of states in their slaves, it by no means follows that it was framed for that purpose. We are satisfied that a reference to slavery the constitution is just what it should be, in order to protect other rights which may be reached under the same section. Whatever views some may have in reference to its fettering the arms of the government in its efforts to crush the rebellion, we think a statesmanlike construction of its terms gives ample power to protect ourselves and destroy our enemies. The constitution then as it is, but the Union not as it was. It never can be. Why then seek for or even desire an impossibility? This motto, 'The Union as it was' should be modified by striking out the last three words. In that way you cancel forever the black mark of guilt which has been growing longer and blacker in proportion to the efforts of our public men to compromise with and cover up for a season this wily rascal which threatens our destruction. 'The Union as it was' turns us to our former status; like McCallan's army, which one year ago encamped on the banks of the Potomac, and though since has been within hailing distance of the Rebel Capital, yet to-day Washington is more seriously beleaguered than ever. So will 'The Union as it was,' oblige us to do our first work over again. Another opinion in popular favor is, that every body should take care of itself, and that after rebellion is successfully put down we can deal with this peculiar institution, and thus is usually coupled with the idea that is doubtful what proceedings in

reference to slavery would be constitutional; and therefore 'hands off' until the rebellion is crushed. We would ask, admitting that we have now no constitutional power to strike slavery, what additional power is guaranteed us by the constitution, after war has closed. All will agree that a broader construction of the constitution is admissible in times of war than in peace, and if we have now no means of effecting the cause of our troubles we shall have a lesser remedy when the war is over. When the United States has conquered the South, it will offer to assist the seceding states in reorganizing state governments. Think ye that a disappointed and sullen foe will so long as it has refused to aid in the protection of its favorite institution, or that the General Government does not feel constitutionally authorized to interfere with slavery, co-operate with her in framing a free constitution? If the border states who make loyal professions of loyalty will not in our nation's extremity and at the earnest solicitation of the President, initiate a system of emancipation, knowing as they must that such a policy would do more to end this warfare than three hundred thousand men in the field. From what source are we to gather any evidence justifying us in the belief that the South in any event, assist in the construction of a state government, based upon principles consonant with the views of the North? Should the government content itself by reorganizing the state governments, leaving slavery where found at the commencement of the war, only so far weakened as the casualties of war would necessarily weaken; we have left the germ of rebellion, the seeds of treason, received again to our fostering embrace, and with the aid of the immutable law of generatice we shall reap in due time their bitter fruit, and taste their deadly poison.

Bachelors to do the Fighting.

A letter to the Express says:—In every European country, in case of a draft for soldiers, the greatest care is taken to draw first upon young and old unmarried men, who are not so great a loss to the community. It appears by the preparations made in this country to meet the late drafting orders from Washington, that no such humane and wise precautions have been taken. The conscriptions is to be the most sweeping and indiscriminate that ever took place perhaps, in the world. This arrangement, if not modified by the War Department, will produce a very unnecessary amount of suffering throughout the country. There are enough young men in the loyal North to fill twelve or thirteen regiments, and the quotas that will be required from the state under Secretary Stanton's call, without impressing into the service any man charged with the support of a little family. By drafting men of families an unnecessary burden will be thrown upon the public, and an amount of suffering which, can as yet form no estimate, will be occasioned.

We think the above letter writer must be a married man, surrounded with endearing family ties, or is only married and yet dislikes the disagreeable odor of a draft. He would screen himself under the folds of his dear wife's paraphernalia. No doubt many men who read the severance of families as an exemption from the hazards attending our country's salvation would under other circumstances gladly be relieved of their dear ones if they could be, and yet escape the odium which usually rests upon parties obtaining a divorce. The writer has failed to see that many young men have widowed mothers, or decrepit fathers depending upon them for support; that they have loving and anxious sisters whose hearts yearn for their safety. That a man having a family has more to protect, is more interest in preserving to his family as they grow up, a guarantee of their public and private rights, and that in proportion to those interests should his efforts be for their protection. That usually the married and middle aged men are the proprietors of our nation's wealth, and as such should either insure or take the risk themselves; in other words must fight for its protection or procure another to do it for them. He has also lost sight of the fact that young ladies as a class have come claims upon the rich boys; that there are of unmarried men and women an equal number, unless the number predominates in favor of the ladies; that if a generation of young men are killed in battle a corresponding number of ladies must be deprived a sphere in life which they were created to fill. That if a continuation in a married state is desirable to those having embarked, it is equally so to those about to enter; and further that if a distinction of that sort were to be made, many ill timed matches would take place, though this latter is of slight importance considering the fact that divorces may be had upon the plea of incompatibility of temper. Another consideration, so far as the growth of the country is concerned is, that when a farmer seeks to procure his fire wood from his timbered lands and wishes to preserve its growth, he guards the largest and oldest trunks, allowing the sapling and younger trees of his own oak community to remain, knowing that in the vigor of their youth they will replenish his stock of fuel, while to cut them down would be to destroy his forest entirely. From ending Mr. Letter writer will see that the loss of a man under the age of thirty so far as the general progress of the country or its ability to recuperate from the casualties of war is concerned, is more

to be regretted than the loss of those over forty-five. How true the saying that there are two sides to a story, though one be the brighter.

The News of the Week.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

This body convened on the 10th inst., in pursuance of the call of the Governor at 10 o'clock a.m. Both bodies having a quorum they proceeded to the election of the necessary officers, the appointment of the various committees, and adjourned. At the afternoon session both bodies of the legislature met in the Hall of the House and received the message of the Governor. The Governor recounts the recent Indian troubles in detail, and recommends appropriations for the prosecution of a war of extermination against the savages; also a memorial to Congress to appropriate Indian supplies to the relief of sufferers on the frontier. He also recommends some method of taking the votes of our citizens in the army. The message was referred to a special committee and the House adjourned.

WAR NEWS.

The war news of the past week on the part of the Federal army is quite meager. That the rebels are advancing toward Washington and into Maryland there seems to be no doubt. Whether our authorities permit it because forced to, or because they see in such moves an opportunity for a grand strategic display, remains to be seen. It is reported that Cincinnati is menaced by a large force of rebels. Business in the city is suspended and the people have taken up arms to defend, and shovels to entrench. The Indian war news for the week is mostly the details of battles already fought. At Fort Abercrombie several skirmishes have taken place in which one man was killed and three wounded. The garrison have taken time by the forelock and fortified themselves, but of course cannot resist long, overwhelming numbers. Messengers have been dispatched for reinforcements, and ere this must have arrived there. Col. Sibley, at Fort Ridgely, has communicated with the Red-kings by flag of truce. Their reasons for commencing hostilities were trivial; they say they have 100 prisoners, women and children, that they have been kindly treated; which latter is too good to be true. We think measures will be taken to recover the prisoners before a war of extermination commences; it is to be hoped so. We must come at them with their own weapons; that is, treat with them, and recover the prisoners, then break the compact and every Indian skull of them. Deception is a lie. If you deceive an enemy by a strategic movement you lie to him; no more than this is done if you promise and do not perform. To Mr. Gen. Pope has been assigned the duty of routing the Indians. By this move he is released of the command of 100,000 men, and commands in lieu thereof a mere squad of war troops. We do not ignore the importance of the Indian campaign when we say that his sphere of action is utterly insignificant in comparison to his late responsibilities.

THE DRAFT.

In this country there yet remains subject to military duty over 850 men. If fifty are drawn the ratio is one man to every seventeen. Carver town is probably clear of a draft and so with Watertown. Benton is the slowest to come to time? Other towns nearly equal.

Letter from Lieut. Weinmann.

The following from Lieut. Weinmann of the Carver County Company, to the Commanding Officer at Glenock, will show how the brave Carver County have won the mark in the recent Indian raid west of us: HENRIKSON, M. Leol. Co., Minn., September 5th, 1862.

Dear Sir— I received your orders to fall back to Glenock, yesterday, at three o'clock p.m. I was at the time I received the order, at New Auburn, Sibley Co., at which place I have ten men stationed under Sergt. Froese. The people of that place begged me not to move that I do duty from that place, lest it might cause another stampede. Under those circumstances, I did not feel free to let them remain. I at once repaired to the different quarters where I had the rest of the men stationed (which were about seven miles apart) and succeeded in bringing them together again at 4 o'clock between Lakes Adley and Kams City, a high eminence upon which an Indian trail crosses, and had therefore reason to believe that an attack might be made upon us, consequently we at once went to work to fortify ourselves by throwing earth up against a good log house that stood upon a high knoll between said lakes. At day break our fortification was completed. Again at 10 o'clock a.m. we heard right smart firing towards this place, and also some smoke arising in different directions in the direction of this place. Our teamster who had turned out his cattle loaded, could not find them; there he left six men to guard the company's baggage, and I myself went to the rescue of the company toward the Hutchinson and Glenock road. When within a mile of the road, I saw a company of cavalry on the road, moving towards this place. At the same time the cavalry discovered us, when they detached two of their number toward us, when they informed me that they were the Goodhue cavalry, and that they had sent a messenger to order me to form a line with them and proceed to Hutchinson at once, which messenger had not reached me when we left our fortification. I therefore marched my company right up here without awaiting

further orders. When we arrived here the skirmishing (which is said to have commenced at 9 o'clock a.m.) had just stopped. We find the good building with the exceptions of one or two, all burned. The hole of one woman and two children were bro't in after we arrived here. More in a day or two. From your obedient servant, JES. WEINMANN, 1st Lieut., 10th Reg't Minn. Vol's, Commanding Carver County Rangers.

Interesting Incident of the Battle of New Ulm.

List of Killed and Wounded, &c.

The St. Peter Statesman of the 29th ult. contains a long and interesting account of the late battle of New Ulm, and many thrilling incidents, some of which we have not before seen. We make a few extracts: At 9:15 a.m. of Saturday, the Indians appeared at the edge of the woods above New Ulm, in the direction of the Agency, and advanced about 10 o'clock. The advance was made in one body until within a mile of the town, when the enemy began to divide into two columns, and continued down the river until he had surrounded our forces on three sides. Our men in a full back and the Indians immediately took possession of the wind-mill houses. Our forces then rallied and took possession of the wind-mill, a narrow, four-story building in an elevation near the first table land in the rear of the town, a couple of squares from the Dakota House. This was followed by a general skirmish along the entire front of the town. Our forces were soon completely surrounded, and attacked from all sides. Taking advantage of the wind from the river part of the town, they made their principal attack from that direction, firing buildings on both sides of the streets, and advancing behind the smoke. Simultaneous with this desperate attack from lower town, an attack was also made from the bluff in the rear of the town.

At this critical moment, when death was expected in all its horrors to descend upon butchery to burning, Capt. Wm. B. Dodd, of this place, supposing that reinforcements were coming up behind the Indians, made an attempt to superhuman effort to rally the men to meet the charge of the enemy, and to one group the supposed reinforcements behind; but when he had gone about 20 yards outside the lines the Indians fired a volley from buildings on both sides of the street. The Captain received three balls near his heart, wheel of his horse around, and after riding with in 20 yards of our lines fell from his horse, and was assisted to walk into a house, where he died—the noblest Roman of them all—in a few moments afterward. Before he expired he dictated a message to his wife and requested that he had discharged his duty and was ready to die. No man fought more courageously or died more nobly. Let his name be forever remembered, and his virtues forgotten. He was a hero of the truest type. The Captain's horse fell dead in the street a few steps from where his heroic rider fell.

The supposed reinforcements proved to be in dress in citizen's clothes, probably discussed for the very purpose of deceiving our men. One of the four men who supported Capt. Dodd into our lines was wounded. At this point of the battle, Capt. Smead (a Baptist minister of Le Sueur) was wounded in the body, and many men were also wounded. The fight at this point (lower town) was very determined and desperate, but finally our men entered into our lines at this place rather doubtful, the Indians then charged a point of timber in the rear of town with great fierceness, and again tried to break our line; but our forces rallied out and repulsed with determined courage. At this point Newell, an old settler in the Valley, and the best rifleman in the State, was killed.

After this repulse, the most critical fighting of the day was passed, and the Indians did not make another vigorous charge. The fight, however, continued until dark, when the men began to carry off their dead and wounded. Our men then began the rousing of our side buildings, and returned to their barracks.

INDIVIDUAL BATTERY.

Of those whose individual daring, constant and efficient discharge of duty, and who occupied the most perilous positions in the field, and sustained our countrymen, Captain Wm. B. Dodd, field commander, and Charles E. Flann, commanding at New Ulm; J. B. Trogen, S. A. Bell, H. A. Swift, Wm. G. Hayden, J. K. Dorrington, Wm. Rye, B. Y. Coffin, J. E. Callahan, Wm. Buchanan, and Putnam—all of this place—Shelf, H. L. Turner and James Shoemaker, of Mankato; Captain Potter, of Garden City and Captain S. Sanders and Bowman, of Le Sueur. These men were everywhere conspicuous in the fight, in the extreme of danger, rallying the men to the desperate conflict, and if night like tigers. There are others whose names should be emblazoned in letters of gold in the list of American heroes, and as soon as we can learn their names, we shall make them public. During the hottest of the fight on Saturday, Rev. J. Y. Coffin, George W. Stewart, J. B. Trogen, and twenty-five others took a position in the window of the mentioned, and although at one time nearly surrounded by a very large body of Indians, who had learned the force of their warping shots, and soon determined, by a bold dash, to silence them, with their force reduced by desertion to only thirteen men, they poured in their effective volleys until the Indians retired, and our men were left to fire the building themselves at the approach of night. To George W. Stewart, of Le Sueur, we give the honor of taking down the flag five minutes after our men had left the building.

During the past few days several large flocks of sheep have passed through town from the upper country.

Several of the families who were so long shut up in the fortifications at Hutchinson, during the time that place was besieged upon all sides by Indians, arrived in town day-before-yesterday.

New Advertisements.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

District Court, 4th Dist., Carver County.

Henry Backusfeld, against John G. Loy, Henry Wetzel, Eckel Elworth. Amount \$616.50 with interest.

Pursuant to a decretal order made in the above entitled action of date the 23rd day of August, 1862, and to me delivered the undersigned Sheriff of the County of Carver, appointed to make the sale of the premises in said decree named, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Friday the 31st day of October A. D. 1862, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the Sheriff's Office in Chaska in said County, the said premises to wit:

The West half of the North east quarter of Section eight (8), in Township one hundred and fifteen (115) of Range number twenty-three (23) west, and Blue' number fifty-five (55) of the Town of Chaska, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated September 8th, 1862. FREDERICK GREINER, Sheriff of Carver County.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of a resolution passed by the County Commissioners of Carver County at their annual meeting, September 2nd, 1862, the following of the Page in the County of Carver, are hereby notified to get in to the County Treasurer's office all moneys received by them as fine within the time specified by law. Chaska, September 11th, 1862. GEORGE BENNETT, Auditor of Carver County.

[23 a]

AT WARNER'S BLOCK.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, NAILS.

GLASS, HTS, CAPS & READY MADE CLOTHING.

Forwarding & Commission Merchant.

[GIVE HIM A CALL]

CHASKA, MINNESOTA

GARIBOLDI HOUSE.

CHRIST EDERT, PROPRIETOR.

1st St., Chaska, Minn.

The traveling public will find this house well furnished and comfortable. The proprietor has reduced the rates to suit the times. No pains will be spared to make all who favor him with a call, comfortable.

A good Stable attached to the House.

Chaska, Minnesota, September 11th, 1862. C. EDERT.

R. M. KENNEDY

OF YOUNG AMERICA, Carver County, Minnesota.

I am now receiving and opening the largest and choicest stock of goods ever offered in this market—consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Crockery and S. ware, Iron, Nails, Glass, Tinware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, etc.

And all other articles usually kept in the country trade.

All of which he will sell at the smaller price than any other place in the State for Cash or in Exchange for Country Produce, for which he will always pay the highest Market Price. Young America, Sept. 15, 1862. n.d.ly

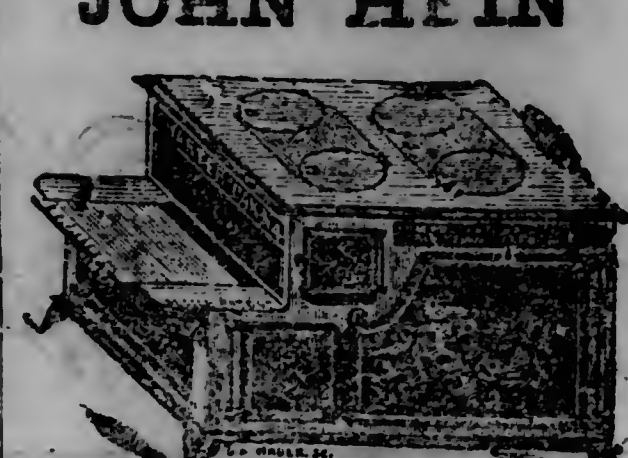
AMERICAN HOUSE.

Shakopee, - - - - - Minnesota.

SHERARD & PERSHALL, Proprietors.

General Stage and Northwestern Express Office.

JOHN HEIN



Dealer in

Hardware,

Tinware,

Stoves,

Nails,

Glass,

and

Farmer's and Mechanic's

Implements

Give Us a Call.

Corner Broadway and Second St., Carver, Minn.

(Phone, Walker)

Chaska, Minn.

St. Paul, Minn.

REPAIRS: - - - - -

Tools, and Rates Paid for Non residents.

Prompt attention paid to all orders of Carver County, Minn.

CARVER.

JOSEPH WEINMANN, Attorney at Law, residing at Chaska, Minn.

D. L. HOW, SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA.

DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines, Oils, Glass, Paints, Varnishes, Brushes,

Plastering Hair Fancy Goods

&c. &c.

KEROSENE OIL

That will not explode, for 60 cents a gallon.

KEROSENE LAMPS,

from 50 cents to one dollar—Chimneys 10 cents each. Shakopee, Dec. 15th, 1861. 13 ly

J. DUFFY,

[LATE SWANWICK & DUFFY.] Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

Of every description;

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE

—AND—

FARMER'S AND MECHANIC'S TOOLS,

General Forwarding and Commission Merchant, No. 1 Holmes street, SHAKOPEE, - - - - - MINN.

J. H. THIBBETS, DEALER IN

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and

Fancy Goods,

Shakopee, - - - - - (Minnesota)

Planner, Porter and Helddons accurately used. Musical Instruments repaired and warranted. "Old Jobs" of every description, resolutely promptly attended to. 161

FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER.

The New and splendid Steamer

ALBANY

Capt. G. D. DEN, will run during the season of navigation, between St. Paul and Mankato, on a semi-weekly basis. The Albany has on board one season, and has been re-fitted during the past winter, making her in every way equal to any boat in the trade.

This Steamer also carries the Northern Western Express Goods.

Freight or passage apply on board.

CARVER BRICK YARD.

A. S. ALDERMAN & CO. Proprietors.

We have now, and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of

Superior Brick,

and we will sell at a price that cannot fail to suit Purchasers.

Carver, July 23, 1862

HOLMES & BROS.,

DEALERS IN

DRY-GOODS AND GROCERIES,

CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE, NAILS AND GLASS.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER PACKERS,

CORNER FIRST AND BROADWAY, CARVER, MINN.



# Local Items.



THE "LOCAL" ON A BUS.

**OUR AGENTS.**  
We have constituted the following agents for the insurance, who are empowered to receive subscriptions and make payments, and receipt for the same when payment is made to them:  
F. B. DEAN, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
J. W. BATES, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
R. M. KENNEDY, YOUNG AMERICA.  
J. LEWIS, SAINT PAUL.

**STILL THEY COME.**—The citizens of our County who some two weeks since were so greatly disturbed by exaggerated rumors that hostile Indians were making their appearance in our midst had hardly returned to their homes and recovered of their fright, when, prompted by further reports and fears of danger, on Friday last commenced gradually moving into this town and Carver, some establishing themselves temporarily in the school houses, and other unoccupied buildings and shanties; so that now the town is filled to overflowing and many are pushing below in search of more tenable quarters. This exit has been gradually going on every day though not on so grand a scale as when the people first took up their bed under false impressions.

The news we hear from the field of conflict and the method of warfare characterizing these savages, together with their proximity, is certainly a cause of alarm to those living on farms and isolated from all means of successful defence; and even here fears have been entertained that they might use the violence of our forces and come down suddenly upon us. We think, however, that the "scare" has reached its crisis, and upon reflection, all are more or less convinced that our enemies dare not show themselves so near the head of navigation. We have a number of good brick houses, some guns and plenty of ammunition, and if they will but pay us their respects by daylight, we shall be able to put daylight through some of them.

**BUILDING.**—We notice that our fellow townsman, Henry Young, is building a commodious grain warehouse; which, when considering the enterprising builder, means business. We should judge that Henry intends doing an extensive business in the grain trade this fall, and we wish he may make a handsome thing out of it in the way of profit.

The bridge just above town, that crosses the little branch near the old sawmill, is in great need of repairs; three or four men a couple of hours would make it as good as new; but if it is not attended to soon, it may be the means of breaking some horses legs, or otherwise prove a detriment to some one in consequence of its not having been seen to and repaired in time. Let our "rillage fathers" see to it at once.

Our town is becoming quite popular since the recent Indian outbreak. We are informed that one house alone in our town roomed at present *thirteen* families.

## Proceedings of the Board of Co. Supervisors.

The Board of County Supervisors met at the office of the County Auditor on Tuesday the 2d inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., all the members being present. The Board was called to order by the chairman, and proceeded with the Auditor (after taking the necessary oath) to equalize the assessment of real estate for the current year.

A resolution was passed reducing the assessment of the Township of Camden 20 per cent.

A resolution was passed appointing the following school examiners for the various commissioner districts of Carver County: Dist. No. 1, E. Bray; Dist. No. 2, W. B. Griswold; Dist. No. 3, Ernest Heyd; Dist. No. 4, E. F. Hamlin; Dist. No. 5, P. Thomas.

A resolution was also passed abating the assessed value of lots 1, 2, in sec. 23, T. 111, range 24, to \$250.00. Board then adjourned until 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning, Wednesday, September 3d, 9 o'clock A. M. Board met pursuant to adjournment when various resolutions were passed making slight alterations in the Rolls on property wrongfully assessed. Certain bills for stationery, postage stamps, &c., for the officers, were then presented and allowed.

A resolution was adopted that five mills on the dollar be levied on the taxable property in this county, for the current expenses of the county for the ensuing year; also, 1 1/2 mills to be paid in cash as a special fund to pay interest on County Bonds; and any extraordinary expense; also two mills on the dollar for school purposes; and four mills for State purposes; also 2 per cent. to be levied as a Special Volunteer Fund. The same to be paid in cash for the purpose of redeeming the orders issued by the county as bounty to volunteers, and for the monthly support of their families. A resolution was then passed instructing the Auditor to notify all justices of the Peace in Carver County to pay

over into the Treasury all fines received by them within the time specified by law; also that this resolution be published in the "Valley Herald" for three successive weeks. The Board then adjourned to the 1st Tuesday in December.

## LIST OF LETTERS, Remaining in Post Office at Carver, September 1st, 1892.

Amfang Michael	Hall Albert B
Bos Mrs Mary	Jones Alfred
Born Casper	Jasper Peter
Brown with John	Miller Michael
Cole Paul H	Mur John Mary
Diedrich Michael	Parke Oscar
Domin J	Roth Fritz
Fech Heinrich	Ree C W
Fies Andreas	Schmitt John
Gustling John	Schilling Catherine
Gronowich Nicholas	Stotick Ma thias
Gutsmo H rich	Stark Ka I
Gutting Bernhard	Schindler Joseph
Hartman Sebastian	Walvogel Karl D

G. A. WARNER P. M.

## CHASKA MARKET.

Flour	\$5.00 @ 5.50
Wheat	65 @ 68
Corn	30 @ 35
Oats	35 @ 38
Barley	30 @ 35
Beans	1.00 @ 1.10
Potatoes	25 @ 28
Salt	2.40 @ 2.50
Butter	7 @ 10
Eggs	1 @ 1.00
Cranberries	10 @ 12
Limes, dry	10 @ 12
Do, green	4 @ 5

## SAINT PAUL MARKET.

White, 3 bu.	\$100 @ 125
Water Crackers, 3 bu.	4 @ 5
Butter Crackers, 3 bu.	12 @ 15
Soda, Best N. & E.	6 @ 8
Pilot Bread, 3 bu.	50 @ 55
Firkin 3 bu.	10 @ 12
Country in rolls	9 @ 10
W. R. 3 bu.	9 @ 9 1/2
E. D.	11 @ 12
Rio, Prime, 3 bu.	22 @ 24
Liquayra	6 @ 8
Java	2 @ 2 1/2
Mocha	30 @ 33
Eggs	10 @ 12
Per dozen	1 @ 1 1/2
Apples, green, 3 bu.	22 @ 25
Apples, dried, 3 bu.	2 @ 3
Cranberries, 3 bu.	10 @ 12
Prairie, dry, 3 bu.	10 @ 12
Prunes	10 @ 12
Currants	10 @ 12
Live Geese	55 @ 60
Indian	1 @ 20
Superfine, 3 bu.	14 @ 16
Extra	10 @ 12
Corn Meal, 3 bu.	1 @ 10
Wheat, 3 bu.	70 @ 75
Barley	30 @ 35
Plantation, 3 bu.	40 @ 42
Sugar House	0 @ 0
Golden Syrup	0 @ 0
Cut, 8s and 10s, 3 bu.	25 @ 30
Wrought	0 @ 0
Per bush	6 @ 6 1/2
Provisions	8 @ 10
Mess Pork, 3 bu.	1 @ 15
Mess Beef	1 @ 15
Clear sides	8 @ 9
Hams, plain, 3 bu.	10 @ 12
Shoulders	6 @ 7
Lard	0 @ 0
Brown	0 @ 0
Crushed	2 @ 2
Leaf	2 @ 2

## BLACKSMITHING.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Carver County, generally, and his old customers particularly, that he has returned from the East, and has re-established his business in Carver County, and is now prepared to do any and all kinds of work in his line, including repairing, plow-making and repainting, etc.

C. D. DAUWALTER,  
Shop on Broadway, between 5th and 6th streets,  
CARVER, MINN.

## G. P. PEARBODY

Wholesale Dealer in Imported and Domestic Wines, Liquors and Cigars, THIRD STREET, Between Jackson and Robert Streets, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Constantly on hand a full supply of Double rectified, and Old Rye and Bourbon Whiskeys.

## LIGHTNING RODS.

Preserve Your Property

The subscriber is canvassing this county for the purpose of putting up

Lightning Rods.

He is prepared with a large lot of excellent, Fluted Iron Rods.

These rods are highly recommended by Prof. Siliman

and used exclusively by the Ill. Central Railroad

Upon All Their Buildings.

Rod put up by the most substantial manner, as cheaply as by any other party.

THOMAS HANSEN, Carver, July 23, 1892.

## CABINET WARE ROOMS.

HIRSCHER & Peter, Holmes street, one door north of the American Hotel, St. Paul, Minn.

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Cabinet Ware, warranted to be as good, and sold as low as anywhere in the State. Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Sinkholes July 13, 1891.

## PIONEER PLOWS, manufactured at Belle Plaine, by Wells & Smith.

# STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF CARVER. In District Court, 4th Judicial District.

Richard S. Sinclair, Plaintiff, vs. Eliza H. Sinclair, Defendant.

Summons.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which said complaint is on file in the Office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers at their office in Carver, said county, and state within thirty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of its service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. The above named defendant is hereby notified that at the expiration of the time for the publication of the above summons, depositions will be taken in support of the Plaintiff's complaint.

Dated: Carver, August 14th, A. D. 1892.

SARGENT & GRISWOLD, Plaintiff's Attys.

## BENSBURG'S STEAM BREWERY.

Charles Baier, Agent.

## Lager Beer.

The subscriber has always on hand a large supply of this superior beer, which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

## FOR CASH.

REMEMBER THE PLACE. Steam Brewery.

vi n d O Charles Baier, Agent.

## WM. JUDD, ANDROTYPIST and SILVERSMITH.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Carver and vicinity that he has taken room for a few days at the Baier House, where he is prepared to take Androtypes, Mollinotypes, and Transparencies, in the latest and most improved style. Having had over ten years' experience in the business, and being in possession of all the recent improvements, he feels confident of giving satisfactory results. Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry, neatly repaired and warranted.

## M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

## ORANGES & LEMONS

Bird Cages and Willow Ware CONFECTIONARIES,

Toy and Fancy Goods of Every Description. Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

## NOW READY,

Parson Brownlow's

## Wonderful Book.

One volume, containing upwards of 450 pages, 12 superior engravings, an excellent steel portrait, and a full and complete description of the life and times of the great statesman, President Andrew Jackson. Beautifully printed on fine, white paper, and handsomely bound in cloth. Price \$2.00.

Sent free, by return Mail, on Receipt of Price.

Agents Wanted in every city, town, village and county to sell this thrilling and remarkable work.

Address: GEORGE W. CHURCH, Publisher, 625 and 630 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, ATTORNEYS & CO., Cincinnati.

Publishers for the West.

## STEAM FURNITURE WORKS

THE SUBSCRIBER, having just introduced steam power into his factory, is now prepared to manufacture, upon short notice, and in a style unsurpassed west of St. Paul, all descriptions of furniture, including

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, TABLES,

BUREAUS, STANDS, SECRETARIES,

&c., &c.

Those in want of Furniture are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

A. B. FALLING, Young America, Nov. 20, 1891.

## S. K. PUTNAM,

Wholesale & Retail Dealer

## CHOICE GROCERIES

AND

## PROVISIONS

Corner Third and Market Sts.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

I am now in receipt of a large and well-selected stock of goods

PURCHASED IN

## NEW-YORK & BOSTON

Exclusively for cash,

WHICH I AM OFFERING AT AS

## Low Figures

as any House in the Northwest.

TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. K. PUTNAM, St. Paul, July 1, 1892.

## WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO EXECUTE

upon short notice all kinds of Job Printing, from a memorandum to a Wedding Card, and in a style unsurpassed.

## LAGER BEER SALOON.

TWO CROOKS OF LAGER BEER, For Free Center, Bet. Second and Third Streets, Carver, Minn.

# 1892. SPRING. 1892.

## INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

## DRY GOODS

FOR CASH.

## D. W. INGERSOLL & CO

have just received a large stock of

## DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR SPRING SALES,

CONSISTING OF

## FANCY DRESS

Goods,

OF EVERY VARIETY OF QUALITY!

WILL BE SOLD AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Noted Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25 cents per yard.

Plain Pol de Chevre, Embroidered Pol de Chevre; every variety of Challis; Embroidered and Grey Gingham; Blue, Green, Pink, Barege Lingerie; French, English, and American Mouseline de Laine.

Printed Lingerie in great variety.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

## Ginghams;

ALSO,

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS,

Men's and Boys' Summer Wear; Black and Fancy Cashmere, Sateen, and Summer Cloths.

Also, a very large stock of

HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND EMBROIDERIES, PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, &c.

Also, a large stock of

## Domestic & Foreign Goods

by the piece or package, for the country trade.

## COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their goods of us, and save time and money. We also invite the attention of Ladies to our New Style of Cloaks and Mantles. Our entire stock will be sold for

CASH, at Prices to Defy Competition!

The public are invited to visit our New Store.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO., St. Paul, Minnesota.

## GEORGE L. FARWELL,

## WHOLESALE

## GROCER

keeps constantly on hand

A LARGE AND WELL-SORTED

## STOCK OF GOODS!

and would cordially

## INVITE DEALERS

to call on him at his

## WAREHOUSE;

THIRD STREET,

(NEAR JACKSON)

St. Paul,

Minnesota.

## NORTHWESTERN

Saddle, Harness

AND

## TRUNK MANUFACTORY,

EDGEMONT'S BLOCK,

Next door to the Bank.

## Third Street,

ST. PAUL, Minn.

[32] L. B. LOYE.

## JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE LOW FOR CASH,

200 bbls White Lime 50 bbls Calcined Plaster;

50 bbls Louisville Cement;

50 bbls Portland Cement;

50 bbls New York Cement;

50 bbls Portland Cement and Paper;

25 bbls Portland Cement, 2 1/2 and 3 1/2 cts. per gallon.

Also, Nails, Girders, S and C Channels—large lots.

J. W. SLIP-ON, Lower Levee.

## WALTER W. WEBB

Wholesale Dealer in

## FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

Wines & Liquors.

Sibley Block, Third Street, ST. PAUL MINN.

# COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER, (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.), St. Louis.

(ESTABLISHED 1843.)

## WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, &c.,

Jackson Street, between Levee and Third.

St. Paul, Minn.

TERMS CASH.

In the Department of L QUORAS AND SE ARS our stock will be found large

and complete at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers.

C. L. YALE, JOHN CAMPBELL, JR., W. M. R. MILLER,

YALE & CAMPBELL, and Commission Merchant.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

## LEATHER!

FINDINGS,

Saddlery Hardware,

Corner of Third & St. Peter Streets, ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

## LEATHERS;

FRENCH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN

## CALF AND KIP

Always on Hand.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

## AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.

S. P. & P. F. HOD







C. A. WARNER, Proprietor.

NO. 3.

### A Father's Wailing.

Where is my child? 'Twas but the other morn-  
 ing  
 His upturned face I kissed,  
 Then little thinking that as my returning  
 Those features would be missed.  
 Alone of all my household—he, the nearest!  
 Could cruel Death pass by  
 Only to strike in sport at this my dearest  
 And tenderest tie?

Was't not in Heaven a treasure thus to give me  
Only to be recalled  
When I had learned to prize it? and to leave me  
With my great loss appalled?  
Like some wretch walked to see his dwelling  
burning,  
And hear, from out the blaze,  
His tortured babes implore him, helpless turning,  
With agonised appeal!

My six-years child! Those should be years of  
sadness:  
Therein my wealth took wing—  
And yet one son made them all years of gladness,  
Yea, a perpetual spring.  
How oft, when with my fate engaged in battle,  
My heart has lea ed for joy  
To meet that happy face, to hear the prattl,

Of that dear boy :  
Dead? No! 'Tis not my darling, but another's,  
'Tis scarcely yet a week  
He came and pressed a face—so like his noth-  
er's—  
Fondly against my cheek.  
His pulse was strong, and life and health were  
beaming  
From rosy cheek and eye ;  
— From rosy cheek and eye ;

Through all his veins the crimson tide  
streaming—  
**HE COULD NOT DIE!**  
My love for him was such a fierce emotion  
It almost verged on crime;  
And he returned it with a pure devotion  
And confidence sublime.  
In him was all my earthly future centered;  
We were, in thought, as one;  
—

He could not freely o'er the gun have ventured  
To cross alone.

So kind, so gentle—how could aught befall him!  
Obedient as brave;  
It seems as if I yet might speak, and call him  
Out from his hollow grave.  
Oh, Charlie! Charlie! Why should we be parted!  
This anguish drives me wild!  
Oh, God! in pity for the broken hearted,  
Still let him live!

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**England and Our Grain Crops**

Very many sensible people believe that the recent change of England's attitude toward

this country, was due less to a declining sympathy with the rebels than to sudden consciousness of her dependence upon the North for the bread of life. Cotton was necessary to her capitalists and manufacturers; but wheat was indispensable to feed her clamorous millions, who, when their stomachs are concerned, are not apt to be very scrupulous.

to enter enthusiastically into undeveloped Cabinet schemes of the diplomat, nor upon a plain for any length of time the blatanant speeches of the 'honorable member from Verbosity.' The masses of Great Britain may be misled for a time by their pressmen and by the misrepresentations of such Southern emissaries as Yancey, Shedd, and

What their common sense teaches them we can reduce to an arithmetical certainty by the production of the figures. In the same month commencing on the first

last September. England imported 4,919,344 quarters of wheat and 4,234,456 cwt. of flour; thirty-five per cent. of the wheat and seventy-four per cent. of the flour were obtained from the United States, thus creating an indebtedness of \$40,000,000. In addition to this, England was compelled to purchase of us, within the same period,

fifteen millions' worth of Indian corn. We derive these figures from the official tables of the British Government, so that their correctness may be relied upon. Of course, to cancel this debt, the profits from manufactures required to be largely appropriated. The interruption of the American cotton trade has, undoubtedly, led

the financial ruin of many hundreds of English manufacturers, and the starvation of numbers of operatives. But the energies of the people are directing themselves into new channels; the cotton fields of the East are being explored and operated with success; and Europe is recovering from the shock of our civil war, and from the depression at first entailed with some

To all practical purposes we are as intimately connected with Great Britain to-day, as at the time when the ocean cable linked the two shores together; or, as in the earlier time when the colonies went to speak of a 'mother country.' We have been treated, at odd times, in a

er step motherly way. to be sure, but have never been vindictive towards a relenting antagonist. We gave the Prince of Wales almost a colonial welcome, and he should pay us a second visit to-morrow he would be treated with respect, as a royal representative of a great people, and to us in descent, in language, in habit,

toms, laws, and institutions. In the world of great competition, jealousy has sprung up between us, and heart-burnings, never any vital antipathies. We are brethren in the family of nations—both poor and rich—somewhat by our prosperity—and, I know, spoiled children, must have our 'spats' occasionally, to be followed by a he-

il to But we have not yet done with our gr  
trade statistics. What some very lean  
writers mean, when they speak of the


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The Herald.  
C. A. Warner, - - Editor.



CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

THURSDAY, : : : SEPTEMBER 18, 1862.

Republican Nominations for Congress.

FIRST DISTRICT.

WILLIAM WINDOM.

SECOND DISTRICT.

IGNATIUS DONELLY.

Democrat Nominations for Congress.

FIRST DISTRICT.

A. G. CHATFIELD.

SECOND DISTRICT.

WM. J. CULLEN.

Better News.

We hear that the Commissioners appointed by the Legislature, and who proceeded immediately to the execution of their duties, have returned laden with fruits of perfect success; that the various tribes have signed a treaty and have already commenced to disperse from their rendezvous. This news brings joy to many a timid heart, and well it might. One dark cloud of depression and danger has passed away and we take fresh courage.

Simultaneously with this cheering news we hear of three great battles and brilliant victories fought and gained by our forces in Maryland. The south have never been able to vindicate their chivalry on northern soil. The weather is too cool for them, and the season becoming advanced and our troops reinforced by autumnal breezes and reinforced by the late levies, will soon hurl the invading force from the land.

Political Warfare.

For the past week the patrons of the St. Paul dailies have been entertained with the echoes of an additional species of warfare.

For several weeks past we were by the same papers informed of deadly conflicts and reverses on our right, while on our left hundreds of innocent families have fallen victims to the scalping knife, and while our State is menaced from all points by this savage horde, and the Central Government is trembling in the balance 'twixt life and death, certain would be United States Senators are carrying on a political paper warfare through the channels of our periodicals.

While our houses are yet burning, some of the leading proprietors thereof are not only indulging in recriminations and charges of gross neglect, but are even quarreling for the proprietorship of what may be left after the force of the flames is spent. Better place your Country in a state of safety first, and save your paper campaign for parade day when sham fights will answer every purpose. We have seen the day when such charges and denunciations passing between parties of high official standing would have astonished us, and the open denials and flat contradictions rendered us incredulous, but when we are told what it all means we are not so much astonished as disgusted. Until the meeting of the Legislature no one thought of charging any one with blame regarding our Indian troubles. It was rumored that that body intended to elect a senator before adjournment, to which arrangement certain parties demurred and thus the ball was put in motion. We are in favor of giving all aspirants a fair start, and the one who runs fastest will of course reach the seat first and proceed to take possession. No doubt persons feeling an interest in such election did not expect it to take place at this extra session, neither is it regular; therefore let the Legislature attend to the call of the Governor and adjourn.

The New Legislature.

Owing to the disturbed condition of our frontier the Republican Convention, to have been held at Hutchinson, did not meet. The Chairman of the Committees of the various counties have been conferring by letter and have concluded that each County shall choose its candidate and send in the names to the different Counties.

We have received the name of Willis G. Butler as the candidate for the House from Wright County; also the name of Benjamin G. Lee for McLeod County.

The home of Mr. Lee was two miles from Hutchinson, where he was pleasantly and comfortably located. His house, out-houses, grain stacks, hay and every thing of value was destroyed by the Indians, his family only escaping their wrath. His family have been sojourning in town for several weeks, having taken for the present the house formerly occupied by Stephen Pahud.

We have not yet received the name of the candidate from the north west corner of the district though we have heard that A. C. Smith is the man. Charles A. Warner of Carver County is the acknowledged candidate for the Senate. We hope next week to be able to publish the full ticket.

From Fort Ridgley

Col. Sibley is still sending and receiving letters from Little Crow, the object of which is to obtain possession of the prisoners now in the hands of the Sioux.

Whatever may be said of his cowardice or slowness of movement he is certainly to be commended for making no further demonstrations until every means for the return of prisoners has been tried and exhausted. Some of the hands desire to give up the prisoners and claim our protection.

He has given them several days in which to bring them forward; and if then they are not forthcoming he takes up his line of march.

BIG VICTORY!

SERIES OF BATTLES

REBELS ROUTED!

McCLELLAN IN HOT PURSUIT.

General Reno Killed!

HARPER'S FERRY SURRENDERED!

Colonel Miles killed!

etc., etc., etc.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 14—9:40 a. m.

After a very severe engagement the corps of Gen. Hooker and Gen. Reno have carried the battle commanding the Hagerstown road here storm.

Gen. Franklin has been hotly engaged on the extreme left. The action continued until after dark, and terminated leaving us in possession of the entire west. It has been a glorious victory. I regret to add that the gallant and able Gen. Reno is killed.

I am happy to inform you that General Franklin's success on the left was as complete as that on the center and right, and resulted in his getting possession of the Gap, after a severe engagement in all points on the line. I do not think our loss very severe.

We have taken a considerable number of prisoners.

The enemy disappeared during the night.

Our troops are now advancing in pursuit.

September 15—8 a. m.

I have just learned from Gen. Hooker, in the address, who states that the information is perfectly reliable that the enemy is making for the river in a perfect panic, and Gen. Lee stated last night publicly, that he must admit they were being shockingly whipped.

Information this moment received, completely confirms the route and demoralization of the rebel army.

Gen. Lee is reported wounded, and Gen. Garland killed.

Gen. Hooker alone has over one thousand prisoners, seven hundred having been sent to Frederick.

It is stated that Lee gives his loss at fifteen thousand.

(Signed) GEO. D. McCLELLAN, Major General.

FREDERICK, Sept. 16.

I regret to announce the surrender of Harper's Ferry with all the forces and stores there, to the enemy at 9 o'clock on Monday morning.

The enlisted men and some officers have been paroled and arrived here. From them I gather the following particulars:

The rebels commenced the attack Friday noon on our forces on Maryland Heights. Skirmishing continued throughout the day and was renewed Saturday.

The enemy were driven back with considerable loss and were repulsed, when it was discovered they were preparing in overwhelming force. The order was given to spike guns and throw them down the mountain, while from the heights they returned safely, the guns from Camp Hill shelling the enemy when they attempted to pursue retreating men.

On Sunday morning a party of our men again ascended the heights and brought away their field pieces, which they had left unspiked.

On Sunday, at noon, the rebels appeared in great force on Loudon Heights.

Miles shelled them from point to point. Some of their guns were dislodged, but they still managed to keep up a brisk fire from some of their batteries, while we were run back out of sight and loaded. Cannonading was kept up all day Sunday without doing much damage. The firing ceased at dusk on Sunday evening, and was resumed on Monday morning at daylight, and kept up till nine o'clock, when Miles ordered a white flag to be raised.

There was considerable fog and smoke, and the enemy did not see the flag, or for three quarters of an hour.

Ten minutes after the flag was up, a shell struck Col. Miles, shattering his right leg. It was amputated before the prisoners were paroled.

There were about 2,200 cavalry, all of whom except about 40 escaped about eight o'clock on Sunday night, and cut their way through to Greencastle, with but little loss.

The balance of the troops, numbering from six to 8,000, with General White's command from Martinsburg, were all surrendered.

The following is to the Baltimore American:

Intelligence from the front this morning is of a most cheering character, notwithstanding the bad news from Harper's Ferry.

McClellan was pursuing the enemy with a vigor most destructive of them.

On Monday morning, with his reserves and a large body of fresh troops, the enemy took the road towards the river at Harper's Ferry and at Sheperds-town, and was pursuing them and shelling their

retreat, inflicting great loss.

Howell Cobb is wounded and taken prisoner.

McClellan was pushing on them closely last evening, and had already sent 8,000 prisoners to the rear.

FROM CINCINNATI.

The Union Army Drawn Up in Line of Battle.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 10, 1862.—The news from the front is, and it comes from a reliable source, that Gen. Heath and staff, with 1,000 cavalry and two regiments of infantry are two miles south of Fort Mitchell, and in plain sight of the opening of the woods. The force beyond them is not known. Skirmishing is going on. Our pickets have brought in two of the rebel mounted scouts. The enemy are getting in position. Our army are drawn up in line of battle and are laying on their arms. A fight is expected by daylight.

A flag of truce met Gen. Heath, fifteen miles from the city yesterday afternoon. It covered nurses going to Richmond to take care of our wounded, etc. Heath refused but Kirby Smith passed it.

Our pickets are now in sight of the enemy's pickets about twelve miles from the city.

There is a rumor that the rebels are approaching the river four miles below. Many think there will be a fight before night, and others regard the movement as a feint. Wallace will soon seek a fight if the rebels do not come up.

Early this morning at 3 p. m.—A train of thirty ambulances, with flag of truce, left here yesterday afternoon for the aid of our wounded. At Richmond, twelve miles distant, they were halted by the enemy's pickets. The officer in command, before Gen. Heath, and informed that the train could not pass, and he was not receiving flags of truce at present. An appeal was made to Kirby Smith, and the ambulances were allowed to proceed.

Scouts report the rebels moving in two divisions, numbering about 16,000.

Early this morning a large cavalry force attacked our pickets on Licking River, driving them back a mile. Several were wounded. Our whole force over the river was drawn up in line of battle at noon today. One of our men was killed in a picket skirmish.

I later

CINCINNATI, Sept. 12, 1862.—I telegraphed you last night that General Heath's camp, two miles south of Fort Mitchell, would receive the compliments of our big guns this morning. This was the intention. The camp would have been shelled last night, but for the fact that four ambulances had just passed through under a flag of truce, for Kirby Smith, and General Wallace feared they would be shelled if we opened the night. This morning the rebels were not in sight, and our scouts ascertained that they evacuated hastily during the night. The scouts went out twelve miles, and found the Kentucky cavalry has gone in pursuit. It is estimated that they had 8,000 men, including cavalry and infantry, with thirty pieces of artillery, in our front. Our scouts picked up a good many stragglers from Texas and Louisiana regiments.

It is now supposed that the rebels will make no stand this side of Lexington, and it is even feared that they will retreat rapidly by the same road they came. If they do, their retreat will be intercepted. They have declared to Kirby Smith that they intended to operate on our rear, and are hastening to get out of the bag. In any event, Kentucky will be clear of the rebel army in a short time. By tomorrow there will probably be no enemy in force within sixteen miles of Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16.—The enemy advanced yesterday and drove our pickets two and a half miles this side of Florence, and seem disposed to occupy their old camping ground in sight of our lines.

BUELL'S ARMY HASTENING TO NASHVILLE.

The City to be Defended at all Hazards.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 11.

The whole of Buell's army is hastening to the support of this city, which is being menaced by Bragg, who is now our rear guard at a respectable distance.

The city is being fortified. General Thomas will be placed in command, with orders to defend the city at all hazards. Before this reaches you the fate of Nashville doubtless will have been decided.

An advance, composed of the 7th Pa., 24th, and 1st Wisconsin, and 17th Kentucky, accompanied by two batteries, left here to render their respects to Kirby Smith's rear. 15,000 men, under Buell, will leave to-night, for the same destination.

Eight thousand men, from the army of Rosecrans, under command of Jeff. C. Davis, arrived here to-day for the purpose of reinforcing Buell.

Mayor Polk is in town to-day.

A refugee from Columbia, states that Capital Hill is being fortified. Bragg will not catch us napping. Secessionists are very bold—Unionists trustful and undaunted.

Colonization in Central America.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.

Government to-day completed arrangements for the settlement of free colored persons in Central America, the precise place depending upon circumstances.

Senator Pomeroy, who will conduct the expedition, has full power in the premises. He will start early in October with 5,000 emigrants, nearly all of them provided with implements of husbandry, and every necessary for comfort and industry.

Four thousand of the most desirable colored persons have already informed Mr. Pomeroy of their desire to avail themselves of the President's colonization scheme.

Gen. Schenck Nominated For Congress

DAYTON, Sept. 9.—At the Union convention of the third congressional district, held at Middletown to-day, Gen. R. C. Schenck was nominated by acclamation. His opponent is Hon. O. L. Vallandigham.

Gen. Buell's Army.

We learn from good authority that Gen. Buell has fallen back with his army to Nashville, and that he has been joined at that point by Gen. Rosecrans' column of Gen. Grant's army, from Iuka—the two armies being large enough to pulverize Bragg and capture Kirby Smith, if properly handled. Fighting may be expected in that quarter very soon.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE—EXTRA SESSION.

Senate.

BILLS INTRODUCED.—By Mr. Cleveland: A bill for an act to organize two companies of volunteer militia in the county of Brown, and to provide for their pay and subsistence.

By Mr. Miller, from the Standing Committee to whom was referred that portion of the Governor's message relating to Indian Affairs, a bill for an act for the relief of the sufferers of the Sioux War. Read a second time by its title.

By Mr. Smith: A bill for an act to protect persons engaged in military service from ex parte proceedings, judgments and proceedings. Read a second time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. Dane: A bill for an act to organize four companies of volunteer militia in the Blue Earth, one in Le Sueur, one in Faribault and one in Nicollet counties.

By Mr. Daniels: A bill for an act to continue the salaries of officers volunteering in the service of the United States. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Bennett: A bill for an act to amend an act entitled an act for Homestead exemption, passed October, 1861. Read a first and second time.

By Mr. Swift: A bill for an act to amend an act to authorize the County Commissioners of Nicollet county to issue bonds for certain purposes, passed February 1, 1862. Read a first and second time.

House bill No. 11, to amend an act entitled an act to provide for county organizations and the government of the same.

House bill No. 17: A bill to legalize the acts and proceedings of the Board of Equalization in the county of Sibley.

House bill No. 8: A memorial to Caleb B. Smith, Secretary of the Interior, to use the annuities of the Sioux Indians to indemnify those who lost by the recent Indian raid.

House bill No. 4, a memorial to the President and Secretary of the Interior.

House bill No. 3, a memorial to the President of the United States and to the Secretary of the Interior.

House bill No. 7, a bill for an act to authorize the Governor to cause to be established in exposed situations, military defenses and places of refuge, and providing the means thereof.

House bill No. 13, a bill for an act to legalize the action of the Board of County Commissioners of Dakota county, in issuing bonds for the payment of bounties to volunteers, and provided for the levy of taxes to meet the interest and principal on the same.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 17.—The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Rhinellafer.

By Mr. Miller: A bill for an act to amend an act for the consolidation of the town of Chatfield, for school purposes. On motion of Mr. Miller, the rules were suspended, and the bill was read a second and third time and passed.

By Mr. Heaton: A bill for an act to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act to regulate Insurance companies not incorporated by the State of Minnesota, approved Feb. 6, 1860. Read a second and third time and passed.

BILLS PASSED.

A bill to organize two companies of volunteer militia in the county of Brown, and to provide for their pay and subsistence.

House memorial to the President of the United States in relation to compensation for losses sustained from Indian depredations.

Senate bill for an act to amend an act to regulate elections in this State.

HOUSE.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

The following message was received from the Governor by the hands of R. F. Fisk, Esq., Private Secretary:

Hon. Jared Benson, Speaker of the House of Rep.

Sir: I have the honor herewith to transmit a communication just received from Commissioner Dole, representing the critical state of affairs with the Chippewa Indians, and demanding additional force.

The important interests that seem to be in peril, and the necessity of prompt action, induces me to ask the consent and advice of the Legislature in this emergency.

But five hundred men remain at our disposal, and of these but three hundred can be supplied with effective arms.

At my urgent request five hundred stand of arms have been forwarded me by the Governor of Illinois and Wisconsin. They have but just arrived, and have not been examined; but as I have been informed by the Governor of Illinois, many of them are very inferior.

If this, our entire militia force at present employed, is dispatched to Fort Ripley, a large portion of our Southwestern frontier, represented to be in imminent danger, will be suffered to remain without adequate protection.

In view of the difficulty in procuring transportation, arising from the fact that nearly every available team has already been impressed into the service, it will be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to reach the fort in less than five days.

In view of the many difficulties which surround us, I desire your co-operation in the adoption of such measures as will most effectually secure the preservation of peace.

Respectfully, ALEX. RAMSEY.

Letter of Commissioner Dole.

FORT RIPLEY, Sept. 11, 1862.

To his Excellency the Governor of Minnesota:

DEAR SIR—I have now been here twelve days, endeavoring to effect an amicable ar-

range of the troubles with the Chippewa Indians, but regret to say that at the time of writing this I am doing so.

When I arrived, Hole-in-the-Day and a considerable number of his band were encamped at Gull Lake, some thirty miles north of this place. I have sent him repeated messages to come and meet me in council, and had the invitation borne to him by different messengers. For ten days he delayed, evaded and refused. During this time he was busy gathering and arming his men and warriors, and moved his camp from Gull Lake to within two miles from Crow Wing. Instead of bringing head men, as had been agreed, he brought near three hundred all armed, some with guns, others with bows, hatchets, clubs and knives. One hundred of them advanced to meet us in front; eighty concealed themselves made a circuit through the woods, and at a signal from the front, suddenly appeared upon us, where they detained and took two white settlers prisoners, and held them until I ordered their release.

In the council Hole-in-the-Day was bold and impudent, and no result was reached by the conference. It is to be renewed this morning, but I fear a collision will take place. I have sent Captain Bart's company to the Agency, and stationed Captain Libby's company at Crow Wing. I take another company with me to-day to attend the council, and to prevent another such trick as occurred yesterday.

I request that you send immediately to this place at least three hundred additional troops. I regard the danger of an outbreak as being imminent.

The Indians, in addition to their depredations at Leech Lake, Rabbit Lake, and at Otter Tail City, are almost daily entering houses and shooting cattle in this region.

The force that I ask for is needed to protect this Fort, the Agency and its property, and the frontier settlements.

Yours in haste, WM. P. DOLE.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Mr. Wiswell, from the joint committee to whom was referred the special message of the Governor and the communication of Commissioner Dole, reported by con-

current resolution, as follows, which was immediately passed:

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that David Cooper, Henry M. Rice, Frederick Ayers, E. A. C. Hatch, be and the same are hereby appointed Commissioners to repair forthwith to Fort Ripley, or to such other place as may be most convenient for that purpose, and then to act for and on behalf of the State, and in conjunction with the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in any negotiations with the Chippewa Indians, which may, to them, seem best calculated to preserve the peace and prevent an outbreak of the Indians on our Northern frontier. And the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to make such representations, and to give such assurances to said Indians, and, generally, to adopt such measures on behalf of this State, as to them may seem best calculated to secure the object, and.

Resolved, Further, then, that His Excellency the Governor, if consistent, with the public business is hereby requested to accompany the said Commissioners and co-operate with them in this behalf.

Resolved, that the Governor be requested to send, in his discretion, as to the number and the places to which they should be sent, such troops as may be necessary for the protection of our people, and the prevention of any further outbreak having due regard to the several exposed portions of our frontier.

By Mr. Wiswell: A bill to amend section 85 of chapter 61 of the Public Statutes, and to levy upon real estate by execution. Referred to Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a memorial to the President of the United States, asking an investigation in certain alleged frauds upon the Winnebago Indians. Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. Severance: A bill to legalize the acts and proceedings of the Board of Equalization in the county of Sibley. The bill had its several readings and was passed.

Senate bill to postpone the general election on November. Referred to the Committee on Election.

By Mr. Bostwick: A bill for the relief of volunteer soldiers of this State. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. Porter: A memorial to Congress to repair the Government bridge across the Blue Earth river, on the Mendota and Big Sioux Road. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Bostwick: A bill to authorize the Governor of this State to procure passes for soldiers to return from the army. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Senate bill to amend an act for a homestead exemption. Referred to Committee on the Judiciary.

Senate bill to amend the act to regulate Insurance companies incorporated in the State of Minnesota. Referred to Committee on Incorporations.

Senate bill to amend the act to authorize the County Commissioners of Nicollet county to issue bonds for certain purposes. The rules were suspended and the bill was read a third time and passed.

By Mr. Cornell: A bill to amend section one of chapter 84, of the compiled statutes, relative to witnesses. Rules suspended, and the bill had its several readings and passed.

By Mr. Norton: A bill to provide for the service of civil and criminal process and the collection of taxes in unorganized counties. Referred to Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. Post: A bill to amend the act relating to County Commissioners, allowing them to sit fifteen days at their regular sessions. Rules suspended and the bill passed.

By Mr. Bostwick: A bill to exempt the property of Minnesota volunteers in the military service of the United States from levy or sale. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

By Mr. Rogers: A bill to provide for the borrowing of money to defend the frontier of the State, and to suppress the Indian revolt. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Senate bill to organize two companies of volunteer militia in the county of Brown, and to provide for their pay and subsistence.

BILLS PASSED.—Senate bill to amend the act consolidating the village of Chatfield in Fillmore and Olmstead counties, for school purposes.

The House passed some time in committee on various bills, and took a recess till half past two.

Senate bill to organize two companies of volunteer militia in the county of Brown, and to provide for their pay and subsistence.

To legalize the action of county commissioners in appropriating money for bounties to volunteers and for the support of volunteers, and to provide for the levy of taxes to pay county and town bounties.

Mr. Thatcher introduced a bill to amend the act to provide for a township organization.

A memorial in relation to compensation for losses by Indian depredations.

A memorial to the Secretary of the Interior to use the annuities of the Sioux to indemnify the sufferers from losses in consequence of Indian depredations.

To amend the act providing for county organization and government.

A bill to legalize the action of the board of commissioners of Dakota county, in issuing bonds for the payment of bounties to volunteers, and to provide for the levy of taxes to meet the interest and principal of the same. Ayes 26.

A memorial to Congress protesting against expending any more money upon the Winnebago Reservation, with a view to their permanent location there.

A memorial to Congress for the removal of the Winnebago Indians.

A bill to authorize the Governor to cause to be established in exposed situations, military defenses and places of refuge, and providing the means thereof.—Ayes 24.

A bill to provide for the borrowing of \$150,000 to defend the frontier of the State, and to defray the expenses growing out of the Indian war.

A bill to appropriate \$15,000 for the relief of refugees driven from their homes on the frontier by the Indians.

Senate bill to change the time for holding the general elections in this State.

Senate bill for an act entitled an act to amend an act for homestead exemption.

Senate bill for an act to amend an act entitled an act authorizing the County Commissioners of Nicollet county to issue bonds for certain purposes, passed Feb. 3d, 1862.

AT WARNER'S BLOCK.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, NAILS.

GLASS, HATS, CAPS & READY MADE CLOTHING.

For Warding & Commission Merchant.

(GIVE HIM A CALL.)

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of a resolution passed by the County Commissioners of Carver County at their annual meeting, September 2nd, 1862,



## Local Items.



THE "LOCAL" ON A BOAT.

**OUR AGENTS.**  
We have constituted the following agents for the subscription, who are empowered to receive subscriptions and advertisements, and receipt for the same when payment is made to them:  
F. W. DEAN, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
J. W. BATES, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
R. M. KENNEDY, YOUNG AMERICA.  
J. LEWIS, SAINT PAUL.

## STEAMBOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The Steamer Antelope continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point for the morning, and returning in the evening.  
The Clara Hise, also continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point every evening, and returning at three o'clock in the afternoon.  
The Albany and Ariel still make semi-weekly trips from St. Paul to St. Peter.

We learn that James Delmonico, Esq., of this Village has been appointed Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue under the late Excise Act. His duties are confined to the Counties of Carver, McLeod, Kanabota and Lincoln, and he will proceed to his duties at once. His respects will mostly be paid to Hotel-keepers, Merchants, Distillers, Liquor-dealers, wholesale and retail. Lawyers, Doctors, Butchers, and to certain officials whose salaries are so large that to relieve them of a certain percentage would not discommodate them much. Application must be made to him for license to operate in the foregoing avocations, which applications he files with the collector, who upon payment of a certain sum grants the license. We hope to see the citizens respond cheerfully to this call of the Government for pecuniary aid.

**Personal.**—Mr. A. C. Smith of Forest City called upon us to day and produced the original minutes of the Republican Convention, which met at that place and nominated him for the Legislature. The document seems all right and is signed by the leading Republicans of that vicinity. Mr. Smith tho' formerly a Douglas Democrat is a thorough administration man. His name fills the ticket for this District.

**The Weather.**—The season from the first of August up to the present time has been exceedingly wet. Produce for this reason moves slowly. But little threshing has been done, and the roads are in such a condition, that what little is ready for market comes in very slowly. The late rains have caused a slight rise in the river which in the present low stage of water is quite desirable.

**Personal.**—J. L. MacDonald, of the Shakopee Argus, says in his last issue that the junior editor of his paper "became smitten with the moving fever and, upon the spur of the moment, retired from the concern, and moved from that place."

I would inform the gentleman (as I am the junior above mentioned) that I neither became "smitten," nor "retired on the spur of the moment." My leaving the institution was on account of reasons that should have been known to him, provided he is not a confirmed num-skull, which was, because I became exceedingly weary in hauling the cart alone, with such a weighty and entirely superfluous load as the "senior" finally proved to be. A vehicle with two wheels, can't successfully run upon one, Mac, and that's just "what is the matter." Yours, &c.,  
M. C. RUSSELL.

The young State of Minnesota will have 12,000 men in the field. The Governor has called the Legislature together for the purpose of providing for the defense of the State against the Indians, and to pass the necessary law authorizing the citizen soldiers to cast their ballots against the enemy in the rear, as well as to cast ballots at the enemy in front.—Chicago Tribune.

The Tribune is in error. The Legislature of this State was convened, as the Tribune and our people suppose, to provide for the safety of our endangered citizens and to authorize our volunteers to vote. Instead of this, later developments prove it to be a characteristic trick of Gov. Ramsey to win the hearts of the United States Senate—thus disfranchising the soldiers instead of allowing them to vote.  
As the Legislature is not composed of men who can be bribed into the support of such a fraud by military commissions, the Governor's chances of success are not brilliant.—State Atlas.

## Proceedings of the Board of Co. Supervisors.

The Board of County Supervisors met at the office of the County Auditor on Tuesday the 2nd inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., all the members being present. The Board was called to order by the chairman, and proceeded with the Auditor (after taking the necessary oath) to equalize the assessment of real estate for the current year.  
A resolution was passed reducing the assessment of the Township of Camden 20 per cent.  
A resolution was passed appointing the following school examiners for the various commissioner districts of Carver County, Dist. No. 1, E. Bray; Dist. No. 2, W. B.

Griswold; Dist. No. 3, Ernst Heyd; Dist. No. 4, E. F. Hamlin; Dist. No. 5, P. Thomas.

A resolution was also passed abating the assessed value of lots 1, 2, in sec. 22, T. 114, range 24, to \$250.00. Board then adjourned until 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning. Wednesday, September 3d, 9 o'clock A. M., Board met pursuant to adjournment when various resolutions were passed making slight alterations in the Rolls on property wrongfully assessed.—(Certain bills for stationery, postage-stamps &c., for the officers, were there presented and allowed.)

A resolution was adopted that five mills on the dollar be levied on the taxable property in this county, for the current expenses of the county for the ensuing year; also, 1½ mills to be paid in cash as a special fund to pay interest on County Bonds, and any extraordinary expense; also two mills on the dollar for school purposes, and four mills for State purposes; also 2 per cent. to be levied as a "Special Volunteer Fund, the same to be paid in cash for the purpose of redeeming the orders issued by the county as bounty to volunteers, and for the monthly support of their families. A resolution was then passed instructing the Auditor to notify all Justices of the Peace in Carver County to pay over into the Treasury all fines received by them within the time specified by law; and that this resolution be published in the "Valley Herald" for three successive weeks. The Board then adjourned to the 1st Tuesday in December.

CHASKA MARKET.		
Flour	\$5.00 @	5.50
Wheat	65	68
Corn	30	35
Oats	35	40
Barley		35
Kv		
Beans	1 00	1 10
Potatoes		25
Salt		2 40
Butter	7	10
Eggs	7	10
Cranberries		1 00
Hides, dry	10	12
Do., green	4	5

## Henry Young's

CHEAP CASH STORE.

CHASKA.....MINNESOTA.

HAVING now on hand and for sale a large and choice stock of goods—consisting in part of

**DRY GOODS,**  
**Groceries & Provisions,**  
Crockery, and Stoneware, Iron, Nails, Glass, and Tin-ware.

**HARDWARE**  
**Boots and Shoes,**  
**Hats, Caps etc.**

All of which he will sell at the lowest living price, either for cash, or in exchange for country produce, for which he will always pay the highest market price.

Cash paid for Wheat.

Onsley, Sept. 18, 1892. vl n3

## FORECLOSURE SALE.

District Court, 4th Dist., Carver County.

Henry Buckenfeldt, against John H. Loy, Henry Watzig, Ezekiel Ellsworth.

Amount \$916.50 with interest.

Pursuant to a decree of the court made in the above entitled action of date the 23rd day of August, 1892, and to me delivered the undersigned Sheriff of the County of Carver, appointed to make the sale of the premises in said decree named, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Friday the 31st day of October A. D. 1892, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the Sheriff's Office in Chaska in said County, the said premises to wit:

The West half of the North-east quarter of Section 18 (S) in Township One hundred and fifteen (115) of Range number twenty-three (23) west, and Black number fifty-five (55) of the Town of Chaska, according to the recorded plot thereof.

Dated September 8th, 1892.

FREDERICK GREINER, Sheriff of Carver County.

D. L. HOW, SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, Medicines, Oils, Glass, Paints, Varnishes, Brushes,

Plastering Hair Fancy Goods &c., &c.

KEROSENE OIL

That will not explode, for 60 cents a gallon.

KEROSENE LAMPS,

from 50 cents to one dollar—Chimneys 10 cents each.

Shakopee, Dec. 12th, 1891. 13-ly

AMERICAN HOUSE,

Shakopee, - - - - - Minnesota.

SHERARD & PERSHALL, Proprietors.

General Stage and Northwestern Express Office.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO EXECUTE upon short notice all kinds of Job Printing, from a mammoth Poster to a Wedding card, and in a style unsurpassed.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF CARVER. In District Court, 4th Judicial District.

Richard S. Sinclair, against Eliza H. Sinclair. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to Eliza H. Sinclair Defendant herein: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which said complaint is on file in the Office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers at their office in Chaska of said county and state within thirty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of said service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. The above named defendant is hereby further notified that at the expiration of the time for the publication of the above summons, depositions will be taken in support of the Plaintiff's complaint.

Dated Chaska, August 14th, A. D. 1892.

SARGENT & SHAW, Plaintiff's Atty's.

DENBERG'S STEAM BREWERY.

Charles Bester, AGENT.

Lager Beer.

The subscriber has always on hand a large supply of this superior beer, which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

FOR CASH.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

Steam Brewery.

vl n40 Charles Bester, Agent.

WM. JUDD, AMBROTYPE and Silversmith.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Carver and vicinity that he has taken rooms for a few days at the Bester House where he is prepared to take Ambrotypes, Melanotypes, and Transparencies, in the latest and most approved styles. Having had over ten years' experience in the business, and being in possession of all the recent improvement, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction.  
Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry, neatly repaired and warranted.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

ORANGES & LEMONS

Bird Cages and Willow Ware

CONFECTIONARIES,

Toys and Fancy Goods of Every Description.

Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

NOW READY,

Parson Brownlow's

Wonderful Book.

One volume, containing upwards of 450 pages, 12 superior engravings, an excellent steel portrait, etc. Beautifully printed on fine, white paper, and handsomely bound in maroon. Price—\$1.25.

Sent free, by return Mail, on Receipt of Price.

Agents Wanted in every city, town, village and country to sell this thrilling and remarkable work.

Address, GEORGE W. CHILDS, Publisher, 629 and 630 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, ARIZONA & CO., Cincinnati.

Publishers for the West.

STEAM FURNITURE WORKS

THE SUBSCRIBER, having just introduced steam power into his factory, is now prepared to manufacture, upon short notice, and in a style unsurpassed west of St. Paul, all descriptions of furniture, including

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, TABLES,

BUREAUS, STANDS, LIBRARIES,

SECRETARIES, &c., &c.

Those in want of Furniture are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Young America, Nov. 20, 1891. n10-1f

S. K. PUTNAM,

Wholesale & Retail Dealer

—IN—

CHOICE GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS

Corner Third and Market St's,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

I am now in receipt of a large and well-selected stock of goods

PURCHASED IN

NEW-YORK & BOSTON

Exclusively for cash,

WHICH I AM OFFERING AT AS

Low Figures

as any House in the Northwest.

TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. K. PUTNAM,

St. Paul, July 1, 1892.

WALTER W. WEBB

Wholesale Dealer in

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

Wines & Liquors.

Sibley Block, Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

DRY GOODS

FOR CASH.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

have just received a large stock of

DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR SPRING SALES,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS

Goods,

OF EVERY VARIETY OF QUALITY!

WILL BE SOLD AT PRICES TO SUIT

THE TIMES.

Mottled Morella Cloths, from 10 to 25 cents per yard.

Plain Pail de Cheveres, Embroidered Pail de Cheveres, and Grey Girdles; Blue, Green, Pink, Beige, Lexonia; French, English, and American Mousselines de Laines. Printed Lawns in great variety.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Ginghams;

ALSO,

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS,

Men's and Boys' Summer Wear; Black and Fancy Cassimere, Satinets, and Summer Cloths.

Also, a very large stock of

HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN-UMBRELLAS, &c.

Also, a large stock of

Domestic & Foreign Goods

by the piece or package, for the country trade.

COUNTRY MERCHANT

Can purchase their goods of us, and save time and money. We also invite the attention of the Ladies to our New Styles of Cloaks and Mantillas. Our entire stock will be sold for

CASH, at Prices to Defy Competition!

The public are invited to visit our New Store.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

St. Paul, Minnesota.

GEORGE L. FARWELL,

WHOLESALE

GROCER

keeps constantly on hand

A LARGE AND WELL-SORTED

STOCK OF GOODS!

and would cordially

INVITE DEALERS

to call on him at his

WAREHOUSE;

THIRD STREET,

(NEAR JACKSON.)

St. Paul,

Minnesota.

NORTHWESTERN

Saddle, Harness

AND

TRUNK MANUFACTORY,

EDGERTON'S BLOCK,

Next door to the Bank.

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, Minn.

L. B. LOYE.

LIGHTNING RODS.

Preserve Your Property

The subscriber is canvassing this county for the purpose of putting up

Lightning Rods.

He is prepared with a large lot of excellent, Fluted Iron Rods.

These rods are highly recommended by

Prof. Siliman

and used exclusively by the Ill. Central Railroad

Upon All Their Buildings.

Rod put up in the most substantial manner, and as cheaply as by any other party.

THOMAS HANKINSON.

Carver, July 23, 1892.

PIONEER PLOWS, manufactured at Belle

COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER, (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.), St. Louis.

(ESTABLISHED 1843.)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, &c.,

Jackson Street, between Levee and Third.

TERMS CASH.

St. Paul, Minn.

In the Department of LIQUORS AND SEGARS our stock will be found large and complete at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers.

C. L. YALE, JOHN CAMPBELL, JR., WM. R. MILLER,

YALE & CAMPBELL, AUCTION

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

LEATHER!

Third Street, Between Jackson and Robert, ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Money advanced on consignment.

FAIRCHILD & PEASE

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Merchants;

St. Paul, Minn.,

HAVE two large Rooms in the FIRE-PROOF Block, next the Bridge, where they receive all kinds of Goods and Ware.

FOR PRIVATE SALE OR AT AUCTION.

Merchants' stocks, household goods, and consignments, of every character, solicited from the Minnesota Valley. They refer to any of the bankers or merchants of St. Paul. [37]

R. & J. M. WARNER,

AUCTION

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Third and Wabasha Bridge Square, ST. PAUL, MINN.

We have constantly on hand a good stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, &c., which we will sell from 10 to 40 per cent. under the market. [37]

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,

DEALERS IN FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.















## Local Items.



THE "LOCAL" ON A TRIP.

### OUR AGENTS.

We have constituted the following agents for the Taxpayers, who are empowered to receive subscriptions and advertisements, and receipt for the same when payment is made to them:

F. E. DEAN, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
J. W. BATES, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
R. M. KENNEDY, YOUNG AMERICA.  
J. LEWIS, SAINT PAUL.

### STEAMBOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The Steamer Antelope continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point in the morning, and returning in the evening.

The Clara Hite, also continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point every evening, and returning at three o'clock in the afternoon.

The Albany and Ariel still make semi-weekly trips from St. Paul to St. Peter.

20,000 Bushels of wheat wanted at Warner's. Cash will be paid.

10,000 Bushels of Oats wanted at Warner's. Very highest price paid.

GRAIN and Produce of all kinds are taken as fast as delivered, at Warner's.

FROM THE FRONTIER.—James Delamater esq., of this place has just returned from a trip to Hutchinson, which place he left Friday morning. He reports that considerable excitement prevails yet at Hutchinson. The night before he left, Indians were seen in the immediate vicinity, and during the night signal lights were displayed by them from the hill above the town, and some cattle were driven away. An Indian approached one of the pickets who discharged his gun at him; the Indian disappeared and nothing more was seen of them during the night. Capt. Strout and his men are continually on the alert for the "red skins," and will give a good account of themselves if attacked. Mr. D. saw the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. White and their son who were murdered last week about nine miles South-west of Glencoe. They were brutally murdered, Mr. White's head being severed from his body; they were buried at Glencoe. Capt. Baxter sent out Lieut. Weinmann, with some thirty men to search for the body of Miss White, who was supposed to have been killed at the same time. Nearly all of the settlers back of the Big Woods have left, and unless Gen. Pope does something to re-assure the people, the country West of here will be entirely deserted in a few weeks more.—Chaska and Carver are already filled with refugees from the country back of us; many of them in almost a destitute condition. Every house and shanty in town is filled to overflowing. One house in town contains eight families, and others are similarly crowded. Unless something is done to relieve them there will be a great deal of suffering in this part of the State this winter.

C. A. WARNER, esq., will please accept the thanks of the "Local" for a treat of Peaches and Catawba Grapes, a supply of which he brought with him from Chicago. They were decidedly the very largest and finest fruit of the kind we have yet seen; of course, however, nothing short of 'A' No. 1 suits him, and he keeps an eye to that motto, invariably, in all his purchases of goods.

WARNER has just received an endless quantity of fall and winter hats and caps, of the latest style. We have examined his stock, and pronounce his elegant fur caps just what is needed for the coming winter in Minnesota. So, 'be sharp' for once in your life, and don't let this chance slip to the sore discomfort of your ears the coming winter.

We call the attention of those suffering loss from the late Indian depredations to the advertisement elsewhere, of Smith and Gilman of St. Paul. We know them to be gentlemen of reliability and dispatch and recommend all who are interested in having their claims adjusted to call and see them.

Col. Stevens, of the Glencoe Register, will accept our thanks for interesting public documents received from him during the extra session of the Legislature.

Proceedings of the Board of Co Supervisors.

The Board of County Supervisors met at the office of the County Auditor on Tuesday the 2nd inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., all the members being present. The Board was called to order by the chairman, and proceeded with the Auditor (after taking the necessary oath) to equalize the assessment of real estate for the current year.

A resolution was passed reducing the assessment of the Township of Camden 20 per cent.

A resolution was passed appointing the following school examiners for the various commissioner districts of Carver County: Dist. No. 1, E. Bray; Dist. No. 2, W. B. Griswold; Dist. No. 3, Ernest Lloyd; Dist. No. 4, E. F. Hamlin; Dist. No. 5, P. Thomas.

A resolution was also passed abating the

assessed value of lots 1, 2, in sec. 22, T'n 114, range 24, to \$250.00. Board then adjourned until 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning. Wednesday, September 3d, 9 o'clock a. m., Board met pursuant to adjournment when various resolutions were passed making slight alterations in the Rolls on property wrongfully assessed.—Certain bills for stationery, postage-stamps &c., for the officers, were then presented and allowed.

A resolution was adopted that five mills on the dollar be levied on the taxable property in this county, for the current expenses of the county for the ensuing year; also, 1½ mills to be paid in cash as a special fund to pay interest on County Bonds, and any extraordinary expense; also two mills on the dollar for school purposes, and four mills for State purposes; also 2 per cent. to be levied as a "Special Volunteer Fund, the same to be paid in cash for the purpose of redeeming the orders issued by the county as bounty to volunteers, and for the monthly support of their families. A resolution was then passed instructing the Auditor to notify all justices of the Peace in Carver County to pay over into the Treasury all fines received by them within the time specified by law; also that this resolution be published in the "VALLEY HERALD" for three successive weeks. The Board then adjourned to the 1st Tuesday in December.

Capt. R. H. CHITTENDEN, of the First Wisconsin Cavalry, has been authorized to raise a company of "Mounted Sioux Hunters" in this and adjoining counties. He is a first-class cavalry officer, having been an officer in the army since the outbreak of the rebellion. This affords an opportunity unequalled for those desiring to go against our merciless enemies to operate under a man that understands his business. We wish him success. He can be found at the Basler House, Carver.

**NOTICE.**  
The copartnership heretofore existing between Sargent & Griswold Attys at Law is by mutual consent dissolved. J. A. Sargent removes his office to his residence nearly opposite the old office, and W. B. Griswold to C. A. Warner's Block second story, where they respectively will be happy to attend to any business entrusted to their care. Debtors are respectfully invited to call soon and settle; delays are dangerous.

**DIED.**  
August 14th, Edmund son of Edmund and Clara Walton, of Carver, Minn., aged 2 years and 1 month. Portland (Maine) papers please copy.

### New Advertisements

**Wanted!**  
100 Bbls Cranberries, for which the highest market price will be paid. C. A. WARNER.

**Wanted!**  
Four Yoke of good Working Oxen for which a fair price will be paid. C. A. WARNER.

**Land for Sale.**  
275 acres of good Farming Land situated within eight miles of the Minnesota River, on the south arm of Minnesota Lake four miles from Excelsior; said land will be sold in parcels or together; time will be given on a part of the purchase money if desired. For particulars call on or address  
CHAS. A. WARNER.  
Chaska, Minn., Oct. 1st, 1862.

### SIoux DEPREdATIONS.

**Indemnity can be had!**  
Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Indian outbreak with the view of adjusting the same; and the undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time. Persons having such claims will find it to their advantage to place the same in our charge for adjustment.  
St. Paul, Sept. 20, 1862.  
SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys.

**DRY-GOODS AND GROCERIES,**  
CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,  
HARDWARE, NAILS AND GLASS.  
FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AGENTS FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER PACKERS.  
CORNER FIRST AND BROADWAY, CARVER, MINN.

**HOLMES & BRO.,**  
DEALERS IN

**DRY-GOODS AND GROCERIES,**  
CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,  
HARDWARE, NAILS AND GLASS.

**FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
AGENTS FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER PACKERS.  
CORNER FIRST AND BROADWAY, CARVER, MINN.

**D. L. HOW,**  
SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA.

**DEALER IN**  
DRUGS, Medicines, Oils, Glass, Paints, Varnishes, Brushes,  
**Plastering Hair Fancy Goods**  
&c., &c.

**KEROSENE OIL**  
That will not explode, for 60 cents a gallon.  
**KEROSENE LAMPS,**  
from 50 cents to one dollar.—Chimneys 10 cents each.  
Shakopee, Dec. 12th, 1861. 18-17

## Henry Young's

CHEAP CASH STORE.

HAVING now on hand and for sale a large and choice stock of goods—consisting in part of

**DRY GOODS,**  
**Groceries & Provisions,**

Crockery, and Stoneware, Iron, Nails, Glass, and Tin-ware.

**HARDWARE**

**Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps etc.**

All of which he will sell at the lowest living profit, either for cash, or in exchange for country produce, for which he will always pay the highest market price.

**Cash paid for Wheat.**  
Chaska, Sept. 18, 1862. v1 n3

**M. N. KELLOGG,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

**ORANGES & LEMONS**

**Bird Cages and Willow Ware CONFECTIONARIES,**

Toys and Fancy Goods of Every Description.  
Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

**NOW READY,**

**Parson Brownlow's**

**Wonderful Book.**

One volume, containing upwards of 450 pages, 12 superior engravings, an excellent steel portrait, etc. Beautifully printed on fine, white paper, and handsomely bound in muslin. Price—\$1.25.

Sent free, by return Mail, on Receipt of Price.

Agents Wanted in every city, town, village and country to sell this thrilling and remarkable work.

Address, GEORGE W. CURTIS, Publisher, 628 and 630 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, ARTHUR & CO., Cincinnati, Publishers for the West.

## STEAM FURNITURE WORKS

THE SUBSCRIBER, having just introduced steam power into his Factory, is now prepared to manufacture, upon short notice, and in a style unsurpassed west of St. Paul, all descriptions of furniture, including

**BEDSTEADS,**

**CHAIRS,**

**TABLES,**

**STANDS,**

**BUREAUS,**

**LIBRARIES,**

**SECRETARIES,**

&c., &c.

Those in want of Furniture are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Young America, Nov. 20, 1861. n10-11

**S. K. PUTNAM,**

**Wholesale & Retail Dealer**

—IN—

**CHOICE GROCERIES**

AND

**PROVISIONS**

Corner Third and Market St's,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

I am now in receipt of a large and well-selected stock of goods

PURCHASED IN

**NEW-YORK & BOSTON**

Exclusively for cash,

WHICH I AM OFFERING AT AS

**Low Figures**

as any House in the Northwest.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

**S. K. PUTNAM,**

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

**WALTER W. WEBB**

Wholesale Dealer in

**FOREIGN & DOMESTIC**

**Wines & Liquors,**

**Sibley Block, Third Street,**

**ST. PAUL MINN.**

**NOTICE.**  
In pursuance of a resolution passed by the County Commissioners of Carver County at their annual meeting, September 2d, 1862, the Justices of the Peace in the County of Carver, are hereby notified to pay into the County Treasury all moneys received by them as fees within the time specified by law.  
Chaska, September 11th, 1862.  
GEORGE BENNETT,  
Audr. Carver County.  
[n2 3w]

**PIONEER PLOWS,** manufactured at Belle Plaine, by Wells & Smith,

## 1862. SPRING. 1862.

**INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.**

**DRY GOODS**

FOR CASH.

**D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.**

have just received a large stock of

**DRY GOODS**

SUITABLE FOR SPRING SALES,

CONSISTING OF

**FANCY DRESS**

**Goods,**

OF EVERY VARIETY OF QUALITY!

WILL BE SOLD AT PRICES TO SUIT

THE TIMES.

Mottled Morella Cloths, from 10 to 25 cents per yard.

Plaid Pail de Chere, Embroidered Pail de Chere; every variety of Challies; Embroidered and grey Gossamers; Blue, Green, Pink Barege Lexafina; French, English, and American Mousseline de Laines. Printed Lawns in great variety.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

**Ginghams;**

Also,

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS,

Men's and Boys' Summer Wear; Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Sattinets, and Summer Cloths.

Also, a very large stock of

HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND EMBROIDERIES, PARASOLS, SUN-UMBRELLAS, &c.

Also, a large stock of

**Domestic & Foreign Goods**

by the piece or package, for the country trade.

**COUNTRY MERCHANT**

Can purchase their goods of us, and save time and money. We also invite the attention of the Ladies to our New Styles of Cloaks and Mantillas. Our entire stock will be sold for

**CASH, at Prices to Defy Competition!**

The public are invited to visit our New Store.

**D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,**

St. Paul, Minnesota.

**GEORGE L. FARWELL,**

**WHOLESALE**

**GROCER**

Keeps constantly on hand

A LARGE AND WELL-ASSORTED

**STOCK OF GOODS!**

and would cordially

**INVITE DEALERS**

to call on him at his

**WAREHOUSE;**

**THIRD STREET,**

(NEAR JACKSON.)

**St. Paul,**

**Minnesota.**

**NORTHWESTERN**

**Saddle, Harness**

—AND—

**TRUNK MANUFACTORY,**

**EDGERTON'S BLOCK,**

Next door to the Bank.

**Third Street,**

**ST. PAUL, MINN.**

**[32] L. B. LOYE.**

**LIGHTNING RODS.**

**Preserve Your Property**

The subscriber is canvassing this county for the purpose of putting up

**Lightning Rods.**

He is prepared with a large lot of excellent

**Fluted Iron Rods.**

These rods are highly recommended by

**Prof. Silman**

and used exclusively by the Ill. Central Railroad

Upon All Their Buildings.

Rods put upon the most substantial manner, and as cheaply as by any other party.

Carver, July 23, 1862.

THOMAS HANKINSON.

A large and good assortment of clocks just received and for sale.

At HOLME'S

## COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER, (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.), St. Louis.

(ESTABLISHED 1843.)

**WHOLESALE GROCERS**

and Commission Merchants,

Importers of foreign fruits, nuts, wines, liquors, segars, etc., etc.

**TERMS CASH.**

**St. Paul, Minn.**

In the Department of LIQUORS AND SEGARS our stock will be found large and complete at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers.

C. L. YALE, JOHN CAMPBELL, JR.

**YALE & CAMPBELL,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**LEATHER!**

**FINDINGS,**

**Saddlery Hardware,**

St. Paul, Minnesota.

**OAK AND HEMLOCK**

**LEATHERS;**

FRENCH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN

**CALF AND KIP**

Always on Hand.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

**AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.**

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Besides, we keep constantly on hand Moline and Rock Island Plows, Excelsior Grain Fans, Reaping Horse Rakes, Corn-shellers, Hay and Straw Cutters, Grindstones, Scythes, Sicklestones, Grain Cradles, Hoes, Forks, Scythes, Saws, Shovels, Spades, &c.

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Near the Lower Levee, St. Paul.

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**Importers, Tanners, and**

**CURRIERS!**

Are now receiving and will keep constantly on hand the largest and best stock of Leather and Findings in the State, consisting of—

Spanish Leather, Shoe and Saddle Shirting Oak " " Belt and Lace Leather, Upper Leather, French Kip Skins, Harness Leather, French Calf Skins, Bridle Leather, Country Kip Skins, Tampico and Madras Morocco, and Spliffs.

Also a general assortment of all kinds of Findings, &c., &c.

Please call and examine our stock, as we will not be undersold by any house in the State. Particular attention paid to orders.

Cash paid for Hides, Furs and Deer Skins.

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Sign of the Big Bear—Mackubin's Block, Third st., St. Paul, Minn.

**ST. PAUL HARDWARE STORE.**

**NICOLS & DEAN,**</











approached sixteen Indians in the friendly camp adjoining, who are suspected of being participants in the late outrages, and I have appointed a military commission of five officers to try them. If found guilty they will be immediately executed, although I am somewhat in doubt whether my authority extends quite so far. An example is, however, imperatively necessary, and I trust you will approve the act, should it happen that some real enemies have been seized and promptly disposed of.

I have information, apparently reliable, that Little Crow and his adherents are at Big Stone Lake, sixty-five miles above this, where it is supposed he will be stopped by Standing Buffalo's Sisseton band of Sioux, as I have held a correspondence with the chief, who desires to remain on friendly terms with our Government. \* \* \* Very respectfully, Your obdt. serv't., H. H. SIBLEY, Col. Com'd'g.

The following is a list of the captives delivered up to Col. Sibley, at Camp Release, opposite mouth of the Chippewa river, on Friday, September 26, 1862:

Mrs. Dr. Wakefield and two children, James and Nellie, of Yellow Medicine.

Mr. J. W. Earle and two children, of Beaver creek—Julia, aged 12, and Ella, aged 7—one son killed.

Mrs. N. D. White and two children, of Beaver creek—Julia, aged 14, and Frank, aged six months.

Mrs. Elizabeth Caruthers and child, of Beaver creek.

Benedict Kane, of Beaver creek—father killed, mother and child down below.

Miss Mattie Williams, Red Wood, from Painesville, Ohio.

Mrs. Augustine Cook, Lake Shetek—husband killed.

John Wright, aged 3, in charge of Mrs. Cook.

Miss Mary Swan, Red Wood—parents live at Patterson's Rapids.

August, Minnie and Amelia Boos, aged 10, 7 and 3, Patterson's Rapids—father and mother killed.

Mrs. Antoine and Peter Patterson, aged 15, 5 and 3—Madeline, mother and two brothers killed—does not know whether her father is killed.

Harriet Robinson, aged 17, Mary, 14, Louis, 11, and Emma, aged 9, Lower Agency.

Jane and Amanda Ingalls, aged 14 and 12, Patterson's Rapids—mother and father killed—two children still in captivity.

Mrs. Sophie Simmons and two boys, Frederick and Charles, Patterson's Rapids.

Mrs. Therese Ersenrich and five small children—Bireh Crook—husband killed.

Major Brown's place—husband killed.

Mrs. Amelia Lange and two children—husband at New Ulm.

Mrs. Paulina Urban and four small children—does not know whether her husband is killed or not.

Mrs. Martha Clausen and two children, Bireh Crook—husband killed.

Mrs. Harriet Adams, Hutchinson.

Mrs. Matilda Vanasse and two children, Lower Agency—husband killed.

Mrs. Harriet Valiant and two children, Lower Agency—one child with the Indians.

Mrs. Margaret Cardinal and child, Lower Agency.

Elizabeth Record, aged 3 years, child of Mrs. Cardinal's sister.

Mrs. Anne Lablane and two children, Lower Agency—husband gone with the Indians.

Bernam Lobet, aged 18 years, Lower Agency.

Mrs. Dorothea Crowe and two children, Patterson's Rapids—husband down below; one boy with the Indians.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Eidenfeld and child, Beaver Creek—husband killed.

Miss Augusta Lance, aged 15, Beaver Creek.

Henrietta Kreiger, aged 4 years, Beaver Creek—mother down below; father dead.

Wilhelmina Smith, aged 5, Beaver Creek—father and mother killed.

Mrs. Frances Woolter, below Yellow Medicine, husband missing.

Mrs. Mary J. R. Brown, and Ellen, Sam, and Emily, Amanda, August, Joseph R., Hendere, Sibley, and Susan Brown—below Yellow Medicine.

Mrs. Charles Blair and two children.

Mr. Angus Brown, wife and baby.

Nancy Connelley, aged 7, and Philemon, aged 4—Lower Agency.

Mrs. Mary Woodbury and four children—Lower Agency—husband missing.

Mrs. Susie Taunt and child—Lower Agency.

George Thompson, aged 18—Lower Agency.

Miss Eunice Wilson, aged 18—Lower Agency.

Mrs. Rosalie McLean and two children—Yellow Medicine.

Mrs. Mary Lamine and children—Louis, aged 12, and Edward, aged 15.

Ninety-one whites and the rest half-breeds—but the latter are not embraced in this list. Probably the number will be over 100 whites and 150 half-breeds.

Press Correspondence.

March of Col. Sibley from Fort Ridgely to Yellow Medicine, and Battle of Wood Lake.

On Thursday and Friday the forces were all across the Minnesota and encamped Friday night, Sept. 19th, by Lone-tree lake, some five miles above the Fort. The train was again in motion early next morning. We encamped for the night opposite the Lower Agency, within sight of the ruins of the government ware houses.

Rev. Mr. Williamson's church, together with all the wooden dwellings in and around the Agency, had been completely demolished. A party of scouts found the remains of Philander Prescott, the Indian interpreter, a few miles below the Agency, and having covered it with earth where it lay, stuck a slip of paper with his name on it on his grave. Next morning we resumed our march before the sun was an hour high. (Sibley, 21)

During the forenoon we passed a number of houses completely deserted. A number of us rode through Little Crow's village and secured sundry trophies in the form of head dresses and other Indian ornaments. Little Crow's house itself had been burned during the previous night. Near by the camp ground of over two hundred topees with the greater part of the poles still standing, where, evidently, the Indians had spent the first night of their retreat from the Lower Agency. The grounds were

strewn with empty trunks, boxes, barrels, fruit cans and oyster kegs, the spoils from New Ulm and around—showing that they had no lack of provisions, either as to quality or kind.

As we approached Red Wood river we were some what apprehensive of an attack in the ravine through which the road runs, and a number of us were sent forward as scouts. We saw several Indians, and being, somewhat in advance of the main body, commenced satisfying our curiosity by visiting several Indian houses. Other day had latched his horse to a bush a little distance off, and was in one of the houses with several others, when he had his attention drawn out by the galloping up of another of the party, and hastened out just in time to see an Indian riding off his horse at full speed. He fired at him and came back greatly chagrined—his horse having been shot and he was obliged to dismount.

We crossed the river and rode on to Reynolds' house, which we found in ruins. We marched on and encamped at dark near Rice creek, over which the Indians had taken the precaution to burn the bridge; but the prisoners soon repaired it so that it but little impeded our march.

A few miles from the road was the remains of George Gleason—merely his skeleton completely dried, his skull broken quite with a large stone, all his clothes taken except his drawers and shirt; around him were found fragments of dispatches, scattered we found fragments of dispatches, Sioux receipts of Major Galbraith, private accounts and letters. We covered him where he lay with earth. He had started from the Upper Agency about 3 A. M., August 18th, with Dr. Wakefield's family, in a carriage, and was there overtaken and killed, and the Doctor's family taken captive.

The next night (Monday 22d) we encamped on the shore of Wood Lake, just this side of the Three Mile Creek, over which they had effectively burned the bridge—in sight of the Yellow Medicine ruins. Through the day we saw a number of Indians riding round and reconnoitering, but out of reach of our guns.

As we were at breakfast next morning, we heard an alarm that the Indians had fallen on a party of scouts after wood. The Benaville Rangers, under Lieut. Gorman, were sent out for their support. In a few moments the tops of the surrounding knolls were covered with Indians, on horse and foot, apparently trying to surround the camp. The 3d regiment, however, who, supposing that they were to be supported, pushed on near a mile in advance, but the Third having been ordered off to the left, they were nearly surrounded and scarcely effected a retreat. The artillery kept the opposite shore of the Lake clear.

Two companies of the Sixth had a skirmish on our left, and the Seventh regiment under Col. Marshall made a charge into the ravine on our right, and drove the Indians from shelter there. Other day was on in front of our line, and shot three Indians and brought back two ponies into our lines—more than squaring up his account at Red Wood river. Our men surrounded him, and escorted him with shouts into the camp. He proved himself a man of indomitable courage. He was right in among the Indians, and exposed himself as if to the fire from both sides—several of our men mistaking him for an enemy, fired at him several times.

The Indians were evidently under poor management. Little Crow is falling into disrepute, and will find his power and prestige greatly diminished. He was in the distance, on a black horse, with a spy-glass in his hand. His brother is said to have come to the opposite shore of the Lake last night and counted our tents, and making them fifty-eight, estimated our numbers to be about three hundred. At the night, but the upper Indians are said to have prevented it, telling him he had boasted he could whip the white men, and now must meet them by open day and prove it.

About 12 o'clock the firing ceased, and there was some communication between the Indians and our lines under a flag of truce.

The Ambulance wagons brought in fifteen dead Indians—and no doubt numbers more might be concealed in the grass and in the creek. Several were found wounded in the water, completely submerged, except their nose and mouth. Those of the Third Regiment, Richard McElrose and Anthony C. Collins, were found with their heads cut off and scalped and their bodies most shockingly mutilated. A few prisoners were brought in, and among other things reported that on the night of the 18th when the Third Regiment and the Seventh were encamped at Lone Tree Lake, before the remainder of the force had crossed over from the Fort, they were seen by a party of 250 Indians on their way to attack New Ulm. They had intended to fall upon the Third and Seventh regiments during the night and cut them off, but were dissuaded by a few who proposed attacking them at Red Wood Crossing, where they would have us at much greater advantage. But, there, seeing that reinforcements had arrived they were led to gain to desist from attacking us.

Their intentions were to wait until we were in the ravine crossing the Yellow Medicine river, and then make a small attack in front, enough to draw our forces on, and, at the signal of the raising of a blanket those ambushed around in the grass were to leap up—the baggage wagons and shot the drivers and horses. So confident were they of the success of this plan concocted by Little Crow, that they brought their wagons and women to the opposite side of the river to take care of the plunder, expecting to make a clean sweep of us. The captives and their camps are still at Red Iron's Village, 18 miles above Yellow Medicine, where which the upper Indians will not let them go, compelling them to stay there and fight us; and if to day we had been defeated, they would have joined in with them. But we can not relate ourselves that we have won a complete victory over them.

Joe Campbell reports they killed as at least 30, and a large number wounded, among whom were Mar-wa-mee-ne and Blue Earth, who have since died. Little Buffalo, a chief of one of the upper tribes, sent word to Col. Sibley, that if he

would not exterminate the lower tribe he would. Our dead, four in all were buried this afternoon with the honors of war, and funeral services by Mr. Riggs, the Chaplain of the expedition.

A. J. EBELL.



CHASKA, MINNESOTA.  
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1862

### Republican Ticket.

For Representative in Congress,  
**IGNATIUS DONNELLY.**

For State Senator, for the 6th Senatorial District,  
**CHAS. A. WARNER,**  
of Carver County.

For Representatives, for the 6th Senatorial District,  
**W. G. BUTLER,**  
of Wright County,  
**C. F. DAVIS,**  
of Meeker County,  
**B. G. LEE,**  
of McLeod County.

Auditor—George Bennett.  
Sheriff—J. W. Hartwell.

### The "Bloodless Fourth."

It will be remembered that when a call was made by the Governor for the Fourth Regiment, parties desiring to raise recruits, held out the inducement that the 'Fourth' would never be called from the State and that the Regiment would remain in inactivity and beyond the reach of shot and shell. What effect such inducements had in raising the men we cannot determine, though doubtless some, whose business and social relations demanded their occasional presence at home, were better satisfied to remain within the State.

The Regiment in the fall of '61 rendezvoused at Fort Snelling, where the Third Regiment were also quartered, and there became the subject of the sneers, jests, and vituperations of the members of the Third who, with marked arrogance and insult, prejudged them of cowardice, applying to their such names as "The Bloodless Fourth," "P tycoon Rangers," "Stay at home Veterans," "Squaw Hunters," &c., and a thousand epithets unbecoming the sphere of a gentleman.

The Fourth would have gladly avenged themselves of these vicious imputations, had not the officers in command by strenuous exertions prevented it. At last the bloody inevitable "Third" left for the seat of war, and we hear nothing of them except an occasional statement that they are pleasantly engaged in guarding bridges; when suddenly we hear that they are all shrouded up in one soap, and bagged by a band of half-armed, half-clothed and half-starved pligs, who scared them into a surrender by showing them a flag of capitulation. Blame is cast upon the officers, but that is easily accounted for in the fact that every one likes to shirk responsibility, privates none the less than officers.

The Fourth, so bloodless, and effeminate, have gone forth also, and of late have had opportunities to try their fighting metal. Twice have they met the foe, driven them from their positions, with great slaughter, and earned a diadem of glory which awaits their return. Instead of sheathing their swords in the scabbard and delivering them to the enemy, they have delivered them point foremost and sheathed them in rebel gore. It is high time that the titles of the respective Regiments be changed to The bloody and invincible Fourth, and The bloodless and weak-kneed Third.

### Minnesota Legislature—Extra Session.

The Legislature passed a bill establishing a Board of Auditors for the examination and adjustment of claims growing out of the Indian war, and elected as members of the Board Messrs. C. G. Reynolds, Charles McElrath and Matthew Donahue.

We have elsewhere spoken of the soldiers voting bill which passed the house by a vote of 30 to 6. The Militia bill has been passed by both Houses. An attempt was made in the House to secure exemption from military service from members of the Society of Friends, the German Baptists and other Religious Denominations whose faith bound them to a strict non-combatant in all circumstances, but the House refused to adopt the amendment.

A bill passed last week authorizing certain commissioners to provide for the necessities of refugees from the Indians and appropriating \$25,000 for that purpose.

Also a bill legalizing the action of counties and towns in paying bounties to soldiers.

A bill has also passed the House providing for the pay of volunteer militia engaged in the Indian war.

Also, a bill to prevent speculation by County Treasurers and other County officers in County orders.

A bill passed both Houses authorizing a State loan of \$100,000 for military purposes.—News.

A man cannot possess anything better than a good woman, nor anything worse than a bad one.

### Private Letter from Capt. T. D. Smith.

Through the kindness of his wife we are allowed to publish a letter from our old friend Capt. T. D. Smith, who, as is well known, was appointed by the War Department in July last, Assistant Brigade Quartermaster, and detailed to Fort Abercrombie. Since hostilities commenced in that region he has, in addition to other duties, assisted the Post by taking command of the citizens who flocked to the Fort for safety and defense.

Q. R. M. Office, Fort Abercrombie, D. T., September 25, 1862.

My Dear Wife: A messenger starts this evening and I must write to you if only a few words. We received a reinforcement last evening of about 400 men, and have now 500 effective men. Yesterday, before they arrived, we had a little skirmish, and two of our very best soldiers killed, and several wounded. The rebels are hanging round to-day and our pickets have exchanged shots with them.

We have got men enough to whip the whole Sioux nation, if we had officers, but they do not manage to suit me, but I am hoping things will be altered for the better soon. We commence to-morrow on the offensive and Mr. Sioux must fight or run, we are bound to whip or be whipped in the attempt. The arrival of the reinforcements has piled heavy duties upon me as Commander in Chief, and I think frequent-manding me in the fact of being superior to you, should be in good spirits. Keep good courage. Take good care of self and "Ting," and just as soon as my post will allow and I have a safe train to go with, I shall pay you a visit. Good bye my dear Emily.

Your affectionate husband,  
T. D. SMITH.

### True to Life.

We clip the following description of 'Ye Injin' from the St. Paul correspondence of the N. Y. Herald, and can testify to the accuracy of the well delineated portrait—It is true it places them rather low in the scale of social position, but no lower than the facts will warrant. Here it is:

DID YOU EVER SEE AN INDIAN? I do not mean to ask you if you ever saw those Jersey specimens of aboriginality who sell bead mosaics and get drunk on the proceeds in New York, or those Yankeeified curiosity vendors at Niagara, or a Tomwanda basket maker; but a regular built, fully dressed, highly decorated, gorgeous y painted and naturally perfumed 'war brave,' got up after the most approved style. If not, then you have not seen all that is worth seeing by a long shot; and as you are a long way from where such curiosities abound, and may never have an opportunity to finish your education in this particular, I will give you a receipt for getting up a counterpart that will answer very well for a model, say for "Big Dog," the chief.

WHAT A WILD INDIAN IS LIKE. Take a North Carolina tar gather, reduce him to fighting weight by starvation bore his ears and insert a couple of ox hair baits fully dressed, highly decorated, gorgeous y painted and naturally perfumed 'war brave,' got up after the most approved style. If not, then you have not seen all that is worth seeing by a long shot; and as you are a long way from where such curiosities abound, and may never have an opportunity to finish your education in this particular, I will give you a receipt for getting up a counterpart that will answer very well for a model, say for "Big Dog," the chief.

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### The Indian War!

From Fort Abercrombie, Fair Haven, and Forest City—Letter to the Pioneer.

St. Cloud, Minn., 11 o'clock p. m., October 8, 1862.

I have just had an interview with Capt. Ambrose Freeman, of the Frontier Cavalry, the company of mounted men raised in this town, who left Fort Abercrombie on Tuesday p. m. last. His company with the citizens in the Fort, and one company of the Minnesota Third, who went up with Capt. Berger, were detailed as an escort for the women and children now on their way to this place.

Since the last dispatches there have been three attacks on the Fort, the Indians being driven back each time with considerable loss. Capt. Freeman and the train, containing the women and children with the escort, started on Tuesday last and followed all the way to Chippewa station by the Indians. Each night they camped and threw up breast works, posted their pickets and exercised so much caution, that they were not attacked, and, when miles this side of Chippewa station, had not lost a single person.

The train consists of some forty wagons, besides the escort of infantry and cavalry. They are expected here to-morrow evening and preparations will be made to receive them and make them comfortable.

After the arrival of Capt. Berger the post was thoroughly fortified, and a large quantity (some three hundred bushels) of

potatoes were dug for the use of those in garrison, and taken thither. There is great scarcity of provisions and ammunition in the Fort, and there is no forage for horses. To procure supplies of these, a thorough essential articles is part of Captain Freeman's business here. He will probably proceed at once to St. Paul, and report to General Pope.

A. Montgomery has just arrived from Forest City and Fair Haven, and reports all quite in that quarter.

Colonel Thomas left here this afternoon for Fort Ripley.

Captain Freeman met that portion of the Wisconsin Twenty-fifth destined for Sauk Centre some ten miles above Richmond to-day.

### By Telegraph.

#### GLORIOUS VICTORY AT CORINTH.

Rebels Routed. 40,000 Rebels Engaged. Heavy Loss on Both Sides. 700 Prisoners Taken. Rosecrans Moving to Renew the Attack.

CORINTH, October 5.

Glorious news to-day from Corinth. The rebels were routed and are retreating. The rebel loss was very heavy, and ours is also large.

Gen. Dodge sent a message from Columbus to prepare for a large number of wounded.

Gen. Van Dorn, and Lovell were in command of the rebels, who numbered 40,000.

Our troops are said to have acted nobly. We can get no distinct account of Friday's battle.

On Saturday morning Price attacked Rosecrans' right, and Van Dorn his left. The assault was made with great determination. At one time our center was penetrated, and the rebels reached the Corinth House near the center of the town. They were driven out at the point of the bayonet.

Van Dorn led his column over an abatis on the left, up to within fifty yards of a ditch, exposed all the time to a scathing fire of grape and canister. They were driven back by a charge of the 27th Ohio and 11th Missouri.

The battle lasted till half-past eleven, when the rebels began to retreat towards Hatchie river.

The number of killed and wounded on either side is not known.

The rebel loss is reported to be much larger than ours.

We have between 700 and 1,000 prisoners, not including the wounded.

Gen. Hurlbut is killed.

Gen. Ogeby is dangerously wounded.

Cols. Smith, Gilbert, and Mouwer are wounded.

The Mobile and Ohio railroad is not seriously injured.

The telegraph has been repaired to Corinth.

Gen. Hurlbut marched on Saturday to the south side of Hatchie river, thus cutting off Price's retreat.

Rosecrans moved early this morning to renew the attack.

Canooding was heard to day in the direction of those forces.

Price is in the forks of Hatchie river, between Hurlbut and Rosecrans.

#### The Fourth Regiment Engaged.

Dispatch From Col. Sanborn to Governor Ramsey.

CORINTH, October 5, 1862.

Casualties in the Fourth Regiment, in the battles at Corinth, on the third and fourth inst:

Killed—Capt Mower, of company K; Private Frank Nelson, company K.

Wounded—Lieut. Crawford, company E, severely; five privates wounded slightly; August N. Hayes severely wounded by horse falling on him.

All the wounded are well taken care of. The regiment conducted itself most gallantly.

The victory was complete and glorious.

JOHN B. SANBORN,  
Colonel Commanding.

### War Summary.

Gen. Buell's Army has arrived at Louisville, Kentucky, after a severe march of two weeks. It is the intention to concentrate a large force there preparatory to driving out the rebels from that State.

Gen. Morgan, who has been for some time commanding Cumberland Gap, and strongly menaced by Rebel forces has succeeded in making his way to Kentucky, without loss of troops or baggage, having first so blockaded the Gap with stones that it will be impracticable for the enemy to pass through it. He will probably join Buell's forces at Louisville.

New York, October 6.

A letter from the army on the upper Potomac says the rebels have begun the work of devastation on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Bridges are cut away, embankments destroyed, and rails and stock carried off.

A letter from Pensacola says the harbor and defense of Mobile have lately become the subjects of close study in naval circles here, as that will probably be the next point of attack.

No considerable rebel force is garrisoned either Charleston, Mobile, or Savannah.

It is believed that much has been done in the way of obstructing channels and constructing defensive works along the water approaches to all three cities.

Our harbor is filling with men-of-war, and the admiral fleet is already very formidable.

LOUISVILLE, October 1.

Much the larger portion of Buell's army has moved towards the interior of Kentucky, in several columns, over different roads.

New York, October 1.

A Port Royal letter of the 26th says the steamer Nashville is penned in the Ogeechee river, with no chance to escape. Her late chief officer has been captured in a pilot boat.

Charleston straits are defended by rifle pits, and the bay is obstructed by piles, fire rafts, &c.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN  
**DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, NAILS,**  
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**Forwarding & Commission Merchant.**

AT WARNER'S BLOCK,  
CLASKA, MINNESOTA.  
[GIVE HIM A CALL.]

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A Republican Newspaper.

The success which the Press has achieved affords the best evidence of its value as a newspaper, and that more fully meets the wants and views of the people of Minnesota than any other paper.

It has attained a circulation in its several editions greater than any other paper in St. Paul, or north west of Milwaukee.

The Press will continue to advocate the interests of free American labor; the perpetuity of the Union and the preservation of Republican institutions; honesty and economy in government; the rigorous prosecution of the war for the suppression of the slaveholders' rebellion; The use of every available means to crush the rebellion effectually, without regard to the preservation of the "peculiar institution" for which the war was begun.

The Press will give the current history of the war; The general news of the day; All the telegraphic news of the associated Press of the United States the same morning that it is given to the public in the leading cities of the Union; The proceedings of Congress and State Legislatures; and by authority.

### The Laws of Minnesota.

Market Reports by telegraph, from New York, Chicago and Milwaukee; and carefully prepared commercial reports of the market and trade of St. Paul.

### The St. Paul Weekly Press, Enlarged and in Quarto Form

Will contain about forty-five columns of reading matter—nearly eight pages—each week, but little space being devoted to advertisements.

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One copy one year, \$2.00  
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Three copies one year, 4.00  
Five copies one year, 6.00  
Seven copies one year, 8.00  
Ten copies one year to one address 10.00  
21 copies one year, to one address 20.00  
clerks will be furnished for One Dollar. Additions to clubs—for unexpired time—may be made at any time.

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containing all the news matter of the daily press.

One copy one year, \$3.50  
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clubs of any number, mailed to one address, each, seventy-five cents per quarter, or twenty-five cents per month.

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One copy one year, \$6.00  
One copy six months, 3.00  
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To clubs of five, and to Postmasters or others acting as agents for the Daily Press, it will be supplied in packages to one address, at ten cents per copy per week.

### Steam Printing.

We have introduced steam into our printing establishments, and have in connection with it a

### Complete Book Bindery.

We are now prepared to do work cheaply, and in every department of Job and Book printing. Blank Book Manufacture, &c. &c. Orders for county and Official Blanks and Blank Books particularly solicited.

Address,  
**PRESS PRINTING CO.,**  
St. Paul, Minnesota.



## Local Items.

### OUR AGENTS.

We have constituted the following agents for the Transcript, who are empowered to receive subscriptions and advertisements, and receipt for the same when payment is made to them:

F. B. DEAN, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
J. W. BATES, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
R. M. KENNEDY, YOUNG AMERICA.  
J. LEWIS, SAINT PAUL.

### STEAMBOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The Steamer Antelope continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point in the morning, and returning in the evening.

The Clara Hill, also continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point every evening, and returning at three o'clock in the afternoon.

The Albany and Ariel still make semi-weekly trips from St. Paul to St. Peter.

20,000 Bushels of wheat wanted at Warner's. Cash will be paid.

10,000 Bushels of Oats wanted at Warner's. Very highest price paid.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE of all kinds are taken as fast as delivered at Warner's.

NO MORE CHEAP RIDING.—Yesterday the fare to St. Paul on the daily packets was raised to \$1.25—the old rate. Of course some compromise has taken place between the opposing boats, though we have not yet learned what it is. The people will demur, while merchants who have lost trade by low fare, will be delighted.

CARVER COUNTY DISTRICT COURT.—The October term of the district court convenes in this county at this place on the 20th inst., Judge Vandenberg presiding. Report says that the calendar of cases will be unusually full. The Court will be held for the first time in the new court house building in the Sheriff's office.

PERSONAL.—We understand that Capt. T. D. Smith of this place, has arrived in St. Paul from Fort Abercrombie, on business in the Quarter Master's Department and will be in town in a few days.

CAPT. W. R. BAXTER, now stationed at Glencoe, passed through town on Tuesday last en route for Fort Snelling; he has gone to secure clothing for his company. We should say the Captain was well. He says he is yet able to take his bittern clear.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES FOR THE 6TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.—For Senator J. H. Stevens.

For House of Representatives—John Hein, J. A. Sargent.

Wright County not heard from.

Opinion of the Army.  
It seems to be the confident belief of the best informed military men in Washington, that the army of the Potomac has received the President's conditional emancipation proclamation with the utmost unanimity and enthusiasm.

General McClellan has given his opinion and assurance on this subject, and the Government is strongly fortified in the belief position the President has taken by other corps of the army as far as known from it. This is Mr. Lincoln's interpretation of it, which he freely expressed.—Wash. Cor. Cin. Com.

### Our Chip-Basket.

The sausage.

Work is man's appointed task—the great mission he is sent upon.

Jones says he loves two charming girls—Jenny Rosy and Annie Matson.

May a man be called poverty stricken when knocked down by a beggar?

'Mama, may I go a fishing?'

'Yes, lad, but don't go near the water. And recollect, if you're drowned, I shall skin you as sure as you're alive.'

A Dublin journal observes that a handbill announcing a public meeting in that city states, with boundless liberality, that "the ladies, without distinction of sex, are invited to attend."

An actor, who was extremely ugly, was playing a part in which a lady had to say to him—"Ah! sire, you change countenance." A wag in the pit cried out, "Let him do so, pray don't stop him."

Francis the first being desirous to raise one of the most learned men of the time to the highest dignities of the church, asked him if he was of noble descent.—"Your majesty" answered the abbot, "there were three brothers in Noah's ark; but I cannot tell positively from which of them I am descended."

A mendicant impostor, ticketed 'deaf and dumb,' recently took his stand in a fashionable locality. Presently a lady came past, who, with equal humanity and simplicity, asked him how long he had been deaf and dumb. Completely thrown off his guard, the rogue immediately answered, "From birth, madam."—"Poor fellow!" said the lady, and gave him half-a-crown.

Unless we prosecute this war to a successful close, our country will soon have no light but 'the light of other days.'

Recently Col. Bissell caught a guerrilla in the act of playing his vocation, and no rope being at hand, he was strung up with a piece of telegraph wire. It answered the purpose pretty well.

Persons without front teeth have been held to be exempt from the draft on account of their not being able to 'bite a cartridge.' In consequence of this, a good many fellows, it is said, have had their front teeth pulled. But now an order from the War Department prescribes that the toothless shall not be exempt, but subject to draft for the artillery service. Good enough for them.

## CHASKA MARKET.

Flour	\$5.00 @ 5.50
Wheat	65 68
Corn	30 35
Oats	35 38
Barley	
Rye	1 00 1 10
Beans	25 25
Potatoes	2 40
Salt	7 10
Butter	7 10
Eggs	10 12
Cranberries	4 5
Hides, dry	
Do., green	

### New Advertisements

#### Wanted!

100 Bbls Cranberries, for which the highest market price will be paid. C. A. WARNER.

#### Wanted!

Four Yoke of good Working Oxen for which a fair price will be paid. C. A. WARNER.

#### Land for Sale.

275 acres of good Farming Land situated within eight miles of the Minnesota River, on the south arm of Minnesota Lake four miles from Excelsior; said land will be sold in parcels or together; time will be given on a part of the purchase money if desired. For particulars call on or address

CHAS. A. WARNER.

Chaska, Minn., Oct. 1st, 1862.

#### SIOUX DEPREDACTIONS.

Indemnity can be had!

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Indian outbreak with the view of adjusting the same; and the undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time. Persons having such claims will find it to their advantage to place the same in our charge for adjustment.

St. Paul, Sept. 29, 1862.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys.

#### Probate Notice.

State of Minnesota, ss.  
County of Carver, ss.  
In the matter of the estate of Jacob Ackerman, late of this county, deceased, intestate.

At a special term of the Probate court held in and for the county of Carver on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1862.

On reading and filing the petition of Stephen Kull, as creditor, praying for reasons therein set forth that letters of Administration issue to himself; it is ordered that Friday, the 31st day of October, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate in Chaska, in the county aforesaid, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of the Probate court then and there to be held, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner should give notice to all persons interested, of the pendency of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Valparaiso, a weekly newspaper published at Chaska, county and State aforesaid for three successive weeks previous to the said day of hearing.

Dated Chaska, Minn., October 4th, A. D. 1862.

FRANK WARNER, Judge of Probate.

#### Mortgage Foreclosure and Sale.

Name of Mortgagor—Thomas Little.  
Name of Mortgagee—James Kinney.  
Date of Mortgage—March 4th A. D. 1858.  
Mortgage Recorded July 20th A. D. 1858, at 8 o'clock a.m. in Book 'A' of mortgages, pages 501-2, and 3 in the office of Register of Deeds of Carver county, Minnesota.

Description of mortgage premises—Lot No. Four (4), in Section thirty-one (31), Township one hundred and sixteen (116), Range Twenty-five (25) situated in Carver county, Minnesota, and containing 47 20-100 acres.

Amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice—One hundred and fifty-one dollars and twenty-five cents.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non-payment of the same thereby secured, and no proceedings at law, or in equity, having been instituted to recover the said mortgage debt, or any part thereof, Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed and that the said mortgage premises will, by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such cases made and provided, be sold at public vendue at the steps of the Post Office in Chaska, Carver county, Minnesota, on the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1862, at 2 o'clock p.m., by the Sheriff of said county, to pay said debt and legal charges.

Dated Chaska, Minn., Oct. 8th A. D. 1862.

W. B. GILMAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

JAMES KINNEY, Mortgagee.

Att'y for Mortgagee.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

AGENTS FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER PACKETS.

CORNER FIRST AND BROADWAY, CARVER, MINN.

DEALERS IN

DRY-GOODS AND GROCERIES,

CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE, NAILS AND GLASS.

HOLMES & BRO.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

NEW-YORK & BOSTON

Exclusively for cash,

WHICH I AM OFFERING AT AS

Low Figures

as any House in the Northwest.

TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. K. PUTNAM,

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

WALTER W. WEBB

Wholesale Dealer in

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

Wines & Liquors.

Sibley Block, Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of a resolution passed by the County Commissioners of Carver County at their annual meeting, September 2nd, 1862, the Justice of the Peace in the County of Carver, are hereby notified to pay into the County Treasury all moneys received by them as fees within the time specified by law.

Chaska, September 11th, 1862.

GEORGE BENNETT,

And Carver County.

[23]

PIONEER PLOWS, manufactured at Belle

Plaine, by Wells & Smith,

price.

## Henry Young's

### CHEAP CASH STORE.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

HAVING now on hand and for sale a large

and choice stock of goods—consisting in

part of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries & Provis-

ions,

Crockery, and Stoneware, Iron,

Nails, Glass, and Tin-

ware.

HARDWARE

Boots and

Shoes,

Hats, Caps

etc.

All of which he will sell at the lowest living

profit, either for cash, or in exchange for country

produce, for which he will always pay the high-

est market price.

Cash paid for Wheat.

Chaska, Sept. 18, 1862.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

ORANGES & LEMONS

Bird Cages and Willow Ware

CONFECTIONARIES,

Toys and Fancy Goods of Every Description.

Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

NOW READY,

Parson Brownlow's

Wonderful Book.

One volume, containing upwards of 450 pages,

12 superior engravings, an excellent steel por-

trait, etc. Beautifully printed on fine, white pa-

per, and handsomely bound in muslin. Price—

\$1 25.

Sent free, by return Mail, on Receipt of

Price.

Agents Wanted in every city, town, village

and county to sell this thrilling and remarkable

work.

Address, GEORGE W. CHASE, Publisher,

628 and 630 Chestnut St., Philadelphia,

APPLING & CO., Cincinnati.

Publishers for the West.

STEAM FURNITURE WORKS

THE SUBSCRIBER, having just introduced

steam power into his factory, is now prepa-

ring to manufacture, upon short notice, and in

a style unsurpassed upon the continent, all descrip-

tions of furniture, including

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, TABLES,

BUREAUS, STANDS, SECRETARIES,

LIBRARIES, &c., &c.

Those in want of Furniture are invited to call

and examine our stock before purchasing else-

where. A. B. FAIRBANKS,

Young America, Nov. 20, 1861.

S. K. PUTNAM,

Wholesale & Retail Dealer

—IN—

CHOICE GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS

Corner Third and Market St's,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

I am now in receipt of a large and well-

selected stock of goods

PURCHASED IN

NEW-YORK & BOSTON

WHICH I AM OFFERING AT AS

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S. K. PUTNAM,

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GEORGE BENNETT,

And Carver County.

[23]

PIONEER PLOWS, manufactured at Belle

Plaine, by Wells & Smith,

price.

## 1862. SPRING. 1862.

### INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

## DRY GOODS

### FOR CASH.

## D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

have just received a large stock of

## DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR SPRING SALES,

CONSISTING OF

## FANCY DRESS

Goods,

OF EVERY VARIETY OF QUALITY!

WILL BE SOLD AT PRICES TO SUIT

THE TIMES.

Mottled Morella Cloths, from 10 to 25 cents

per yard.

Plaid Pail de Chevre. Embroidered Pail de Che-

verre; every variety of Challies; Embroider-

ed and Grey Grisilles; Blue, Green,

Pink Barge Lexafina; French, Eng-

lish, and American Mousseline de Laines.

Printed Lawns in great variety.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Ginghams;

ALSO,

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS,

Men's and Boys' Summer Wear; Black and Fan-

cy Casimires, Sattinets, and Summer Cloths,

Also, a very large stock of

HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN-UMBRELLAS, &c.

Also, a large stock of

Domestic & Foreign Goods

by the piece or package, for the country trade.

COUNTRY MERCHANT

Can purchase their goods of us, and save time and

money. We also invite the attention of the

Ladies to our New Style of Cloak and Man-

</











The Herald.  
C. A. Warner, - - Editor.



CHASKA, MINNESOTA.  
THURSDAY, : : OCTOBER 16, 1862

Republican Ticket.  
Carver County.  
For Representative in Congress,  
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

For State Senator, for the 6th Senatorial District,  
CHAS. A. WARNER,

For Representatives, for the 6th Senatorial District,  
W. G. BUTLER,

of Wright County;  
C. F. DAVIS,

of Meeker County;  
B. G. LEE,

of McLeod County.

Auditor—George Bennett.  
Scriber—J. W. Hartwell.

To Our Exchanges.

It perhaps has not been noticed by the

former exchanges of the Valley Transcript

that that paper has been discontinued and

the concern, together with its exchanges

turned over to the proprietor of this paper.

The Valley Herald is published in

Chaska, two miles below Carver, in the

same county, and those exchanging with

us will please address "Valley Herald,"

Chaska, Carver County, Minn., and

oblige the proprietor.

THE NEW.

In our last issue we published an ac-

count of a battle at Corinth, Miss., in

which the Fourth Minnesota Regiment was

engaged. In that battle, though the ground

was strongly contested, our army in the

end was victorious and the enemy driven

to the Hachio river, a few miles from

Corinth. By reference to the war column

it will be seen that another battle has tak-

en place near the river, and that the en-

emy have been totally routed.

After the battle of Corinth, Gen. Har-

bert was ordered to march and intercept

the retreat of the rebels, which was suc-

cessfully accomplished and the enemy driven

back again toward Corinth, where Rose-

crans was advancing upon them on an-

other road, and thus both divisions succeeded

in giving the rebels a sound thrashing.

Gen. Buell has at last got to work and

is succeeding pretty well against Bragg.

The army of the Potomac is apparently

inactive and quiet, though it is believed

that orders have been received for one of

the most important movements of the war.

Preparations are rapidly progressing, and

in a few days the country will doubtless be

gladdened with intelligence more grateful

than any yet received.

Indian matters seem to have quieted

down very much in this section and back

of the woods; in fact it looks now as tho'

the great preparation being made a short

time since to punish them in a proper man-

ner i. e. exterminate them are gradually

giving out and that "Lo the poor Indian"

after having gratified their fondish

propensities until they are perfectly glut-

ted with murders and rapine, will be al-

lowed to give themselves up under a flag

of truce and escape the punishment so

justly due them. Rumor says that Gen'l

Pope has ordered the prisoners to Fort

High Compliment to Capt. T. D. Smith.

Meeting at St. Cloud of the Fort Aber-

crombie Citizens and Soldiers.

To the Editor of the Pioneer:

At a meeting of the citizens and citizen

soldiers who, for five weeks, were besieged

by the Indians at Fort Abercrombie, D.

T., held at St. Cloud on Monday, October

6, 1862, Mr. L. R. Bentley, of Graham's

Point, was chosen President, and Mr. D.

W. Caulry, of Fort Abercrombie, was ap-

pointed Secretary.

It being stated by the President that the

object of the meeting was to give public

expression to the deep feeling of gratitude

felt by the citizens who took refuge in Fort

Abercrombie, towards one who, in their

opinion, was instrumental in saving them

and their helpless families from a horrible

death, or, what would have been more ter-

rrible, a captivity in the hands of the mer-

ciiless savages, Mr. Goff, of Providence, R.

I., moved the adoption of the following:

Resolved, That, under the blessing of

Divine Providence, we feel and believe that

the safety of the citizens assembled at Fort

Abercrombie to escape the threatened rebel

army of the Sioux Indians who after-

wards did attack said Fort, was owing en-

tirely to the determined bravery, coolness

and sagacity of Capt. T. D. Smith, Acting

Brigade Quartermaster.

Resolved, That we will ever cherish the

memory of Capt. T. D. Smith as one en-

deared to us by acts of kindness, and ren-

dered doubly dear by his many exposures

in the late attacks on Fort Abercrombie,

made in our behalf, together with the no-

ble sacrifice of time, means and personal

comfort, made by him to allay the fears

and relieve the distress arising from the

circumstances with which we were sur-

rounded.

Resolved, That while we do not deem it

our province to attach censure to any in

military authority at Fort Abercrombie,

we do claim the privilege of giving our tes-

timony of praise where merit exists and

praise is due; and, knowing that Capt. T.

D. Smith, although not in command of

said post, was the right man for the oc-

casions, we take great pleasure in recom-

mending him to the favorable notice of the

"powers that be," and publicly announce

him as a kind, brave and noble man.

L. R. Bentley David McCalley

H. Stone C. C. McKeith

W. O. Thompson Hugh H. Quigg

George E. Kelley James Quigg

J. M. Stone John W. Fee

Isaac Parks William Cowell

R. Burget William Storer

Charles Sumner Charles W. Snell

Charles Serley Malcolm McIntyre

J. M. Campbell John Winslow

Lewis L. Weston Carl Herberger

E. K. Owell E. A. Stiles

J. N. Sanborn James Owens

Robert Tait H. Baynton

James Tait P. Lomb

And many others.

THE NUMBER OF FRIENDLY INDIANS.

From the St. Peter Tribune.

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## Local Items.

### OUR AGENTS.

We have constituted the following agents for the Transient, who are empowered to receive subscriptions and advertisements, and receipt for the same when payment is made to them:

F. B. DEAN, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
J. W. BATES, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
R. M. KENNEDY, Young America.  
J. LEWIS, SAINT PAUL.

### STEAMBOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The Steamer Antelope continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point in the morning, and returning in the evening.

The Clara M. is also continuing to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point every evening, and returning at three o'clock in the afternoon.

The Albany and Ariel still make semi-weekly trips from St. Paul to St. Peter.

20,000 Bushels of wheat wanted at Warner's. Cash will be paid.

10,000 Bushels of Oats wanted at Warner's. Very highest price paid.

GRAIN and Produce of all kinds are taken as fast as delivered at Warner's.

SHIPPED.—On Tuesday last, C. A. Warner, esq., shipped for Springfield, Mass., Forty barrels of Cranberries, and a large amount of seed wheat. Who doubts, now, that Minnesota is a producing State? when it has already begun the work of supplying the old states in such important items; and this is only one of the many important shipments that we notice daily in our State exchanges as being made to like destinations.

Within the past week there has been countless quantities of grain and produce of all kinds brought into market, and our merchants have been "head over heels" in business; produce at present commands a good price and ready pay.

We will insert notices of deaths and marriages in the Herald free of charge; and, upon mature reflection, we have concluded to insert notices of births gratuitously, and further notice at least; not withholding we expect by so doing to get ourself into business, judging the future by the past in this community.

Our wood boatmen at this point have about completed the repairing of their boats, and are about to enter into an extensive business in the way of running wood to St. Paul, which at present brings a handsome price there; Chaska wood in St. Paul, we learn, brings \$4.00 ready spelter.

We notice a couple of barges at our levee that are being loaded with brick for some point below. Chaska brick are fast gaining favor wherever they have been introduced, and it is to be presumed that the brick made here can't be beat in the world, or any other place, for finish and durability.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—The daily packets running between this point and St. Paul, have made new arrangements, whereby the mail arrives in the afternoon by the Clara M. We also understand that Captain Houghton has bought the Hine, and is now the proprietor of both her and the Antelope. We can assure the Captain that his "head's level," and that the public could not desire more gentlemanly and accommodating men to travel and ship with than himself and his popular clerks, Pershall and Leopold.

JACK FROST, esq., has paid us nightly visits for the past week, causing everything in the vegetable kingdom to wither by his cold touch; of course the leaves are falling fast, and the forest will soon be "stark naked."

INDIAN SUMMER is now upon us in all its glory: cold nights, clear days, smoky skies and its queer ways.

Why don't some one break a leg, commit suicide, steal a horse, fire a building, get married, scuttle a boat, get on a tender, go to see your sweet-heart, take too many liberties and get kicked out by the old man, or do something either pleasant or desperate, so as to give us a lull? This reminds us that we would be very thankful to any person handing in a minute of all occurrences of local interest that may come under their observation; by this means we will be able to inform an inquiring world as to our where-a-houts and what-are-you-about. N. B. This invitation is extended to the ladies of our town and vicinity, and we hope to very soon hear from some of them.

Ducks are quite plenty now a-days, and we would suggest to our nimble property of rubbing up their fowling-pieces and be up and a doing while the seasons lasts; in the event of their making a good haul they will of course remember the printer, or the (our) devil will get them sure as fate.

WINNEBAGO PRISONERS.—Some fifteen Winnebagoes, together with the Chief Little Priest, who have been charged with being connected with the Sioux in the late massacres of the whites in Brown county, and who were arrested a few days ago, arrived in this city last night under a guard of soldiers, and were taken to Gen. Pope's Headquarters. The General ordered them to Fort Snelling to be kept in close quarters.—Pioneer.

## DIED.

At Chaska, on Tuesday, Oct. 7th, CLARA ELLER, only daughter of George and Mary BARNETT, aged 19 months.

At Chaska, on Thursday October 9th, 1862, of consumption, FREDERICK DUTOIT, in the forty-fifth year of his age.

Mr. Dutoit was originally from the City of Moudon, Canton De Vaud, Switzerland, but removing to this country at an early day, has been for a few years past a citizen of this town. Since his residence here he has occupied several positions of public trust and was at the time of his death Register of Deeds for Carver County; on account of ill health has been obliged to perform his duties through a deputy. In an official as well as private capacity he was known as an efficient, popular and accommodating gentleman. He leaves a wife and six children—the eldest in the army—and a wide circle of friends to mourn his loss.

### New Advertisements

#### Wanted!

100 Bbls Cranberries, for which the highest market price will be paid.

C. A. WARNER.

#### Wanted!

Four Yoke of good Working Oxen for which a fair price will be paid.

C. A. WARNER.

#### Land for Sale.

275 acres of good Farming Land situated within eight miles of the Minnesota River, on the south end of Minnesota Lake four miles from Excelsior; said land will be sold in parcels or together; time will be given on a part of the purchase money if desired. For particulars call on or address

CHAS. A. WARNER.

Chaska, Minn., Oct. 1st, 1862.

### SIoux DEPREDACTIONS.

Indemnity can be had!

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Indian outbreak with the view of adjusting the same; and the undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having those claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time. Persons having such claims will find it to their advantage to place the same in our charge for adjustment.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys.

#### Probate Notice.

State of Minnesota, }  
County of Carver, } ss.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Ackerman, late of the village of Carver in said county, deceased, intestate.

At a special term of the Probate court held in and for the county of Carver on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1862.

On reading and filing the petition of Stephen Kull, as executor, praying for reasons therein set forth that letters of Administration be granted to him; it is ordered that Friday, the 25th day of October, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the office of the Judge of Probate in Chaska, in the county aforesaid, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at said session of the Probate court then and there, to be held, to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petition should give notice to all persons interested in the property of said petition, by causing a copy of said petition to be published in the Valley Herald, a weekly newspaper published at Chaska, county and State aforesaid, for three successive weeks previous to the said day of hearing.

At Chaska, Minn., October 24th, A. D. 1862.

FRANK WARNER,  
Judge of Probate.

**HOLMES & BRO.,**  
DEALERS IN  
**DRY-GOODS AND GROCERIES,**  
CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,  
HARDWARE, NAILS AND GLASS.

**FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
AGENTS FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER PACKETS.

CORNER FIRST AND BROADWAY, CARVER, MINN.

### Mortgage Foreclosure and Sale.

Name of Mortgagee—Thomas Little.  
Name of Mortgagor—James Kinney.  
Date of Mortgage—March 20th A. D. 1858.  
Mortgage Recorded July 20th A. D. 1858, at 8 o'clock a.m. in Book 4 of mort. gages, pages 561, 2 and 3 in the office of Register of Deeds of Carver county, Minnesota.

Description of mortgaged premises—Lot No. Four (4), in Section thirty-one (31), Township One hundred and sixteen (116), Range Twenty-five (25) situated in Carver county, Minnesota, and containing 42.29 acres.

Amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice—One hundred and fifty-one dollars and twenty five cents.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non payment of the same, and no proceedings at law, or in equity, having been instituted to recover the said mortgage debt, or any part thereof, Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed and that the said mortgaged premises will, by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, be sold at public vendue at the steps of the Post Office in Chaska, Carver county, Minnesota, on the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1862, at 2 o'clock P. M., by the Sheriff of said county, to pay said debt and legal charges.

Dated Chaska, Minn., Oct. 9th, A. D. 1862.

W. B. GUNSWOLD,  
Att'y for Mortgagee.

## Henry Young's CHEAP CASH STORE.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

HAVING now on hand and for sale a large and choice stock of goods—consisting in part of

**DRY GOODS,**  
Groceries & Provisions,  
Crockery, and Stoneware, Iron, Nails, Glass, and Tin-ware.

**HARDWARE**  
**Boots and Shoes,**  
**Hats, Caps**  
**etc.**

All of which he will sell at the lowest living profit, either for cash, or in exchange for country produce, for which he will always pay the highest market price.

**Cash paid for Wheat.**

Chaska, Sept. 18, 1862. v1 n3

**M. N. KELLOGG,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

**ORANGES & LEMONS**

**Bird Cages and Willow Ware**

**CONFECTIONARIES,**  
Toys and Fancy Goods of Every Description.

Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

**NOW READY,**  
**Parson Brownlow's**  
**Wonderful Book.**

One volume, containing upwards of 450 pages, 12 superior engravings, an excellent steel portrait, etc. Beautifully printed on fine, white paper, and handsomely bound in marlin. Price—\$1.25.

Sent free, by return Mail, on Receipt of Price.

Agents Wanted in every city, town, village and county to sell this thrilling and remarkable work.

Address, GEORGE W. CHITTS, Publisher, 628 and 630 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, APPLICABLE & Co., Cincinnati, Publishers for the West.

**STEAM FURNITURE WORKS**

THE SUBSCRIBER, having just introduced steam power into his factory, is now prepared to manufacture, upon short notice, and in a style unsurpassed west of St. Paul, all descriptions of furniture, including

**BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, TABLES, STANDS, BUREAUS, LIBRARIES, SECRETARIES, &c., &c.**

Those in want of Furniture are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

A. B. FAIRING,  
Young America, Nov. 20, 1861. n10-11

**S. K. PUTNAM,**  
Wholesale & Retail Dealer

—IN—  
**CHOICE GROCERIES**

AND  
**PROVISIONS**

Corner Third and Market St's.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

I am now in receipt of a large and well-selected stock of goods

PURCHASED IN  
**NEW-YORK & BOSTON**

Exclusively for cash,

WHICH I AM OFFERING AT AS

**Low Figures**

as any House in the Northwest.

**TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, &c**

AT REDUCED PRICES.

**S. K. PUTNAM,**  
St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

**D. L. HOW,**  
SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, Medicines, Oils, Glass, Paints, Varnishes, Brushes,

**Plastering Hair Fancy Goods**  
Ac. &c.

**KEROSENE OIL**  
That will not explode, for 60 cents a gallon.

**KEROSENE LAMPS,**  
from 50 cents to one dollar—Chalmers 10 cents each.

Shakopee, Dec. 12th, 1861. 13-14

**Surveying.**

THE undersigned would inform the people of Carver County that he is prepared to do any job of surveying in a satisfactory manner, and upon short notice. [37] J. O. BRUNING.

## 1862. SPRING. 1862.

### INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

**DRY GOODS**  
FOR CASH.

**D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.**  
have just received a large stock of

**DRY GOODS**  
SUITABLE FOR SPRING SALES,

CONSISTING OF

**FANCY DRESS**  
Goods,

OF EVERY VARIETY OF QUALITY!

WILL BE SOLD AT PRICES TO SUIT

**THE TIMES.**

Mottled Morella Cloths, from 10 to 25 cents per yard.

Plaid Poil de Cheverre, Embroidered Poil de Cheverre; every variety of Challies; Embroidered and Grey Griselles; Blue, Green, Pink Barage Laxina; French, English, and American Mousseline de Laines. Printed Lawes in great variety.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

**Ginghams;**

Also,

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS,  
Men's and Boys' Summer Wear; Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Sattinets, and Summer Cloths.

Also, a very large stock of

**HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND EMBROIDERIES,**  
PARASOLS, SUN-UMBRELLAS, &c.

Also, a large stock of

**Domestic & Foreign Goods**  
by the piece or package, for the country trade.

**COUNTRY MERCHANT**  
Can purchase their goods of us, and save time and money. We also invite the attention of the Ladies to our New Style of Cloaks and Mantillas. Our entire stock will be sold for

**CASH, at Prices to Defy Competition!**

The public are invited to visit our New Store.

**D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,**  
St. Paul, Minnesota.

[37]

**GEORGE L. FARWELL,**

**WHOLESALE**

**GROCER**

keeps constantly on hand

A LARGE AND WELL-SORTED

**STOCK OF GOODS!**

and would cordially

**INVITE DEALERS**

to call on him at his

**WAREHOUSE;**

**THIRD STREET,**

(NEAR JACKSON.)

**St. Paul,**

**Minnesota.**

[37]

**NORTHWESTERN**

**Saddle, Harness**

—AND—  
**TRUNK MANUFACTORY,**

**EDGERTON'S BLOCK,**  
Next door to the Bank.

**Third Street,**

**ST. PAUL, MINN.**

[32] **L. B. LOYE.**

**LIGHTNING RODS.**

**Preserve Your Property**  
The subscriber is canvassing this county for the purpose of putting up

**Lightning Rods.**  
He is prepared with a large lot of excellent, **Plated Iron Rods.**

These rods are highly recommended by

**Prof. Siliman**  
and used exclusively by the Ill. Central Railroad

**Upon All Their Buildings.**  
Rod put up in the most substantial manner, and as cheaply as by any other party.

THOMAS HANCKENSON,  
Carver, July 23, 1862.

A large and good assortment of clocks just received and for sale.

**A. HOLMES**

## COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER, (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.) St. Louis.

(ESTABLISHED 1843.)

## WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants;

Importers of foreign fruits, nuts, wines, liquors, segars, etc., etc.

Jackson street, between Levee and Third.

**TERMS CASH.**

**St. Paul, Minn.**

In the Department of LIQUORS AND SEGARS our stock will be found large and complete at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers.

C. L. YALB,

JOHN CAMPBELL, JR.

**WM. R. MILLER,**

**YALE & CAMPBELL,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**LEATHER!**

**FINDINGS,**

**Saddlery Hardware,**  
&c., &c.

CORNER OF THIRD & ST. PETER STREETS

**ST. PAUL, Minnesota.**

**OAK AND HEMLOCK**

**LEATHERS;**

FRENCH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN

**CALF AND KIP**

Always on Hand.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

**AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.**

**S. P. & P. F. HODGES,**

**DEALERS IN FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.**

Sole Agents for

Russell & Co.'s massillon threshing machines; Bralley & Pitt's Buffalo threshing machines; Wheeler, Melick and Co.'s horse threshers and cleaners; Schuttler's celebrated Chicago wagons; McCormick's reaper and mower. J. H. Manny's reaper and mower. Badger State reaper and mower. John A. Woodward's improved smut machine and separator combined.

Besides, we keep constantly on hand Moline and Rock Island Plows, Excelsior Grain Fans, Cultivating Horse Rakes, Cornshellers, Hay and Straw Cutters, Grindstones, Scythes, Grain Cradles, Hoes, Forks, Scythes, Butts, Shovels, Spades, &c.

MERCHANTS AND DEALERS throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times. Descriptive Pamphlets of Machinery furnished on application to

**THIRD STREET, CORNER OF SIBLEY,**  
Near the Lower Levee, St. Paul.

**S. P. & P. F. HODGES.**

**LEATHER.—KESSLER & RIEHL,**

**Importers, Tanners, and CURRIERS!**

Are now receiving and will keep constantly on hand the largest and best stock of Leather and Findings in the State, consisting of

Spanish Sole Leather, Shoes and Saddle Shirting Oak " Belt and Lace Leather, Upper Leather, French Kip Skins, Harness Leather, French Calf Skins, Bridle Leather, Country Kip Skins, Tampico and Madras Morocco, and Splits.

Also a general assortment of all kinds of Findings, &c., &c.

Please call and examine our stock, as we will not be undersold by any house in the State. Particular attention paid to orders.

Cash paid for Hides, Furs and Deer Skins. **KESSLER & RIEHL,** Sign of the Big Bear—Mackubin's Block, Third St., St. Paul, Minn.

**ST. PAUL HARDWARE STORE.**

**NICOLS & DEAN,**  
Wholesale Dealers

IN

**IRON, NAILS, STEEL,**  
Plows, Axes, Carriage-springs, Axes, Anvil Bellows, and Heavy Hardware Generally,

also

Leather and Gutta Percha Belting, Agricultural Tools, Grindstones, Pittsburg Coal, &c., &c.

Keeps constantly on hand all goods in his line

Agents for Herring & Co.'s celebrated Fire proof Safes.

A German Clerkways in attendance.

**J. B. BRADEN,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

**IRON, NAILS, STEEL,**  
HARDWARE, PITTSBURG COAL, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.,

Keeps constantly on hand all goods in his line

Pig, Swedes and Kensington Bar Iron. Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Cast Steel, Nails, Chains, Anvils, Vices, Axes, &c.

Also the celebrated

**St. Paul Clipper and Rock Island Clipper Plows.**

Which are so well and favorably known, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. Warehouse on Third, between Minnesota and Cedar Streets, St. Paul, Minn. n20-14

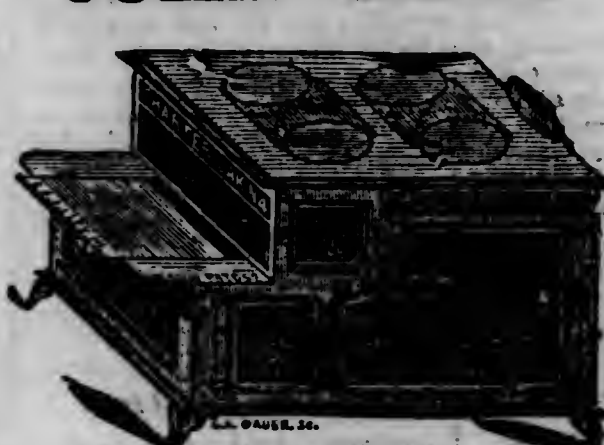
**AMERICAN HOUSE,**  
Shakopee, - - - - - Minnesota.

**SHERARD & PERSHALL,**  
Proprietors.

General Stage and Northwestern Express Office.

Go to HOLMES where you will get the celebrated Belle Plaine Plows at manufacturer prices.

## JOHN HEIN



Dealer in

**Hardware,**

**Tinware,**

**Nails,**

**Glass,**

**and**



Chicago, Prairie du Chien and SAINT PAUL  
RAILROAD  
Way

MOST DIRECT ROUTE  
FROM ALL POINTS IN  
THE NORTH WEST TO  
Chicago, Milwaukee, and  
ALL POINTS  
East and South.

The advantages of this route, from all points on the Upper Mississippi to Chicago and the East, are superior to those offered by any other route.

The Splendid First Class Steamers of the Prairie du Chien and St. Paul Lines, are prior to all others on the Upper Mississippi, for speed, comfort, and convenience, make direct connection with Express Trains at Prairie du Chien.

By this route, passengers are enabled to reach Chicago as quick as by any other; getting a full night's rest and breakfast on the steamer; making the change from St. Paul to Chicago by daylight, and avoiding all omnibus travel.

The distance from St. Paul to Chicago by this route is 400 miles. The distance via the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad is 462 miles. Over one mile of omnibus travel is thereby avoided.

These facts entitle this line to at least an equal share of the North-Western business.

C. N. HUBBELL, Western Traveling Agent, C. P. BACON, General Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.

ROBERT A. CHAMPLIN, Freight Agent, Saint Paul.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Ticket Agent, St. Paul.

J. J. DUFFY, [LATE SWANWICK & DUFFY.] Wholesale and Retail Dealer in HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, Of every description; STOVES, TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' TOOLS, General Forwarding and Commission Merchants, No 1, Holmes' street, SHAKOPEE, MINN.

JOSEPH WEINMANN, Attorney at Law and Notary Public, CARVER, Carver County, Minn.

Prompt attention paid to all sorts of Collections, and Taxes Paid for Non-residents.

REFERENCES: Thompson Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; W. Vinnermann, Carver, Minn.; E. Holm, Carver, Minn.; J. Walton, Chaska, Minn.; Chas. Warner, Chaska, Minn.

BENSON'S STEAM BREWERY, Charles Basler, AGENT, Lager Beer.

The subscriber has always on hand a large supply of this superior beer, which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

FOR CASH, REMEMBER THE PLACE, Steam Brewery, vi-nd Charles Basler, Agent.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEBEAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and dated April 20th, 1857, by William F. Debeault to Jacob S. Chamberlain and by said Chamberlain to said Debeault, together with the note secured thereby, which said mortgage and the assignment thereof was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Carver County, Minn., on January 25, 1858 at ten o'clock A. M.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to statute, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public auction in front of the Post-office in Chaska, in said County, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1862, at 11 o'clock A. M.

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THE KNICKERBOCKER  
FOR 1862.

In the beginning of the last year, when its proprietors assumed control of the Knickerbocker, they announced their determination to spare no pains to place it in its true position as the leading literary Monthly in America.

When the Knickerbocker was first published, it was a new thing in the literary world. It was a new thing in the literary world. It was a new thing in the literary world.

The Knickerbocker, while it will continue to be a new thing in the literary world, it will also be a new thing in the literary world. It will be a new thing in the literary world.

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AYER'S PILLS.

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Induced by the use of the Pills.

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Prospectus  
OF THE  
CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.

There are periods in the world's history marked by extraordinary and violent crises, sudden as the breaking forth of a volcano, or the bursting of a storm on the ocean.

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PERRY DAVIS.  
VEGETABLE  
Pain-Expeller.

THE GREAT  
FAMILY MEDICINE  
OF THE AGE.

WE ask the attention of the trade and public to this long and unvaried  
FAMILY MEDICINE.

For the cure of Colds, Coughs, Weak Stomach, General Debility, Indigestion, Cramp, Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Cholera, Diarrhea, &c. &c.

It is speedily cured by gargling the Throat with a mixture of Pain-Expeller and water.

And For Fever and Ague.  
There is nothing better. It has been favorably known for more than twenty years to be the  
Only Sure Specific.

For the many diseases incident to the human family.  
Internally and Externally.

It works equally well.  
What stronger proof of these facts can be produced than the following letter received from Rev. A. W. Curtis?

Dr. J. N. HARRIS, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
I have used your Pain-Expeller for Colds, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, &c. &c. for the cure of which I have successfully used it, in cases where I have been unable to do so by other means.

I have used your Pain-Expeller for Colds, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, &c. &c. for the cure of which I have successfully used it, in cases where I have been unable to do so by other means.

THE FAIR KILLER.

Has been tested in every year of its existence, and almost every nation known to America. It is almost the constant companion and inestimable friend of the missionary and the traveler, on land and sea, and one should travel on our Lakes or rivers without it.

Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain-Expeller, the name of which is on the wrapper, and which is sold at wholesale and retail by D. L. HOW, Shakopee.

Price 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 per bottle.  
J. N. HARRIS & CO., Proprietors for the Western and Southern States, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
Sold at Wholesale and Retail by D. L. HOW, Shakopee.

SUMMONS.  
State of Minnesota, ss  
County of Carver, ss  
To the Sheriff or any constable of said county:

In the name of the State of Minnesota: You are hereby commanded to summon Ole Rod, Jr., if he shall be found in your county, to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the seventh day of August, 1862, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the village of Carver, in said county, to answer to a writ of Habeas Corpus, and have your return then and there.

Given under my hand this 12th day of July, A. D. 1862.  
J. S. LEFFORD, Justice of the Peace.

NATIONAL FAMILY NEWS-PAPER.  
THE HOME JOURNAL FOR 1862.  
MORRIS AND WILLIS, EDITORS.

A new series of this universally popular family newspaper will be commenced on the fourth day of January next—printed as heretofore, on the finest of paper and with the best of type. Terms—For one copy \$2; for three copies \$5—or one copy three years, \$5; for a club of seven, \$10; for a club of fifteen, \$20; and so on, in proportion. Always in advance.

MORRIS & WILLIS, Editors & Proprietors, 107 Fulton St., N. Y.





C. A. WARNER,

The Constitution as it is, The Union as it ought to be.

Proprietor.

VOL. 1.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1862.

NO. 8.

## The Herald.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING AT  
CHASKA - - - Minnesota.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
One year \$1.50  
Six months .75  
Three months .50

RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
One square (10 lines or less) one time \$1.00  
One square (10 lines or less) one month \$10.00  
One square (10 lines or less) one year \$100.00  
One line (10 lines or less) one time .25  
One line (10 lines or less) one month \$2.50  
One line (10 lines or less) one year \$25.00  
Business cards not over 5 lines .50  
Over 5 lines and under 10 1.00  
Over 10 lines and under 15 1.50  
Over 15 lines and under 20 2.00

## JOB PRINTING.

We have also, in connection with our establishment, a good Job Office, with an extensive variety of type, including  
POSTERS, HAND BILLS, CARDS,  
Ball Tickets, and Blankets,  
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,  
Which we will execute in a neat and workmanlike manner, either  
PLAIN OR IN COLORS,  
And upon short notice.

## JAMES DELEMATER.

Justice of the Peace, Chaska, Minnesota.

## JOB W. K.

Of all kinds, native executed, at this office.

## CHASKA BREWERY.

Fritz & Umer, proprietors. Cash paid for barley.

## JOHN A. DUNKLE.

Dealer in Wood and hoop poles. Chaska, Minnesota.

## BAVARIAN HOUSE.

Paul Metzger, Proprietor, Walnut street, Chaska, Minnesota.

## WOOD! WOOD!!

The highest price in cash paid for wood by Chas. Wilson, Chaska, Minn.

## HENRY YOUNG.

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries and Liquors, Chaska, Minnesota.

## FRANK DESLER.

Blacksmith, Shoeing done at short notice, Chaska, Minnesota.

## FRANK WARNER,

ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Carver, Minnesota.

## JOHN SCHWARTZ.

MERCHANT Tailor, Holmes street, Shakopee, Minn.

## WACONIA HOUSE.

H. BERRAU, Proprietor, Waconia, Carver County, Minnesota.

## CARVER HOUSE.

L. H. GRIFFIN, Proprietor, Corner of Broadway and Third Streets, Carver, Minn.

## BATES HOUSE.

J. W. BATES, Proprietor. Fare good and charges moderate. Glencoe Minn.

## FRED GREINER.

Sheriff of Carver County. Office in the Court House, Chaska, Minnesota.

## JOH. NEUNSENGER.

Butcher, Dealer in Fresh and salt meats, German sausage, &c., &c. Chaska, Minn.

## MATTHIAS GOETZ.

Boot and shoe maker. Repairing neatly done on short notice. Chaska, Minnesota.

## WM. B. NEWCOMB.

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, and Provision, cash paid for produce. Chaska, Minnesota.

## CHASKA HOUSE.

Free breakfast, proprietor charges moderate. Fare lunch every day. Good stabling attached to the house. Walnut street, Chaska, Minn.

## J. A. WARNER.

Wholesale and retail dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries and provisions. Boots, shoes, Hats, caps, etc., etc. Cash paid for grain and produce. Chaska, Minn.

## CITY HOTEL.

BISHOP, Proprietor. Fourth street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul, Minn. Board one dollar per day. Good stabling and barn attached. Stages leave this house daily for all parts of the country.

## ST. PAUL HOUSE.

J. EDWARDS, Proprietor, Shakopee, Minnesota. Table supplied with the best market affords prices in accordance with the times. Good stabling and water for teams.

## Blanks for sale.

We have for sale and keep on hand a full assortment of Blanks of all kinds—Warrantee and Quit-claim Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, with and without water clause, etc., etc., which we sell at 25 c. per piece.

## MARCIA T'S HOTEL.

SHAW & LUNT, Proprietors. Corner of Third and Jackson Streets, St. Paul, Minnesota.

## CABINET WARE ROOMS.

HIRSCHER & Peters, Holmes street, one door north of the American House, Chaska, Minn. Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Cabinet Ware, warranted to be as good, and sold as low as anywhere in the State. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Shakopee, July 13, 1861.

## W. B. GRIMWOOD.

Attorney at Law. Having perfected arrangements with parties in Washington for the prosecution of war claims, I am prepared with full instructions and blanks to prepare and forward for adjustment and payment, all claims of Bounty, Arrears, and Pension, as well as claims for property destroyed or appropriated by the Government.

## J. A. SARGENT.

Attorney at Law. Having perfected arrangements with parties in Washington for the prosecution of war claims, I am prepared with full instructions and blanks to prepare and forward for adjustment and payment, all claims of Bounty, Arrears, and Pension, as well as claims for property destroyed or appropriated by the Government.

## BASLER HOUSE.

Chas. Basler, - - - Proprietor. Having recently made considerable alterations and repairs to our house we are now prepared to entertain in an unexceptionable manner all who may favor us with a call. Thankful for past favors, we still solicit a share of the patronage of the traveling public. Our stand is situated on the corner of Broadway and Third streets, Carver, Minn.

## A good Stable attached to the House.

Chaska, Minnesota, Sept. 18, 1862. C. E. BENT.

## CHASKA BRICK YARD.

GREGG & BARKER, Proprietors. We have now, and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of our Superior Brick, and we will sell them at a price that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Chaska, October 1st, 1862.

## J. S. DUBOIS.

House, Sign, Carriage, and Ornamental Painter and Paper HANGER. Would respectfully offer his services to the citizens of Chaska and vicinity. All kinds of Painting done at short notice and on reasonable terms. Shop opposite Store, Carver street, N. B. Country Produce taken in exchange for work. Shakopee, Mar. 24th, 1860.

## Blacksmithing!

Lewis Wolff.

## BLACK SMITH.

AND

## Plow Manufacturer.

Chaska - - - Minnesota.

## SHEENEY & BROTHER.

Rectifiers. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Groceries.

## THIRD STREET BETWEEN JACKSON AND ROBERT STS.

DAWSON'S BLOCK, ST. PAUL, MINN. We have constantly on hand a large supply of Kentucky Copper Distilled Whiskey, to which the attention of the trade is invited; as we are satisfied from our experience in the business that we can do better for them than any other house in the city.

## Surveying.

THE undersigned would inform the people of Carver County that he is prepared to do any job of surveying in a satisfactory manner, and upon short notice. [37] J. G. BRONLUS.

## Poetry.

### MY MOTHER.

BY J. KEITH MOORE, M. D.

You are growing old, my mother,  
Your hair is growing grey;  
The bloom of youth has long since left  
The cheeks, and faded away.

The light has left thine eye;  
The smile that wreathed thy parting lips,  
Have left them now for aye!

Long years have passed, my mother,  
Since I knew thee in thy prime;  
And now the songs you taught me  
I sing, and the tears I shed.

And though we are now parted,  
And I dwell exiled from home,  
Yet I love thee still, dear mother,  
Through these many years of gloom.

I've found no home like thine, mother—  
No voice so sweet and gentle—  
No power to soothe and calm me—  
No love so true and true.

That God may bless thee, mother,  
And fill thy heart with joy,  
Is but a prayer I breathe often,  
By day and night, and every day.

And when we both are called from earth,  
Oh! may we reach that home,  
Where love outlasts the flight of years,  
And changes never come.

## Selec. Miscellany.

### Our English Friends.

Gen. Francis Train has commenced lecturing in this country against England. He has no cause to have the British but if he wants to serve his country he will turn his guns against the rebels. There is already ill-will enough between England and America.

So says a contemporary, and we agree with it. For one who was a war with England, France, or any other else. By the way, we get through the present conflict, we shall have debt enough, and taxation enough, and sorrow enough, and bloodshed enough and trouble enough in all ways, to satisfy the most impatient of rebels.

We are opposed to any more fighting just for the purpose of keeping our hands in, or punishing and enlightening foreign folly.

One excellent result the foolish articles in the English journals are working out, and that is a complete emancipation from all mental and colonial bias in Europe. Our people, especially the scholars and thinkers, no longer care a jot for what the English journals say. Their denunciations are simply for the benefit of the English people, and their suggestions to get angry at them. How can we be angry at them when they are so stupid and stupidly so?

Just to think, for instance, of the London Times taking the recent outpouring of the militia of this state as a proof of our general inferiority to the English Government!—If we could we would have the least respect for the opinions of men who make such monstrous blunders? The song says—

"If you're an angel, where's your wings?"  
We may say to the self-styled lions of the London press, if you are not donkeys who do you so much longer?

—instead of laughing at them. He does not seem to see the good they are doing in redeeming us from our old absurd deference to European opinion, that last relic of the colonial era. He does not see that even now we are working out our intellectual independence of Europe, and that we have really come to think for ourselves, instead of getting angry with them. Blessed be our enemies, they are doing us more good than they know or can.

English opinion will be all right, as soon as we throw the rebels. The Times will chop around as sudden as it did some years ago from Whig to Tory, and preach funeral orations at the grave of our country.

Our countrymen at the grave of our countrymen. There is one thing in English friends, like mankind in general, understand perfectly, and that is success. There is no use in trying to enlighten them by any other means, for this is the product and result. In the meantime, so long as it pleases them, and does not hurt us, let them utter any amount of nonsense and absurdity they can think of.

## Humor of Soldier Life.

A private soldier, by the name of Richard Lee, was taken before the magazine of Chaska, for playing cards during divine service. The account of it is thus given in the English Journal—

"Sergeant Smith led the soldiers at the church, and when the psalm had read the prayers, he took the text. 'Those who had a Bible took it out. This soldier had neither Bible nor Common Prayer Book, but pulling out a pack of cards, he spread them out before him. The first looked at one card and then another. The sergeant of the company saw him and said:—

'Richard, put up the cards; this is no place for them.'—

'Never mind that,' said Richard. 'When the service was over, the constable took Richard a prisoner, and brought him before the mayor.

'Well,' says the mayor, 'what have you brought the soldier here for?'—

'For playing cards in church.'

'Well, soldier, what have you to say for yourself?'—

'Much, sir, I hope. Very good; if not, I will punish you more than ever man was punished.'

'I have been,' said the soldier, 'about six weeks on my march, and I have neither Bible nor Common Prayer Book, I have nothing but a pack of cards, and I hope to satisfy your worship of the purity of my intentions.'

'Then spreading the cards before the mayor, he began with the ace:—

'When I see the ace it reminds me that there is but one God.

'When I see the deuce it reminds me of Father and Son.

'When I see the three it reminds me of Father, Son and Holy Ghost.

'When I see the four, it reminds me of the four Evangelists that preached—Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John.

'When I see the five, it reminds me of the five virgins who refused their lamps. There were ten, but five were wise and five were foolish, and were shut out.

'When I see the six, it reminds me that in six days the Lord made heaven and earth.

'When I see the seven, it reminds me that on the seventh day God rested from the great work he had made, and hallowed it.

'When I see the eight, it reminds me of the eight righteous persons that were saved when God destroyed the world, viz. Noah and his wife, his three sons and their wives.

'When I see the nine, it reminds me of the nine apostles that were chosen by our Savior. There were nine out of ten who never returned thence.

'When I see the ten, it reminds me of the ten commandments which God handed down at Mount Sinai on the table of stone.

'When I see the King it reminds me of the great King of Heaven, which is God Almighty.

'When I see the Queen, it reminds me of the Queen of Sheba who visited Solomon, for she was a wise woman as he was a man. She brought with her fifty boys and fifty girls all dressed in gay apparel, for King Solomon told them they were boys and which were girls. King Solomon sent for water for them to wash; the girls washed with rose flowers, and the boys with the worst, so King Solomon told by that.

'Well,' said the mayor, 'you have given a description of all the cards in the pack except one.'—

'What is that?'—

'I will give you a description of that, too, if you will not be angry.

'I will not,' said the mayor, 'if you do not turn me to be the knave.'

'Well,' said the soldier, 'the greatest knave that I know of is the constable that brought me here.'

'I do not know,' said the mayor, 'if he is the greatest knave, but I know he is the greatest fool.'

'When I count how many cards in a pack of cards, I find there are thirty-six cards in a year; and on an average, the trees, I find thirteen the number of weeks in a quarter.

'I do not see, sir, a pack of cards served for a Bible, almanac, and Common Prayer Book.'

## New Business for the Corn Exchange.

A good thing came off on Tuesday, when the Corn Exchange met to elect a President for the year. Among the men who were there was a young fellow, who was taking leave of his young wife to go to the war. He had a broken heart, and eyes that lay below in tears like violets in a summer shower. The man dressed her, but she still started when he told her of the patriotism and mission of the Corn Exchange Association, and the danger of the country, and her own duty as a woman.

'Sally,' said he, 'quit crying. You see what the Corn Exchange has done. They have made a young lady, fitted her out, and everything.'

'Yes,' the girl sobbed, 'but—'

'But if you get killed what then?'—

'Oh!—The man heeded for a moment until a lady thought struck him. 'Why then the Corn Exchange will fix you another husband.'

The fatherlessness of the idea changed the current of the girl's ideas, and a smile wreathed her pretty mouth and dimples in a manner that was pleasant to behold. The next moment she was on her feet, and the next she was giving the young couple a kiss, and departed in good cheer.

## Crisp Toast.

At the Printer's Festival, in Boston, the toast was:—'Long live the Press.' The editor of the man that is expected to know everything, tell all he knows, and use all the rest to make his own character, establish the reputation of his neighbor, and elect all candidates to office, to blow up everybody and set the world on fire for the benefit of others, and the support of his household. Here he sits at a table in a room where he is not wanted, on the track of public notice, his liver is his pen; his boiler is filled with ink; his tender is his scissors; his driving-wheel is public opinion; whenever he complies, it is caused by the non-payment of subscription.

## A Baked Bible.

There is a Bible in Lucas county, Ohio, which was once baked in a loaf of bread.

It belongs to Mr. Schenck, a worthy member of the United Brethren Church, who resides near Mansfield, Ohio. Mr. Schenck is a native of England, and the Bible was originally the property of his grandfather, who was a faithful Protestant Christian in the times which tried the souls of men.

During one of the cruel persecutions which have been so common in England, an act was passed that every Bible in the hands of the peasantry should be delivered up to the authorities and destroyed. Various expedients were resorted to by the Bible loving Protestants to preserve the precious Word of Life. Mrs. Schenck's grandfather, the present owner, placed hers in the centre of a batch of dough, which was ready for the oven, and baked it.

The house was carefully searched, but no Bible was found; and when the tools of priestly tyranny had departed, and the danger was past, the Bible was taken out of the loaf. It was printed one hundred and fifty years ago.

## Different Views Regarding Marriage.

Dr. Thomson has lately written off the different views which obtain among different classes and different communities respecting marriage. One says: 'I wish to take advice about a serious matter that weighs heavily upon my mind.'—What is it?—'Getting married. Is it best?—'Well, you have your view? If she is young, handsome, and virtuous, the sooner you get her the better. Who is she?—'Oh, no, no, in particular; it is marrying in the abstract that I am thinking of.'—That is young Germany. 'Z and, I love her, and will have her, if I have to swim the river for her.'—Young America. 'No, I don't desire to marry a girl from me. Where you go, I will go, where you stop, I will stop, where you live I will live, where you die I will die, and where you are buried there will I be buried.'—That is young Ireland. 'It is a worth three thousand men, and a hundred and twenty sword points, six shillings and fourpence half-penny, when under the circumstances, is not quite sufficient.'—Young England.

## How to Judge Weather Signs.

Alfred Fitzroy, in his instruction to meteorological observers, is careful not to cut off any source of information, as he especially notes that the observation of a nature are to be watched. Thus when a bird is flying high, and far to seaward, far away from the shore, it is the contrary of what they have about the land, and if inward, stormy weather is indicated. When animals, instead of spreading over their usual range, seek sheltered places, storms may be expected. It is an indication of low barometer, if the birds are flying low, and the birds near the horizon is a sign of wet. When a man's shadow is cast long and thin, it is a sign of a storm, and when his shadow is cast short and fat, it is a sign of a storm.

## Garibaldi Coming.

The American Consul at Vienna, wrote to Garibaldi, asking him, as he had failed in his patriotic efforts in Italy, if he would offer his valiant arm in the American struggle for liberty and union, and promising him an enthusiastic reception.

Garibaldi, under date of Sept. 14th, replied:—

'I am a prisoner, and danger is all around me. I am consequently unable for me to do anything for myself.'

'However, as soon as I am restored to liberty, and my wounds are healed, I shall take the first opportunity to satisfy my desire to serve the great American Republic, of which I am a citizen, and which is now fighting for universal liberty.'

The above correspondence appeared in the Wanderer, of Vienna.

## Going Fourth-ly.

This Boston Post gives forth the following item:—'There is a young man in the state who was born July fourth, at four o'clock, a. m. at No. 41 in a street in this city, 1841, a fourth child of his father, enlisted into the Newton company when his father had four hundred and forty-four legions, fourth company, and on the fourth day of September was appointed fourth corporal, and is now going forth to defend his country.'

Those who go round with the contribution box in their hands, churches, fairs and fairs, the day after they go about in the same way, the following dialogue ensued:—Parson L—'extend the Bibles to Bill, and he says yes, he will.'—Come, William, give us a melody, said the parson. 'Can't do it,' replied Bill. 'Why not?'—'I don't care to sing a good one?—'Yes, you ought to sing a good one?—'You must give a better reason than that. 'Well, I've too much money; I must be just before I am generous, you know.'—'That's William's way, you said a stranger that you owe any one else.'—'That's true, parson, but then he isn't pushing me like the rest of my creditors.' The argument was conclusive.

## Song of the Lullaby to be 'Lullabyed' per son.

'I would I were a baby again.'

What do you think of this line?

## Troubled with Hoax.

An applicant for exemption on account of physical disability, informed the examining physician that he was troubled with heart disease. The doctor told him to run up and down the stairs leading to his office once or twice. The applicant did this, when the physician, listening to the throb of the heart, said: 'You will pass, sir; it is a hoax if you please.' But, doctor, said the man, let me run down stairs once and then try me?—The doctor assented; the man ran down—and forgot to come back.

## Curious Case.

A clergyman, who was going to his colored servant, 'What were you doing in meeting this morning?'—'Singing mass?'—'What were you singing?'—'The divine.'—'Now, clergyman, all the gentry take notice of you. You have a pair of shoulder-straps which article, abundant manifestly just now in the Federal capitol. The sacred straps was saying something about his desire to command the holy guard of some General. 'Bully guard,' quoth Secretary Stanton, 'very well, General, in chief of his feet tell me that the only boy's guard he ever had was a bull-terrier pup.' Straps said nothing.

## Local Granger.

Local Granger, who was a remarkable guy, once convinced that he was the hindmost thing in the world. He proved it by the fact that he was the hindmost thing in the world. He proved it by the fact that he was the hindmost thing in the world. He proved it by the fact that he was the hindmost thing in the world.

## Red is the most fatal color to be worn on the battle field.

The rebel prisoners say that they always take a regiment of Zouaves, with red trousers, as they serve as distinctive marks. In evidence of this take the case of the 11th Wisconsin and 11th New York, three-fourths of the casualties among them in every battle being in the lower limbs.

## Our Chip-Basket.

The poorest heart is that which dures to sell its life for a chip.

Or warm friendships, like hot coals, are quickly dropped.

Wives are great helpmates. They help in many ways to dispose of their cash.

Where the lawyers flourish, we may take for granted that the law does not.

Excuse the whole man—the head, the heart, the body; the head to think, the heart to feel, and the body to act.

Believe one half the ill one woman speaks of another, but credit twice the good she reports of her.



The Herald.  
C. A. Warner, - - Editor.



CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1862.

Republican Ticket.

Carver County.  
For Representative in Congress.  
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

CHAS. A. WARNER,  
of Carver County.  
For Representatives, for the 6th Senatorial District.

W. G. BUTLER,  
of Wright County.  
C. F. DAVIS,  
of Meeker County.  
B. G. LEE,  
of McLeod County.

Auditor—George Bennett.  
SHERIFF—J. W. Hartwell.

To Our Exchanges.

It perhaps has not been noticed by the former exchanges of the Valley Transcript that that paper has been discontinued and the concern, together with its exchanges turned over to the proprietor of this paper. The VALLEY HERALD is published in Chaska, two miles below Carver, in the same county, and those exchanging with us will please address "VALLEY HERALD," Chaska, Carver County, Minn., and oblige the proprietor.

WAR SUMMARY.

The Richmond Whig acknowledges a defeat at Corinth, which it characterizes as a bloody reverse. Thirteen Union prisoners, confined in Castle Thunder, Richmond, attempted to escape a few nights since, and though they succeeded in getting out of prison, were re-captured. The crew of the schooner Fanny Elmore, captured by the rebels at Cedar Creek a week ago, including Captain J. Smith, reached Richmond a few days since. A resolution has been passed the rebel Senate, declaring the authority exercised by provost marshals over citizens, illegal and void. The rebel army in Virginia is represented as suffering severely. The yellow fever continues to rage violently in Wilmington, N. C. Eleven hundred Union troops have landed at Jacksonville, Fla. The Enquirer indorses a communication urging upon slave owners on the border, in view of President Lincoln's proclamation of emancipation, to remove their slaves to the interior, behind the rebel army. The Enquirer also prints the comments of the Northern press on the proclamation, and also Gen. McClellan's order to the army of the Potomac.

Our late dispatches narrate the destruction of a number of peaceful merchant vessels, by the new pirate steamer "209" or Alabama. This vessel, it will be remembered, derives her name from the fact that she was built for the rebels by the subscriptions of 209 English merchants. Such exhibitions of neutrality as this are not calculated to foster the kindest feelings on this side of the Atlantic towards the mercantile classes of England. It is to be hoped that the career of this piratical craft may be brought to a speedy close.

Hor Raising in Minnesota.—Mr. J. M. Troll, of Carver county, raised this year 150 bushels of hops, by way of experiment, which are declared by our brewers to be a superior article to that imported from New York, or from any other State. As there is a large amount of this article brought to this State yearly by the brewers, to be used in the manufacture of beer, it would be a good thing for the State if this annual expenditure could be dispensed with, and we record with great satisfaction the result of the experiment of Mr. Troll.

Mr. Troll lives about three miles from Chaska, and as a neighbor we congratulate him upon his success in the hop business. There is no reason why hops should not be raised in this county as abundantly and of as good quality as in the State of New York. The yield per acre is ten times that of any other production; and as much is used in this and adjoining counties we commend to our farmers the success attending Mr. Troll's efforts and advise them to set out a small hop yard, and with care they will be able to reap a rich reward. It costs but little to make the experiment, and another special inducement is that you can always exchange it for Lager Beer.

The scarcity of laborers is noticed thus by the St. Paul Press: We have never known a time in this State when there was such a demand for laborers as at present. The various public improvements and projected buildings are progressing but slowly for the want of laborers. The Railroad company are offering nine shillings a day for men at St. Anthony, and still they cannot get all they want. Men are demanding twenty six dollars a month for the winter in the Prairie, and good hands have no trouble in getting it. Truly this is the laborer's harvest money plenty, work abundant and wages high. Thus may it ever be.

The arrival of Africans at Washington from Virginia, for the last two or three weeks have averaged about thirty a day.

From Gen. Sibley's Camp.

Alex. Ritter, Saller of the Sixth Regiment, and Sergeant Gilbert, arrived in this city yesterday, with dispatches from Gen. Sibley. They left Camp Release on Saturday morning, and have made the quickest trip between these points yet on record.

On the 15th inst., Gen. Sibley organized an expedition composed of company B, Sixth Regiment, twenty-five mounted men of the Third under Sergeant Fox, and ten mounted scouts under Lieut. G. A. McLeod, all under the command of Capt. Merriam, which left Camp Release at ten o'clock in the evening, and proceeded about fifteen miles to the other side of Lac qui Parle, and succeeded in capturing without any resistance, twenty-two men, twenty-two women, and twenty-three children, most of the former being known as deeply implicated in the late outrages. They were conducted under escort to Gen. Sibley's headquarters, and properly secured; while the women and children were ordered to join the General camp at Yellow Medicine.

The Military Commission was again convened for the trial of the prisoners, and some twenty cases were immediately disposed of. Gen. Sibley estimates the entire force of the Medakantonwan and Wakpeton Sioux warriors at seven hundred and fifty. Of these are held as prisoners at Camp Release, 129; friendly Indians in the same camp, used as scouts, 5; prisoners at Yellow Medicine, strictly confined, 234; friendly Indians there, under surveillance, 69; known to have been killed at Wood Lake, 30; supposed to have been wounded at Wood Lake, about 40,—making in all about 400 warriors accounted for, and leaving 250, besides the 100 in White Lodge and Sleepy Eyes' Band of Lower Sissetons, who committed the Lake Shetek massacres yet to be found and dealt with. This estimate embraces all the bands below Big Stone Lake.

The Sioux Indian warriors above are believed by those who have the greatest facilities for knowing to be about as follows: Sissetons of Standing Buffalo, Wanata and Red Feathers, with other smaller bands at Big Stone Lake and Lake Traverse, 450; Elyaktons, including Cut Heads and Ontonagons, 300. The latter may be somewhat underestimated, but they cannot in any event exceed 1000 warriors. To these may be added about 400 Missouri Yanktons, with whom the Elyaktons are intimately connected, and by whom they could be readily reinforced. This would make an aggregate force of 2,200 warriors.

On the 14th an expedition was sent out under the command of Lieut. Col. Marshall with six days provisions in quest of Indians supposed to be in the neighborhood of Big Stone Lake, which had not been heard from when our informants left.

From Kentucky.

The Journal Times all reports of recent fighting at Big Hill. One hundred Federal cavalry entered and occupied the town of Lexington to-day. Bragg, on Tuesday, with 40,000 men, was at Crab Orchard, intending to camp a few miles below. He is rapidly retreating toward Mount Vernon. Kirby Smith was going out of Kentucky on the road to Manchester, Clay county; thence by the road whereon Bragg is retreating, toward Cumberland Gap. It is reported that the mountaineers are falling trees and otherwise blocking up the roads over which the rebels must pass in order to leave the State.

The rebels are retreating towards Cumberland Gap. They destroyed nine hundred of their wagons and the bridge across the Kentucky river, east of Harrodsburg. Gilbert's corps moved on Wednesday morning to cross the river. A rebel force of infantry and artillery was there to dispute the passage.

Sigel and the Californians.

German residents of San Francisco have subscribed \$1,000 to procure a testimonial for presentation to Gen. Sigel. The present will be a golden eagle, wreathed with laurel and set with diamonds. The San Francisco Bulletin has the following paragraph: "Frederick Meyer, of this city, who fought under Sigel at Baden-Baden, in 1848, has just received a commission as Second Lieutenant in the United States army, obtained by Sigel's influence. Lieutenant Meyer is said never to have asked for the commission, but Sigel remembered him."

Gen. Rufus King.

The Green Bay Advocate of the 16th has the following paragraph which we have good reason to believe is correct: "We have it from the best authority that Gen. Halleck and the Secretary of War have both stated to Gen. King that no charge of any kind has ever been made against him; and Gen. Halleck informed him that, as soon as he is fit for duty he will be restored to his command."

Gen. Kirby Smith.

It is not generally known that the rebel General, Thos. Kirby Smith, is a native of Middlesex county, Connecticut, twenty miles south from Hartford. A few years since he left that place and went to New Orleans, where, engaging in business with his half brother, he amassed a large fortune. Upon the breaking out of the rebellion, he became one of its military leaders upon the side of treason.

Those who speak of the high prices of gold as a depreciation of the government paper or credit, should recollect that the government paper is as good as gold. Manifestly then it is neither the government credit nor the government paper at fault but the government tax and bank issues, and the confining of a currency to itself and based upon its own credit or resources, would have been no such spasms or differences in the currency of the country.

The Liverpool Post thinks that the formidable iron-clad navy of America renders it impossible that there ever should be a war between a European power and the United States.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.  
Adjutant General's Office.  
St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 15th, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. SIXTY-TWO.]  
Several of the counties still being delinquent in regard to furnishing the lists required in making the draft under the late call of the President of the United States and many of the citizens of the State having been driven from their homes by the Indians, and many others having been in the service against the Indians temporarily, who have now returned to their homes or are about so to return, for the purpose of saving whatever of their property has not been entirely destroyed, and in hopes that the securing of the crops, interrupted by the Indians' troubles, may as far as possible be completed, and the depopulated counties re-organized, the Draft will not be made until the tenth day of November next; at which time it is intended that the same shall proceed upon such data as may then be at hand.

The people of the State are earnestly requested to fill up the first Regiment of Cavalry, now being organized for one year's service, as a mounted force, and greatly needed to drive the Indians from our frontier, before the commencement of the winter. All recruits so enlisted will be credited to their respective localities upon the number otherwise to be furnished by drafting.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.  
OSCAR MALMROS,  
Adjutant-General.

Papers throughout Minnesota are authorized to copy once and charge the State.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.  
Adjutant General's Office.  
St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 15th, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. SIXTY-FIVE.]  
The Sheriffs of the different counties in the State, are hereby instructed, that upon the completion of the draft in their several counties, under the late call for troops by the President of the United States, or as soon as it shall have been ascertained that such county has furnished their full quota of troops without drafting, they file the enrolment lists of their respective counties with the Auditor of such county.

And the several county Auditors are directed to file the said enrolment lists in their several offices, as a part of the records of their several counties, and preserve the same for future use and reference.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.  
OSCAR MALMROS,  
Adjutant-General.

Papers throughout Minnesota are authorized to copy once and charge the State.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.  
Adjutant General's Office.  
St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 14th, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. SIXTY-FOUR.]  
All recruits enlisting in the 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th Regiments Minnesota Volunteers, are hereby directed forthwith to join their respective commands and report to the commanding officer thereof, and if they fail to comply herewith they will be treated as deserters.

All peace officers, and all law-abiding citizens are requested to inform this office of any instance of disobedience to this order that may come under their observation or within their knowledge.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.  
OSCAR MALMROS,  
Adjutant-General.

Papers throughout Minnesota are authorized to copy once and charge the State.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.  
Adjutant General's Office.  
St. Paul, Oct. 14th, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. SIXTY-THREE.]  
All companies of troops and other military organizations in the Volunteer State Militia, organized for the purpose of serving within the State only, excepting such as have been organized pursuant to a special act of the Legislature, are hereby directed to retire from active service in behalf of the State of Minnesota, unless they shall be retained by Special orders from this Office, or from Major General Pope, Commanding the Department of the Northwest.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.  
OSCAR MALMROS,  
Adjutant-General.

Papers throughout Minnesota are authorized to copy once and charge the State.

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE.

St. Paul, October 7, 1862.  
The undersigned, representing the Republican State Central Committee, and in behalf of the candidates for Congress: Hon. William Windom for the First District, and Ignatius Donnelly for the Second District, deems it proper to call the attention of the voters of the State to some views of the pending political canvass which appeal directly to their judgment and to their personal interests.

There are at this time but two political divisions in the State—the loyal and the disloyal.

The first, known by the name of "Union," is one of the districts, and by the name of "Republican" in another, has received into its ranks the loyal men of all the heretofore recognized parties. Its purpose is to save the Union by any and every means, and its loyalty has never yet been doubted.

The second party, claiming the name of the Democracy, although but a fraction of that once great organization, and without any of the peculiar views which once distinguished it, contains in its ranks every man in the State whose loyalty to the Government is new, or has been at any time, questioned.

The Union, or Republican party, has by the platform of its District conventions, distinctly ignored all the bygone and dead issues of politics.

It proposes to save the Union by upholding the Government and crushing out the rebellion.

It proposes for itself to plan a line of duty—fidelity to the administration and destruction to traitors.

The so-called Democratic party gives but a feeble promise of support to the Administration.

Its platform contains not a single word in unequivocal reprobation of the southern conspirators who have plunged the country into all the calamities and horrors of civil war.

It contains not a single word in unequivocal support of the war.

Its platform proposes to "sustain the Government," (not, be it observed, in the war against rebellion, but) in its efforts to restore the Union. How this is to be accomplished—whether by dastardly and humiliating compromises, or by submitting to the Government of rebel congress—it does not say.

This is the only pledge of support of the Government, of any kind, in the entire Democratic platform.

It must not be forgotten that every word of this platform was carefully weighed and studied, and that these omissions were intended, and are most significant.

What does the party we represent propose for the disorders of the nation? An earnest, vigorous, persistent prosecution of the war—for the restoration of the Union—the suppression of the rebellion—and the re-establishment of peace.

With peace so obtained will come prosperity and through no other channel can it reach us.

When the public mind can confidently rely upon the power of the Government to quell intestine disturbance, then and not till then, commerce, manufactures, and prosperity will revive, and growth and prosperity are more return to us.

What does the so-called Democratic party propose for the future? Nothing—LITERALLY NOTHING!

They submit no plan of adjustment of our difficulties; they point to no outlet from our calamities; they propose no remedy for the disorders of the nation.

Their entire platform is a list of captious objections urged against the details of the war, and borrowed, principally, from the orations of Breckenridge and the editorials of the Richmond papers.

At the same time it is doubtful whether the whole people may not fall under the spell of a powerful and able rebellion, this faction desires that the rebellion itself shall be treated with extraordinary tenderness; and the protest in their platform against the enactment, by Congress of confiscation measures of extreme severity.

In a time of war their sympathies are with our enemies.

While grief and desolation sit in ten thousand households throughout the loyal States, they fear lest the power of the Government may be used with "extreme severity" against armed traitors and rebels.

Their tears are not for the blood that flows from Northern and loyal veins, but for that which changes to flow from Southern and rebel veins.

They desire that a long-suffering, much-enduring nation shall patiently submit to new indignities; shall sink still lower in the dust; and shall refrain from using every means which God and nature has given to crush out its relentless enemies.

Will the people of the State commit their fortunes to the control of this faction of blind disloyalists?

Whether will they lead them? Through war to peace? No! they have no word of endorsement of the war in all their platform.

They are opposed to the war—(in their opposition to the bill enabling the soldiers to vote)—to disfranchise the most patriotic portion of the people, and subject them unwillingly to their own timid and treacherous rule.

Not for this are they ready to play with capitious charges and obnoxious the power of the Administration at the very time which it most needs the undivided support of all the people.

Will they reach peace by compromise? Who has hinted the terms of any compromise? What compromise is possible? What will become of the whole doctrine of free government if the armed minority rule the peaceful majority?—if the will of twenty millions of people is to sink before the will of six millions—if five votes in Minnesota are to be equalized by one ride in South Carolina?

Such a state of things would be simply a military despotism;—the despotism of a mob;—ten thousand times worse than the rule of a single able and intelligent tyrant.

If the people give way to cowardly doubts, to factious sentiments, to mercenary motives, this great people will sink in a sea of misrule and misery. When order dies the love of liberty will not die with it, but a period of anarchy will bridge the chasm between destroyed freedom and restored peace. An immense multitude of people, held together by no common tie, spread over a vast region of country, and possessed of the most determined love of personal independence, will—if ever anarchy falls upon them—pass into excesses which no human mind can at this moment foresee.

Should such convulsions visit the bosom of our once happy country, the personal prosperity of citizens would sink like bubbles in the wave.

As war is ever dangerous to free government, do not let us prolong and increase the danger by intestine dissensions; but, rather, close up the ranks and stand the danger by conquering peace.

We ask for our candidates for Congress the support of every man in the State whose heart is in sympathy with the object for which this war is now being waged; and of every man who desires, to see those objects attained by a brief and vigorous prosecution of the war.

ROBERT F. FISK,  
Chairman Republican State Central Committee.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, NAILS.

GLASS, HATS, CAPS & READY MADE CLOTHING.

Forwarding & Commission Merchant.

CHAS. A. WARNER & CO.

WILKINS AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

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PROSPECTUS  
OF THE  
St. Paul Press.

A Republican Newspaper.

The success which the Press has achieved affords the best evidence of its value as a newspaper, and that it more fully meets the wants and views of the people of Minnesota than any other paper.

It has attained a circulation in its several editions greater than any other paper in St. Paul, or north-west of Milwaukee.

The Press will continue to advocate the interests of free American labor; the perpetuity of the Union and the preservation of Republican institutions; honesty and economy in Government; the vigorous prosecution of the war for the suppression of the slaveholders' rebellion; the use of every available means to crush the rebellion effectually, without regard to the preservation of the "regular institution" for which the war was begun.

The Press will give the current history of the war. The general news of the day. All the telegraphic news of the associated Press of the United States the same morning that it is given to the public in the leading cities of the Union; the proceedings of Congress and State Legislatures; and by authority.

The Laws of Minnesota.

Market Reports by telegraph, from New York, Chicago and Milwaukee; and carefully prepared commercial reports of the market and trade of St. Paul.

The St. Paul Weekly Press.  
Enlarged and in Quarto Form.  
Will contain about forty-five columns of reading matter—nearly eight pages—each week, but little space being devoted to advertisements.

Terms:  
One copy one year \$2.00  
One copy six months 1.00  
Three copies one year 4.50  
Five copies one year 6.50  
Seven copies one year 8.00  
Ten copies one year to one address 10.00  
21 copies one year, to one address 20.00  
clergymen will be furnished for One Dollar additional to clubs—for unexpired time—may be made at any time.

In clubs to separate address, each copy \$1.20.

St. Paul Tri-Weekly Press.  
containing all the news matter of the daily press.  
One copy one year \$5.00  
One copy six months 2.50  
One copy three months 1.00  
clubs of five one year, each 3.00  
clubs of any number, mailed to one address, each, weekly—five cents per quarter, or twenty-five cents per month.

Saint Paul Daily Press.  
One copy one year \$5.00  
One copy six months 2.50  
One copy three months 1.00  
To clubs of five, and to Postmasters or others acting as agents for the Daily Press, it will be supplied in packages to one address, at ten cents per copy per week.

Steam Printing.  
We have introduced steam into our printing establishment, and have in connection with it a Complete Book Bindery.

We are now prepared to do work cheaply, and in every department of Job and Book printing. Blank Book Manufacture, &c. &c.  
Orders for quality and Official Blanks and Books particularly collected.

ADDRESS: PRESS PRINTING CO., St. Paul, Minnesota.

Chicago, Prairie du Chien and SAINT PAUL.

Railroad Way.

ST. LOUIS.

MOST DIRECT ROUTE FROM ALL POINTS IN THE NORTH WEST TO Chicago, Milwaukee, and ALL PORTS East and South.

The advantages of this route, from all points on the Upper Mississippi to Chicago and all ports East, are superior to those offered by any other route.

One change of cars is made between Prairie du Chien and Chicago.

The Splendid First Class Steamers of the Prairie du Chien and St. Paul Packet Line, superior to all others on the Upper Mississippi for speed, comfort, and convenience, make direct connection with Express Trains at Prairie du Chien.

By this route, passengers are enabled to reach Chicago as quickly as by any other; getting a full night's rest and breakfast, on board the steamers; making the change from Steamers to cars by daylight, and avoiding all Omnibus travel.

The distance from St. Paul to Chicago by this route is 460 miles. The distance via the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad is 462 miles. Over one mile of Omnibus Travel is incurred by taking the route via La Crosse and Milwaukee.

These facts entitle this Line to at least an equal share of the North-Western business.

C. N. HUBBELL, Western Traveling Agent, Milwaukee.  
E. P. BACON, General Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.  
B. B. CHAMBLIN, Freight Agents, Saint Paul.  
CHAS. THOMPSON, Ticket Agent, St. Paul.

T. J. DUFFY.

[LATE SWANWICK & DUFFY.]  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Of every description;  
STOVES, TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE.

—FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' TOOLS.  
General Forwarding and Commission Merchants.  
No. 1, Holmes Street, ST. PAUL, MINN.

SHAKOPEE.

BENSON'S STEAM BREWERY.

Charles Benson,  
AGENT  
Lager Beer.

The subscriber has always on hand a large supply of this superior beer, which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

FOR CASH  
REMEMBER THE PLACE.

Steam Brewery.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO EXECUTE upon short notice all kinds of Job Printing, from a business Card, to a Wedding Card, and in a style unsurpassed.

MACHINERY OF A superior quality for Threshing Machines and Steam Engines, &c. &c.  
For Sale at HOLMES.



## Local Items.

### OUR AGENTS.

We have constituted the following agents for the State who are empowered to receive subscriptions and advertisements, and remit for the same when payment is made to them:

F. B. DEAN, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
J. W. BATES, - - - - - GLENCOE.  
R. M. KENNEDY, Young America.  
J. LEWIS, SAINT PAUL.

### STEAMBOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The Steamer Antelope continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point in the morning, and returning in the evening.

The Clara Hite, also continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point every evening, and returning at three o'clock in the afternoon.

The Albany and Ariel still make semi-weekly trips from St. Paul to St. Peter.

**20,000 Bushels of wheat wanted at Warner's.** Cash will be paid.

**10,000 Bushels of Oats wanted at Warner's.** Very highest price paid.

**GRAIN AND PRODUCE of all kinds** are taken as fast as delivered, at Warner's.

**A SHORT, BUT PLEASANT RIDE—CHASKA, AND ITS SURROUNDINGS.**—A few days since we—the "local"—in company with a friend took a saunter into the country, in one of our village vehicles, i. e. a strong horse and a strong wagon, for the sole purpose of taking a view of the country around about Chaska. Not being particular as to which road we went, we took the first one that came handiest, which proved to be the one leading to Waconia; and we must confess that although having already heard much in praise of Carver county as a rich and fertile country, we were still more surprised when after a two hours drive from town, we found that half the truth had not been told. Upon arriving at the summit of the bluff in the rear of the village we halted for a moment to look about us, and see what was to be seen, and we only regret that our pen fails to do the scene justice.

At our feet lay in all its peaceful coaisness our own beautiful Chaska, with its neat white dwellings and clean launs, the whole snugly encoased between the river and the bluff. Upon casting our eyes further down the river, we beheld Shakopee with her tall spires, as it were piercing the sky, while still further in the distance could be seen Eden Prairie, which presented such an appearance as led us to believe that the one who gave it its title had not been mistaken. Again upon looking up stream we could distinctly see the villages of Carver and Louisvile, which was certainly a pleasing sight. After having feasted our eyes upon so grand and picturesque a scene as nature and art combined can well afford anywhere, either local or foreign, we again proceeded on our way, when we soon entered a country finely timbered and well improved. As we rode along at a leisurely pace we could scarcely realize that we were—as far as age is concerned—in a new country and well to the frontier, when noticing the high state of improvement in which we found the country. Upon all sides our eyes were met with highly cultivated farms, good buildings and, as a general thing, well stocked. We passed hundreds of acres of the winter wheat as we ever noticed in any country; and the west fields of corn—although in the shock—was the largest of the large, ranging from eight to twelve feet in height, and well cared. The country, too, is much more densely populated than we had thought; one always being in sight of at least half a dozen fine improvements. We passed two beautiful lakes—too fine to have a name—and also an extensive Tamarack Swamp. We left the Wagon road at the "six mile school-house" and struck the river or again at Carver, fully convinced that no country in Minnesota contained within its limits a finer and more fertile scope of country than does Carver county, and highly satisfied with "Chaska and its surroundings," and with our "short but pleasant ride."

**Runaway.**—A team of horses, attached to a wagon, while standing in front of the Garibaldi House the other day became frightened and ran off. The last we saw or heard of them was, as they disappeared just the other side of the bridge in the direction of Carver; we did not learn the extent of the damage done, but it looked as though it might possibly end in breaking "something about the wagon." Teamsters, take heed, lest ye do likewise.

On last Friday evening, as the Clara Hite was backing out from the levee, an unfortunate dock-hand fell overboard and was nearing the verge of a watery grave, when timely aid being rendered by some gentlemen on the shore, by throwing him a rope, he was rescued with but little damage to himself save a good "decking."

**Dogs.**—We are free to confess that we like the canine breed to a certain extent; but when it comes to a pass that one is almost continually annoyed by the rampages of a legion of these quadrupeds, of all sizes, from the diminutive "poodle" up to the shaggy cur, we think it high time that an exterminator of some kind be resorted to. This is, we are sorry to say, the case in Chaska, and it would be better for the community if some one would buy them.

solves a week or so in amputating dog's tails, taking them off just between the ears and fore-shoulders, thereby making a sure thing on the "bark."

The other day we asked a farmer some question in reference to his potato crop, when he informed us that his had nearly all rotted; he said, however, that the potato-rot was by no means general in his neighborhood, and in fact it was the first we had heard of its prevailing in this country this season.

**PERSONAL.**—We understand that Major Baxter, of the Fourth Regiment passed up on the Antelope last Sunday morning, on his way to Glenoco, having resigned his commission in that gallant regiment. He left Corinth on the 12th inst., and arrived here on the 19th.

**CARVER COUNTY DISTRICT COURT—Oct. 22nd.**—The October term of this court convened on the 10th inst., the Hon. Judge Vanderburgh presiding. The Grand Jury have been empanelled and have for the first time for several years, been engaged in finding indictments. It is presumed they will close their labors to-day. In the mean time the Court and Bar are busily engaged in trying civil causes. If the indictments already found are to be tried this term, it will necessarily be unusually prolonged. We will probably be able to give the particulars next week.

### New Advertisements

#### SIoux DEPRADATIONS.

#### Indemnity can be had!

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Indian outbreak with the view of adjusting the same; and the undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are prepared of superior advantage for having those claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time. Persons having such claims will find it to their advantage to place the same in our charge for adjustment.

St. Paul, Sept. 29, 1862. SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys.

#### Probate Notice.

State of Minnesota,  
County of Carver, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Ackerman, late of the village of Carver in said county, deceased, intestate.

At a special term of the Probate court held in and for the county of Carver on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1862.

On reading and filing the petition of Stephen Kuhl, as executor, praying for reasons therein set forth that letters of Administration issue to himself; it is ordered that Friday, the 31st day of October, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate in Chaska, in the county aforesaid, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of the Probate court then and there to be holden, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner should give notice to all persons interested, of the pendency of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Valley Home, a weekly newspaper published at Chaska, county and State aforesaid, for three successive weeks, previous to the said day of hearing.

Attest Chaska, Minn., October 4th, A. D. 1862. FRANK WARNER, Judge of Probate.

**DRY-GOODS AND GROCERIES,**  
CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,  
HANDWARE, NAILS AND GLASS.  
**HOLMES & BROS.,**  
DEALERS IN  
FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AGENTS FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER PACKERS,  
CORNER FIRST AND BROADWAY CARVER, MINN.

#### Mortgage Foreclosure and Sale.

Name of Mortgagee—Thomas Little.  
Name of Mortgagee—James Kinney.  
Date of Mortgage—March 20th A. D. 1858.  
Mortgage Reconstituted July 20th A. D. 1858, at 8 o'clock a.m. in Book 'A' of mortgages, pages 561-2, and 3 in the office of Register of Deeds of Carver county, Minnesota.

Description of mortgaged premises—Lot No. Four (4), in Section thirty-one (31), Township One hundred and sixteen (116), Range Twenty-five (25) situated in Carver county, Minnesota, and containing 47.20-00 acres.

Amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice—One hundred and fifty-one dollars and twenty-five cents.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non-payment of the same thereby secured, and no proceedings at law, or in equity, having been instituted to recover the said mortgage debt, or any part thereof, it is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed and that the said mortgaged premises will, by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such cases made and provided, be sold at public vendue at the steps of the Post Office in Chaska, Carver county, Minnesota, on the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1862, at 2 o'clock p.m., by the Sheriff of said county, to pay said debt and legal charges.

Dated Chaska, Minn., Oct. 5th, A. D. 1862. W. R. GILMAN, James Kinney, Att'y for Mortgagee.

#### PIONEER PLOWS, manufactured at Dale

Plains, by Wells & Smith.

## Henry Young's

### CHEAP CASH STORE.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

HAVING now on hand and for sale a large and choice stock of goods—consisting in part of

**DRY GOODS, Groceries & Provisions,**

Crockery, and Stoneware, Iron, Nails, Glass, and Tin-ware.

### HARDWARE

**Boots and Shoes,**

**Hats, Caps etc.**

All of which he will sell at the lowest living profit, either for cash, or in exchange for country produce, for which he will always pay the highest market price.

Cash paid for Wheat.

Chaska, Sept. 18, 1862. v1 n3

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

### ORANGES & LEMONS

Bird Cages and Willow Ware

CONFECTIONARIES,

Toys and Fancy Goods of Every Description.

Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

NOW READY,

Parson Brownlow's

**Wonderful Book.**

One volume, containing upwards of 450 pages, 12 superior engravings, an excellent steel portrait, etc. Beautifully printed on fine, white paper, and handsomely bound in muslin. Price—\$1.25.

Sent free, by return Mail, on Receipt of Price.

Agents Wanted in every city, town, village and county to sell this thrilling and remarkable work.

Address, GEORGE W. CHASE, Publisher, 625 and 630 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Applesauce & Co., Cincinnati, Publishers for the West.

### STEAM FURNITURE WORKS

THE SUBSCRIBER, having just introduced a steam power into his Factory, is now prepared to manufacture, upon short notice, and in a style unsurpassed west of St. Paul, all descriptions of furniture, including

BEDSTADS, CHAIRS, TABLES,

BUREAUS, LIBRARIES, SECRETARIES, &c., &c.

Those in want of Furniture are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

A. B. FALLING, Young America, Nov. 20, 1861. n10-1f

**S. K. PUTNAM,**

Wholesale & Retail Dealer

—IN—

**CHOICE GROCERIES**

AND

**PROVISIONS**

Corner Third and Market St's,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

I am now in receipt of a large and well-selected stock of goods

PURCHASED IN

**NEW-YORK & BOSTON**

Exclusively for cash,

WHICH I AM OFFERING AT AS

**Low Figures**

as any House in the Northwest.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

**S. K. PUTNAM,**

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

**MARVIN'S CROCKERY HOUSE**

TO THE MERCHANTS, HOTEL KEEPER

AND

**RESIDENTS OF THE MINNESOTA VALLEY.**

R. MARVIN is selling Crockery and Glassware at St. Louis prices. Selling strictly for CASH.

With the largest stock of Goods ever kept in the State, he is able to supply every demand in his line of business.

**IMPORTING**

His goods direct from Europe, and personally selecting them; he is able and willing to sell cheap. No necessity exists for Merchants to go farther, as there is not a larger nor better selected stock in the Northwest.

St. Paul, Oct. 24th. n3-3m

At HOLMES & BROS.

## 1862. SPRING. 1862.

### INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

**DRY GOODS**

FOR CASH.

**D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.**

have just received a large stock of

**DRY GOODS**

SUITABLE FOR SPRING SALES,

CONSISTING OF

**FANCY DRESS**

Goods,

OF EVERY VARIETY OF QUALITY!

WILL BE SOLD AT PRICES TO SUIT

THE TIMES.

Noted Morella Cloths, from 10 to 25 cents per yard.

Plaid Poil de Cheveres, Embroidered Poil de Cheveres; every variety of Ombles; Embroidered and Gray Girdles; Blue, Green, Pink Barege Loxana; French, English, and American Mousseline de Laines. Printed Lawns in great variety.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

**Gingham's;**

Also,

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS,

Men's and Boy's Summer Wear; Black and Fancy Casimires, Sattinets, and Summer Cloths.

Also, a very large stock of

HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN-UMBRELLAS, &c.

Also, a large stock of

**Domestic & Foreign Goods**

by the piece or package, for the country trade.

**COUNTRY MERCHANT**

Can purchase their goods of us, and save time and money. We also invite the attention of the Ladies to our New Styles of Cloaks and Mantillas. Our entire stock will be sold for

**CASH, at Prices to Defy Competition!**

The public are invited to visit our New Store.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO., St. Paul, Minnesota.

[37]

**GEORGE L. FARWELL,**

**WHOLESALE**

**GROCER**

keeps constantly on hand

A LARGE AND WELL-ASSORTED

STOCK OF GOODS!

and would cordially

**INVITE DEALERS**

to call on him at his

**WAREHOUSE,**

THIRD STREET,

(NEAR JACKSON.)

St. Paul,

Minnesota.

[37]

**NORTHWESTERN**

Saddle, Harness

—AND—

**TRUNK MANUFACTORY,**

EDGERTON'S BLOCK,

Next door to the Bank.

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

[32] L. B. LOYE.

### LIGHTNING RODS.

Preserve Your Property

The subscriber is canvassing this county for the purpose of putting up

**Lightning Rods.**

He is prepared with a large lot of excellent

**Plated Iron Rods.**

These rods are highly recommended by

**Prof. Silman**

and used exclusively by the Ill. Central Railroad

**Upon All Their Buildings.**

Rods put up in the most substantial manner and as cheaply as by any other party.

Carver, July 23, 1862.

A large and good assortment of clocks just received and for sale

at HOLMES & BROS.

## COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER, (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.), St. Louis.

(ESTABLISHED 1843.)

### WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants.

Importers of foreign fruits, nuts, wines, liquors, segars, etc., etc.

Jackson street, between Levee and Third.

**TERMS CASH.**

St. Paul, Minn.

In the Department of LIQUORS AND SEGARS our stock will be found large and complete at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers.

C. L. YALE, JOHN CAMPBELL, JR., WM. R. MILLER,

**YALE & CAMPBELL,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**LEATHER!**

FINDINGS,

Saddlery Hardware, &c.

CORNER OF THIRD & ST. PETER STREETS

ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

**OAK AND HEMLOCK**

**LEATHERS;**

FRENCH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN

**CALF AND KIP**

Always on Hand.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

### AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,

DEALERS IN FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

Sole Agents for

Russell & co.'s massillon threshing machines; Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo threshing machines; Wheeler, Melick and co.'s horse threshers and cleaners; Schuttler's celebrated Chicago wagons; McCormick's reaper and mower. J. H. Manny's reaper and mower. Badger State reaper and mower. John A. Woodward's improved smut machine and separator combined.

Besides, we keep constantly on hand Moline and Rock Island Plows, Excelsior Grain Drags, Re-volving Horse Rakes, Cornshellers, Hay and Straw Cutters, Grindstones, Scythes, Axes, Grain Cradles, Hoes, Forks, Shovels, Spades, &c.

MERCHANTS AND DEALERS throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times. Descriptive Pamphlets of Machinery furnished on application to

THIRD STREET, CORNER OF SIBLEY, } S. P. & P. F. HODGES.

Near the Lower Levee, St. Paul.

**LEATHER—KESSLER & RIEHL,**

Importers, Tanners, and

**CURRIERS!**

Are now receiving and will keep constantly on hand the largest and best stock of Leather and Findings in the State, consisting of—

Spanish Sole Leather, Shoes and Saddle Shirting Oak " " Belt and Lace Leather,

Upper Leather, French Kip Skins, Harness Leather, French Calf Skins, Bridle Leather, Country Kip Skins, Tampico and Madras Morocco, and Splits.

Also a general assortment of all kinds of Findings, &c., &c.

Please call and examine our stock, as we will not be undersold by any house in the State. Particular attention paid to orders.

Cash paid for Hides, Furs and Deer Skins.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

Sign of the Big Bear—Mackubin's Block, Third St., St. Paul, Minn.

**ST. PAUL HARDWARE STORE.**

NICOLS & DEAN,











# The Herald.

C. A. Warner, - - Editor.



CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

THURSDAY, : : NOVEMBER 6, 1862

## THANKSGIVING.

Gov. Ramsey, by proclamation has set apart "the Twenty-seventh day of the present month of November, as a day of Thanksgiving to Almighty God for his wonderful mercy towards us—for all the good gifts of His Providence—for Health and restored Domestic Peace and the measure of general prosperity which we enjoy."

## THE NEWS.

November 3rd, 1862.  
All the movements of the army of the Potomac seem to indicate an early and decisive engagement. The several divisions of the army are advancing—the rebel forces are retreating—the rear guard of the rebel army has been driven through Ashby's Gap, and General Stoneman occupies Leesburg without opposition.

November 4th, 1862.  
There is nothing of importance from McClellan's army—nothing to indicate with certainty whether there is to be a great battle or a long race up the Shenandoah we trust the mystery that enshrouds the operations of the two armies will not long continue.

## A BELAGUERED CITY.

The city of Nashville is completely cut off from all intercourse with the rest of mankind, by bands of rebel guerrillas, who swarm in all the surrounding country. The people are said to be almost in a state of starvation. Beef can be obtained for thirty cents a pound, but vegetables can hardly be had at any price. Flour was quoted on the 23d inst., at \$9 a barrel.

A foraging expedition sent out on the 21st visited the plantation of Gen. G. S. Donelson. In summer country, who is in the rebel service, and an adjoining farm, getting as much subsistence as they could bring away—indeed bringing everything belonging to Gen. Donelson, except the overseer and negroes, amounting to over 300 cattle, 200 sheep, 300 hogs, and turkeys, chickens, etc., in abundance, beside 600 wagon loads of corn, oats, etc., which they took into Nashville in safety.

Stonewall Jackson's Divisions has been reinforced from western Virginia, and the enemy is making demonstrations towards Manassas.

The army of the Potomac is steadily advancing.

Pleasanton has driven the enemy's cavalry several miles beyond Union, and Snicker's Gap is occupied by our troops. From all the circumstances reported, we judge that a general engagement cannot long be avoided.

## CARVER VS. CHASKA.

A few words may be necessary or at least acceptable to the villagers of Carver, explanatory of an article appearing in our last issue in reference to our election as Senator for this District. We did not write the article referred to, it being inserted during our temporary absence to Hutchinson. Nor did we read it until after a portion of the issue was struck off. The person writing the article was not aware of the animosity formerly existing between the two towns, and which has for some time past by the exertions of the more considerate been almost buried in oblivion.

We are the last man who would throw the gauntlet and again open a causeless strife which could end in nothing but bitter antagonism, and result in no good to any party. We are inclined to think that most of the people of Carver understood that portion of the article in reference to the two towns, to be what it really was—an electioneering bid for the votes of this town. You will accord it fair for us to say that we will do nothing to injure the prospects of this town, while we also say that another man might. The idea is not that we would injure Carver, but if possible we might help Chaska, and any one not given to a desire for more than the lion's share would admit our right of self-protection. We do not believe that the citizens of Carver who have now every natural advantage over Chaska, and whose future prospects we admit to be better than ours, desire us to say that we have no preferences or interest here when the fact is that the most of our property is in this town. Nor do we think them so selfish as to force from us the remark frequently made by the Plover player when his last stake is "raked in"—"Take it all hog, we'll go without." In fine, we think that the understanding twist the principal men of Carver and ourselves too well defined to admit of any question as to whether or not friendly one sells shall in the future prevail. We know of one man of little significance residing there who vainly tried to make political capital of that article to weaken my vote. The election returns show how pitifully futile was his attempt. Let the people of Carver rest assured that it is our desire that the former good will characterizing our intercourse may continue.

## ELECTION RETURNS.

Up to the hour of going to press the following towns have been heard from—Chaska, Chanhassen, Carver, San Francisco, Lake Town, Watertown and Florence. They foot up as follows:

	Rep.	Dem.
For Congress—		
Donnelly	276	260
Cullen		
Senate, Warner	284	238
Stierens		
Representatives,		
Butler	216	
Davis	263	
Lee		304
Sargent		259
Hon		181
Widstrand		
Auditor,		
Bennett	298	223
Dunn		
Sheriff,		297
Greiner		
Hartwell	207	

LATER.—The return from Benton has been received, and goes Democratic by 40 votes. Waconia will partially offset it.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

We print a brief letter from James Ellsworth esq., who formerly lived in this place, thinking some may be glad to know of his where, and what-a-bouts. He gives us a little wholesome advice which we appreciate, yet he seems to dislike our motto—"The Union as it should be. He would have it 'The Union as it was; was when? when Buchanan was about leaving the chair? or when Washington, Adams and Randolph run the 'machine?' if the latter we are with you, and that is what we mean by 'The Union as it ought to be.'

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.  
October 27, 1862.

Friend Warner—  
I received a few days since No. 6 of the VALLEY HERALD published at Chaska Minn., and I also noticed at the head of the leading column your name as Editor. I was at once thrilled with pleasurable surprise, not to hear that you had become an Editor, and also a candidate for the State Senate, but that there was at last a paper started in Carver County, and located where it should be—at the country-seat. I was particularly struck with its neat typographical appearance, the classification of its several departments, and the appropriateness of its title. But I was also measurably pained with the motto which defines your political position and which gives significance to whatever appears in its columns of a political cast. "The Union as it should be," may be one thing as you view it, while to another who takes the same motto for his guide it may be quite a different thing. Give us the "Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was," with this and only this can we again be a happy and united people.

In the establishment of a paper at Chaska you have happily hit upon the enter prize of all others that will surely promote the healthy growth of the place—it will enhance the value of nearly all kinds of property by which not only you, but all the citizens of the town will receive a marked and increasing benefit and should subscribe liberally to its support.

This is the most favorable time that you could have to start a paper but if you should have to put your hand somewhat deeply into your pocket to sustain it you could not count the deficit a total loss for as an advertising medium it is of much value to you, and surely the time will come when it will pay handsomely.

In a country paper local matters are the most acceptable news to the reader, and too much attention cannot be paid to the collection of such matters suitable to appear in print. You should have an eye to all needed local improvements whether public or private, and advocate a thorough system of labor upon all roads leading into the country, so that trade and business of every nature will flow to the river, the town of Chaska being the important outlet; in short, whatever will bring business to the town—whatever will beautify and make inviting its appearance, should be pointed out in the columns of your paper, and attention urged to the matter.

And now let me invoke you to make strenuous exertions to keep alive your paper—appeal to the inhabitants of the county to sustain you, and I believe that the subject well put to them they will give you a cheerful and encouraging support. Mark me as a subscriber to the HERALD.

Yours &c. JAMES ELLSWORTH.

## AN ANTI-SLAVERY PAPER IN NEW ORLEANS.

The Emancipation Proclamation is already beginning to take effect in the rebellious States, and to prove itself as something more than waste paper or a Pope's Bull against the comet. A thoroughly Anti-Slavery paper, in the French language has just been started in New Orleans. It is called L'Union, and addresses itself, in particular, to the French people of color, to whom it appeals in stirring articles, to join the Union troops and aid them in the establishment of a "Republican system without stain, of a democracy without fetters."

"You all, says an address to the public in the first number, you all, who aspire to the universal establishment of a republican system without spot, of a democracy without fetters, come and contribute your mite to the construction of the Temple of Liberty. Come, all of you, friends of progress. The hour has sounded for the war of the great humanitarian principles of progress against a vile and sordid interest which engenders pride, ambition, hypocrisy, falsehood, and silence the voice of conscience, this heavenly voice, which cries incessantly to man: 'Thou art born of liberty and happiness! Do not deceive thyself in this, and do not deceive thy brother.'"

Of course, it lays before its readers the Proclamation of the President, with the comments of the Republican and other Union loving papers of the loyal States. It publishes, besides, articles specially directed against slavery, and stirring appeals to the colored race to rise and join the legions of the Union army.

ANOTHER REPUBLICAN DAILY.—We have on our table a new publication styled 'The St. Paul Daily Union,' F. Dascott, Editor, which for typographical appearance compares favorably with any daily in the State. It is published in St. Paul, and professes to be an out and out Republican sheet. It also professes to act as a quietus upon the contending parties in the State Administration, and Congressional delegation, and takes a stand independent of the various cliques which now exist in the Republican party, dealing justly and honorably with all. We like that style, and if by this effort its editor succeeds in repairing the breach which threatens to sever the party, he would place the organization under grateful obligations. We acknowledge the receipt of several copies of each issue which we will take pains to circulate, and recommend. The object stated in the salu-story is a worthy one and we hope for the success of the enterprise.

## FOURTH REGIMENT.

HEAD QUARTERS 1st Bnig., 3rd Div.,  
Army of the Mississippi,  
CAMP CORINTH, Oct. 16th, 1862.

Mr. Editor—

In behalf of the 4th Reg't Minn. Vols., both officers and men, we return you our sincere thanks for your notice of our regiment in your paper of the 9th inst. The Fourth Minnesota Regiment claims no superiority over other regiments, in the field. All we ask is that justice be awarded us by our friends at home; we will take care of ourselves down in Dixie. The Fourth Minnesota has done its duty in the field, and will do it again whenever the "Butternuts" desire to try us on. The day is past when our Regiment was called the 'home guards.' 'We do not build' our reputation upon the misfortunes of others. When at Fort Snelling, the Third Regiment treated us unkindly. 'That is he' is buried in the past. The Third has been tried—so have we—let History record who have done their duty. Yours &c., THOS. B. HUNT.

1st Lieut., & A. Q. M., 1st Bnig., 3rd Div., & Reg't 1st Minn. Vols.

CHAS. WARNER,  
DEAR SIR:—I enclose \$1.00, subscription for six months of your paper. Direct to Corinth, Miss. Remember me to all my friends in Chaska. The Fourth Minnesota is in fine spirits. Yours &c., HUNT.

## THE INDIAN WAR.

A military court is now in session at Camp Sibley, for the purpose of trying the Indian captives. The court consists of Col. Crook, 6th Minnesota, President; Major Bralley, 7th, and Capt. Grant, Co. A, 6th regiment; Lieut. Olney, of Co. B, 5th regiment, acting as Judge Advocate. Two hundred Indians have already been found guilty, and two hundred more are awaiting their trial. They will soon be disposed of, as the court tries between twenty and thirty a day. The Indians are chained in pairs and confined in sheds built for that purpose by the Pioneer Guards. Two camps of women and children are compelled to go guilty, and two hundred more are awaiting their trial. They will soon be disposed of, as the court tries between twenty and thirty a day. The Indians are chained in pairs and confined in sheds built for that purpose by the Pioneer Guards. Two camps of women and children are compelled to go guilty, and two hundred more are awaiting their trial. 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## Local Items.

### OUR AGENTS.

We have constituted the following agents for the Bureau who are empowered to receive subscriptions and advertisements, and receipt for the same when payment is made to them:

F. B. DEAN, . . . . . GLENCOR.  
J. W. BATH, . . . . . GLENCOR.  
R. M. KENNEDY, Town America.  
J. LEWIS, Saint Paul.

### STEAMBOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The Steamer Antelope continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point in the morning, and returning in the evening.

The Clara Hill, also continues to run daily between St. Paul and Carver. Leaving this point every evening, and returning at three o'clock in the afternoon.

The Albany and Ariel still make semi-weekly trips from St. Paul to St. Peter.

**20,000 Bushels of wheat wanted at Warner's.** Cash will be paid.

**10,000 Bushels of Oats wanted at Warner's.** Very highest price paid.

**GRAIN and Produce of all kinds are taken as fast as delivered at Warner's.**

**AN OFFICIAL ON A TIGHT OR A TIGHT OFFICIAL.**—A certain would be "big injun" who resides in our sister village up the creek thinking to make a "big thing," in a political way, out of an article that appeared in our last issue, went in secret to our printer boy and endeavored to "make a dicker with him to procure by theft or otherwise, as many copies of the HERALD as he could get hold of, for which he promised to pay our "devil" a handsome sum. But nary a dicker! and after trying in vain to see the boy, he finally gave the plan up, having discovered that the devil was a more honest personage than himself; a new idea, perhaps to him, but an old one to all who know him. Bent on having revenge, he, like all other giddy headed fools, determined to come down to our town to election and get on a big drunk, an idea that he carried out to the letter. About noon he might have seen near the Democratic flag-pole mounted upon a keg of beer appealing to his hearers—who consisted principally of quite a number of hogs feeding leisurely in his immediate vicinity. Of course the applause "came in" every now-and-then in the way of a satisfactory grunt from his fellow herders as they plucked from the ground a fresh root or blade. He closed his intelligent harangue to an intelligent audience—as he himself mentioned—by losing his balance and very unceremoniously running his head against a *rota firma*, when he was by the charity of some persons loaded into a vehicle and conveyed back to Carver and placed in the Basler House, until he could recover sufficiently from his debauchery to go to his family. But in the mean time becoming so offensive and rash in his conduct as to be intolerable, the landlady was reluctantly compelled to set about and give our worthy Judge of Probate a genteel thrashing. So effectively did the administrator of the antidote that he finally came to his senses sufficiently to consider the error of his way, and we hope to become a wiser man.

Instead of being the *lion* he thought he was, he found when he made the attempt to roar, he was simply an ass! and when he attempted to sound forth to the intelligent voters of this district the Eagle's scream, its echo was—*ugh!*

In connection with this, we would inform this *republican* order that he can, rather than steal have free of charge, any reasonable number of this week's issue for distribution among his friends by calling at this office.

### DR. WEISER'S FAREWELL.

Dr. J. S. WEISER, of Shakopee, lately appointed Surgeon of the Minnesota Cavalry Regiment, before reporting himself for duty, took occasion to meet his numerous friends and patrons at the "National," to bid them adieu, until Uncle Sam shall no longer need his services. As a physician he has a wider range of practice than any other in Scott or adjoining counties; hence, to entertain all it was necessary to resort to "mine host" the proprietor of the "National" for adequate room. His numerous patrons in the country, including ourselves being invited, we promptly responded to the call, knowing that where the Dr. was we might expect "Fast, Fun and Fanciness." We found the Hotel crowded to overflowing with people from far and near, each emulating the other in speaking the praise of the Dr.'s genial as well as professional characteristics, and deploring the loss of "Our Family Physician." The Dr. had donned his regimentals, and in his usual humorous way was found among us, re-counting the past and counting the future. We also had the pleasure of an interview with Mrs. Dr. Weiser, who satisfied us upon a short acquaintance that she understands perfectly the art of entertaining. Meanwhile the dining hall was occupied by those desiring to "trip it," who were not a few—and thus the hours flew gaily by. Late in the evening we noticed the crowd moving toward the dining hall and joined the throng, curious to know what was going to happen. We found the Dr. engaged in the centre of the hall, but could not get near him on account of the crowd; however we heard Henry Hinde exclaiming about patriotism, purity, skill,

valor, scalping-knife, bravery, chivalry, cavalry, &c., &c., and raising upon our toes we spied a splendid sword, scabbard, and the accoutrements necessary to complete the equipment of an officer ranking as Major. The story is told in few words. The lady patrons of the Dr. took this occasion to manifest their esteem for, and confidence in him, and presented the aforesaid implement of war in token of a just appreciation of his merits. Henry Hinde esq., presented the sword on behalf of the ladies in a very appropriate little speech which we print below together with the Dr.'s acknowledgment. We afterwards partook of a collation, which was composed of the rarest delicacies, and must have been prepared by one who knew how. We don't know whether the Landlord's experience intended that branch of the entertainment or not; we however surmise that to the Dr.'s wife is due that credit. When we left the happy company were still dancing, and judging from the manner in which they seemed to enjoy themselves, should think it probable that some were still lingering. Here is the sword performance:

### THE PRESENTATION SPEECH.

DOCTOR:—I have the honor on behalf of certain of your lady friends, citizens of this place, to present you in their names, this implement of war. It is not intended on their part as evidence of their appreciation of your military skill or valor; though they do not doubt but that your bravery and skill in the art of war would go far to shield their families from the scourging toils of the savage and their country from the desolation of the rebellion. Nor is it intended on their part as a token of their appreciation of your patriotism, though they do not question but that the ardor and purity of your patriotism would strike in defense of home and country. These—patriotism and bravery—in such times as these ought to receive their reward and the appreciation of friends by the presentation of such tokens as this, *only* after the patriot has been tried and refined in blood and the bravery proven in deeds of valor and noble daring upon the battle field. But the presentation of this implement of war, is intended on their part as a token of their personal regard and in appreciation of your professional skill, and of your fidelity in your professional attendance upon their own families. As such it is presented, and as such you are requested to receive it.

### THE DOCTOR'S REPLY.

LADIES OF SHAKOPEE:—It is under circumstances peculiarly embarrassing that I appear before you to acknowledge the receipt of this beautiful present; unexpected as it has been to me, and undeserving as I feel of so great consideration at your hands. I can assure you however, that your kindness (the memory of which shall follow me wherever I may go) is properly appreciated. In assuming charge of my new field of action, as you are aware, it will be my high and noble duty to assuage the sufferings of the sick and wounded soldiers, and not to participate directly in the bloody strife. Still, I accept this present with a grateful heart, and in return for your kindness I can only promise that, wherever duty may call me, whether it be to the great plains of the West in pursuit of the savage butchers of innocent women and babes, or to the rice swamps of South Carolina, the testimonial of your regard shall accompany me in all of my efforts; and rely upon it, it shall never be surrendered with the stain of dishonor resting upon it.

As many of you are aware, it is now nearly eight years since I first came to Shakopee, a stranger in a strange land. Since that time associations have been formed which can never become obliterated from my memory so long as life remains; and from which it is exceedingly trying to separate myself even temporarily, but you know.

"There's a divinity that shapes our ends,  
Rough-hew them as we will."  
Circumstances, of which it is not strictly proper to speak publicly, have induced me to take the step I have chosen; and though it grieves me to part with you, your sympathy, which I know will follow me, will be a consolation during my absence. In conclusion permit me to express the hope, that ere long our Indian troubles, will be permanently settled, the innocent blood of the victims of savage cruelty atoned for, the sword be sheathed, and above all, the great national drama, which is now deluging our beloved country with fratricidal blood, be closed forever and the angel of peace once more hover over a re-united, prosperous and happy people. In that event should God grant it, I shall be most happy to return among you, proud of having been a soldier in the "Army of the Union." Again thanking you for your kindness, I bid you adieu, wishing you all a long and a happy life.

A little boy once said to his aunt, "Aunt, I should think that Satan must be an awful trouble to God?" He must be a terrible enough, indeed, I should think? she answered. "I don't see how he came to turn out so, when there was no devil to put him up to."

### New Advertisements

#### Notice

Came into my enclosure about the first of June One Red cow about ten years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away. ERNEST SOUDER.  
Benton, Minn., Nov. 1st, 1862.

#### Notice

Came into my enclosure, one Red Heifer calf. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away. FRANK MONROE.  
Chaska, Nov. 4th, 1862.

#### Lost

Between Ernest Pappas and Chaska two warrants, one given by Georgeant Lewis to Lauren Spencer and one given by John McCor and wife to Lauren Spencer.  
Any person finding the same will confer favor and be suitably rewarded by leaving them at this office.  
Chaska Nov. 6, 1862. E. F. HANLIN.

#### E. WALTON,

DEALER in Groceries and Provisions, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Nails and Glass &c.  
Storage and Commission Merchant, Carver, Minn.

### CHASKA MARKET.

Flour	\$5.00 @ 5.50
Wheat	65 @ 60
Corn	30 @ 35
Oats	30 @ 30
Barley	60 @ 60
Rye	1.00 @ 1.10
Beans	25 @ 25
Potatoes	5.75 @ 5.75
Salt	10 @ 10
Butter	12 @ 12
Eggs	1.00 @ 1.00
Cranberries	1.10 @ 1.10
Hides, dry	1.10 @ 1.10
Do., green	4 @ 6

### SAINT PAUL MARKET.

Beans	\$100 @ 1.25
White, P bu.	100 @ 1.25
Water Crackers, P bu.	4 @ 4
Butter Crackers, P bu.	12 @ 12
Soda, Boston, &c.	6 @ 6
Pilot Bread, P bbl.	3 @ 3
Butter	8 @ 8
Country, in rolls	12 @ 12
Cherese	9 @ 9
W. R. P bu.	1 @ 1
E. D.	1 @ 1
Coffee	30 @ 30
Rio, Prime, P bu.	35 @ 35
Laguayra	35 @ 35
Java	35 @ 35
Mocha	40 @ 40
Eggs	40 @ 40
Per dozen	40 @ 40
Fruits	35 @ 35
Apples, green, P bbl.	35 @ 35
Apples, dried, P bu.	10 @ 10
Cranberries, P bu.	90 @ 90
Peaches, dry, P bu.	9 @ 9
Prunes	9 @ 9
Currants	10 @ 10
Feathers	55 @ 55
Live Geese	55 @ 55
Indians	15 @ 15
Flour and Meal	40 @ 40
Superfine, P bbl.	40 @ 40
Extra	50 @ 50
Corn Meal, P bu.	1 @ 1
Grain	45 @ 45
Lead and Shot	10 @ 10
Bar	23 @ 23
Oats	30 @ 30
Barley	60 @ 60
Corn	45 @ 45
Plantation, P gallon	50 @ 50
Sugar House	40 @ 40
Golden Syrup	6 @ 6
Cut, 8s and 10s, P keg.	45 @ 45
Wrought	9 @ 9
Onions	60 @ 60
Provisions	15 @ 15
Mess Pork, P bbl.	15 @ 15
Mess Beef	15 @ 15
Clear side	8 @ 8
Flams, plain, S C.	10 @ 10
Shoulders	6 @ 6
Lard	6 @ 6
Sugar	40 @ 40
Crushed	10 @ 10
Loaf	14 @ 14

**Chicago, Prairie du Chein and SAINT PAUL RAILROAD WAY LINE.**

**MOST DIRECT ROUTE FROM ALL POINTS IN THE NORTH WEST TO Chicago, Milwaukee, and ALL POINTS East and South.**

The advantages of this route, from all points on the Upper Mississippi to Chicago and the East, are superior to those offered by any competing line.

No change of Cars is made between Prairie du Chein and Chicago.

The Splendid First Class Steamers of the Prairie du Chein and St. Paul Packet Line, superior to all others on the Upper Mississippi, for speed, comfort, and convenience, make direct connection with Express Trains at Prairie du Chein.

By this route, passengers are enabled to reach Chicago as quickly as by any other; getting a full night's rest and breakfast, on board the steamers; making the change from Steamers to cars by daylight, and avoiding all tedious travel.

The distance from St. Paul to Chicago by this route is 460 miles. The distance via the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad is 462 miles. Over one mile of Omnibus Travel is saved by taking the route via La Crosse and Milwaukee.

These facts entitle this line to at least an equal share of the North-Western business.

C. N. HUBBELL, Western Traveling Agent.  
E. P. BACON, General Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.  
BORUP & CHAMPLIN, Freight Agents, Saint Paul.  
CHAS. THOMPSON, Ticket Agent, St. Paul.

**Mortgage Foreclosure and Sale.**

Name of Mortgagee—David F. Ellis.  
Name of Mortgagee—F. F. Field.  
Mortgage dated—April 20, A. D. 1857.  
Mortgage recorded—May 3, A. D. 1857, at 11 1/4 o'clock a. m., in Book "A" of Mortgages, page 103, 164 and 165 in the office of the Register of Deeds of Carver county, Minnesota.

Description of mortgaged premises—the south east quarter of section No. eight (8th) township No. one hundred and sixteen (116) of range No. twenty six (26), situated in Carver county, Minnesota.

Amount claimed to be due on the said mortgage at the date of this, and now due there is the sum of two hundred and seventy-six dollars (\$276 00/100).

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non payment of the sum thereby secured, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the said mortgage debt, or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed and that the said mortgage of premises will be foreclosed and pursuant to the statutes in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in said county made and provided, be sold at public vendue at the steps of the Court, to-wit: in Chaska, Carver county, Minnesota, on the 24th day of December, A. D. 1862, at 2 o'clock p. m., by the said David F. Ellis, said mortgagee, and legal charges.

Dated at Chaska, Minn., 24th day of October, 1862.  
DAVID F. ELLIS, Mortgagee.  
Attest: F. F. FIELD, Notary Public.  
Dated at St. Paul, July 26, 1862.

**Surveying.**

THE undersigned would inform the people of Carver County that he is prepared to do any job of surveying in a satisfactory manner, and upon short notice. [37] J. C. BRUNUS.

### NOW READY,

Parson Brownlow's

### Wonderful Book.

One volume, containing upwards of 450 pages, 12 superior engravings, an excellent steel portrait, etc. Beautifully printed on fine, white paper, and handsomely bound in muslin. Price—\$1.25.

Sent free, by return Mail, on Receipt of Price.

Agents Wanted in every city, town, village and county to sell this thrilling and remarkable work.

Address: GEORGE W. CARP, Publisher, 623 and 630 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, APPELBAUGH & Co., Cincinnati, Publishers for the West.

### STEAM FURNITURE WORKS

THE SUBSCRIBER, having just introduced steam power into his factory, is now prepared to manufacture, upon short notice, and in a style unsurpassed west of St. Paul, all descriptions of furniture, including

CHAIRS, TABLES, STANDS, BUREAUS, LIBRARIES, SECRETARIES, &c., &c.

Those in want of Furniture are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. A. J. FALLING, Young America, Nov. 20, 1861. n10-17

### MARVIN'S CROCKERY HOUSE

TO THE MERCHANTS, HOTEL KEEPERS, AND—  
**RESIDENTS OF THE MINNESOTA VALLEY.**

R. MARVIN is selling Crockery and Glassware at St. Louis prices. Selling strictly for CASH.

With the largest stock of Goods ever kept in the State, he is able to supply every demand in his line of business.

### IMPORTING

His goods direct from Europe, and personally selecting them, he is able and willing to sell cheap. No necessity exists for Merchants to go further, as there is not a larger nor better selected stock in the Northwest. N. B.—A large stock of Common Goods.

St. Paul, Oct. 24th. n3-37

**Probate Notice.**

State of Minnesota, County of Carver, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Aetherman, late of the village of Carver in said county, deceased, intestate.

At a special term of the Probate court held in and for the county of Carver on the 14th day of October, A. D. 1862.

On reading and filing the petition of Stephen Kniff as executor, praying for a decree in said matter, and the return of said executor, it is ordered that Friday, the 31st day of October, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate in Chaska, in the county aforesaid, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of the Probate court then and there, to be held, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner should give notice to all persons interested, of the pendency of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Valley Herald, a weekly newspaper published at Chaska, county and State aforesaid, for three successive weeks previous to the said day of hearing.

Dated Chaska, Minn., October 4th, A. D. 1862.  
FRANK WARNER, Judge of Probate.

**STATE OF MINNESOTA, Second Collection List.**

Assessor's Office, St. Paul, October, 1862.

Public Notice is hereby given that the lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken under the act of the 12th of March, 1857, within Division number Eleven, comprising the Counties of Carver, McLeod, Lincoln and Kandiyohi will be open for examination, at the Office of James Delamater in Chaska, county Assitant Assessor of said Division, on the fourth day of November, A. D. 1862, and will remain open for the space of fifteen days, from said time.

Notice is also given that appeals will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuation, or enumerations by the Assistant Assessor of said Division, at the above place on the nineteenth day of November, A. D. 1862, and immediately thereafter, until all appeals are disposed of.

H. G. O. MORRISON, Assessor 2d District.

**State of Minnesota, County of Carver, ss.**

In the matter of the estate of Frederick Dunst, late of the village of Chaska county and state aforesaid, deceased, intestate.

At a special term of the Probate court held in and for the county of Carver on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1862.

On reading and filing the petition of Eliza Dunst as widow of the said Frederick Dunst deceased, praying for reasons therein set forth that letters of Administration issue to herself; It is ordered that Friday the 21st day of November, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate in Chaska, in the county aforesaid, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of the Probate court then and there to be held, to show cause if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to all persons interested of the pendency of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "Valley Herald," a weekly newspaper published at Chaska, county and state aforesaid, for three successive weeks previous to the said day of hearing.

Dated at Chaska, Minn., 24th day of October, 1862.  
FRANK WARNER, Judge of Probate.

### AMERICAN HOUSE,

has opened, in Minneapolis. SHEPARD & PEARSON, Proprietors.  
General Stage and Northwestern Express Office.

## COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER, (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.), St. Louis.

(ESTABLISHED 1843.)

## WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants,

Importers of foreign fruits, nuts, wines, liquors, segars, etc., etc.

Jackson street, between levee and Third.

TERMS CASH.

St. Paul, Minn.

In the Department of LIQUORS AND SEGARS our stock will be found large and complete at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers.

C. L. YALE, JOHN CAMPBELL, JR.

WM. R. MILLER,

YALE & CAMPBELL,

and Commission Merchant,

Third Street,

Between Jackson and Robert, ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Money advanced on consignment.

FAIRCHILD & PEASE.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Merchants;

St. Paul, Minn..

HAVE two large Rooms in the FIRE-PROOF Block, next the Bridge, where they receive all kinds of Goods and Ware.

FOR PRIVATE SALE OR AT AUCTION. Merchants' stocks, household goods, and consignments, of every character, solicited from the Minnesota Valley. They refer to any of the bankers or merchants of St. Paul. [37]

**R. & J. M. WARNER, AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,** corner of Third and Washburn Bridge Square, ST. PAUL, MINN.

We have constantly on hand a good stock of Dry Goods, clothing, crockery, glassware, cutlery, &c., which we will sell from 10 to 40 per cent, under the market. [37]

## OAK AND HEMLOCK

## LEATHERS;

FRENCH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN

## CALF AND KIP

Always on Hand.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

## AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.

S. P. & P. F. HODGE,

DEALERS IN FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

Sole Agents for

Russell & co.'s massillon threshing machines;

Pitt's Buffalo threshing machines;

Wheeler, Melick and Co.'s horse threshers and cleaners;

Schuttler's celebrated Chicago wagons;

McCormick's reaper and mower.

J. H. Manny's reaper and mower.

John A. Woodward's improved smut machine and separator combined.

Besides, we keep constantly on hand Moline and Rock Island Plows, Excelsior Grain Pans, Revolving Horse Rakes, Cornshellers, Hay and Straw Cutters, Grindstones, Sycethones, Grain Crails, Rides, Forks, Scythes, Bushes, Shovels, Spades, &c.

MERCHANTS AND DEALERS throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times. Descriptive Pamphlets of Machinery furnished on application to THIRD STREET, CORNER OF SIBLEY, Near the Lower Levee, St. Paul.

**LEATHER—KESSLER & RIEHL, Importers, Tanners, and CURRIERS!**

Are now receiving and will keep constantly on hand the largest and best stock of Leather and Findings in the State, consisting of— Spanish Sole Leather, Shoes and Saddle Shirting Oak " " Belt and Lace Leather, Upper Leather, French Kip Skins, Harness Leather, French Calf Skins, Bridle Leather, Country Kip Skins, Tampico and Madras Morocco, and Splits.

Also a general assortment of all kinds of Findings, &c. &c. Also please call and examine our stock, as we will not be undersold by any house in the State. Particular attention paid to orders. Cash paid for Hides, Furs and Deer Skins.

Sign of the Big Bear—MacKubin's Block, Third St., St. Paul, Minn.

**NICOLS & DEAN, Wholesale Dealers** IRON, NAILS, STEEL, Plows, Axletrees, Carriage-springs, Axes, Anvils, Belows, and Heavy Hardware Generally.

Leather and Gutta Percha Belting, Agricultural Tools, Grindstones, Pittsburgh Coal, &c., &c.

3d Street, St. Paul, Minn. Agents for Herring & Co's celebrated Fire Proof Safes. A German Clerk always in attendance.

**J. B. BRADEN, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in IRON, NAILS, STEEL, HARDWARE, PITTSBURGH COAL, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.**

Keeps constantly on hand all goods in his line including: Pig, Swedish and Kensington Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Cast Steel, Nails, Chains, Anvils, Vices, Axes, &c.

Also the celebrated St. Paul Clipper and Rock Island Clipper Plows.

Which are so well and favorably known, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. Warehouse on Third, between Minnesota and Cedar Streets, St. Paul, Min











# MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

## START

## CHASKA

# VALLEY HERALD

## SEP 11 THRU 1862

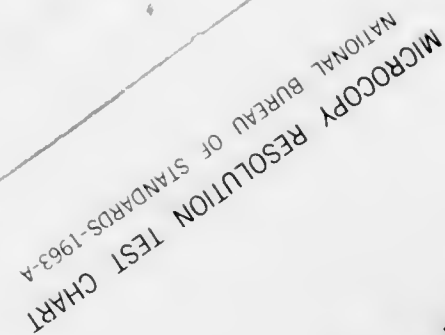
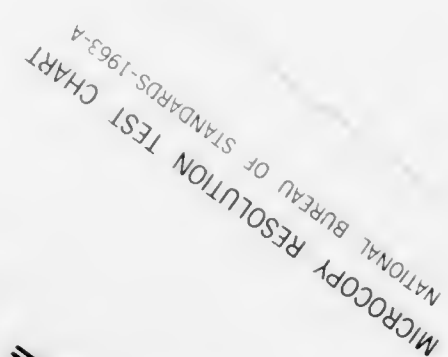
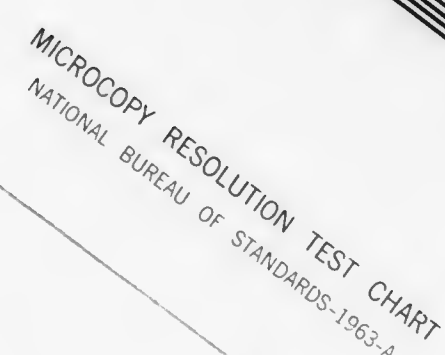
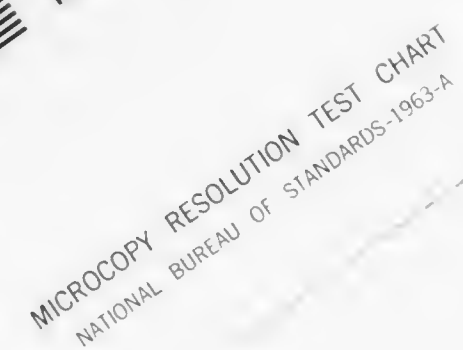
## SEP 3 1864

Title: (Chaska) VALLEY HERALD		113--6-1983	
1:2 - 2:52			
Inclusive Date:	Sep 11 1862	Sep 3 1864 *	
"Valley herald" Title varies. Beginning Jan 31 1863 issues titled "The Valley herald".			
Missing Issues: 1862: Sep 18-Oct 2; Oct 16-Nov 22; Dec 6-13; Dec 27. 1863: May 9; Jun 13-Jul 11; Jul 25; Sep 26; Oct 10-17.			
Issues damaged throughout.			
Originals held by: MHS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>	Prepared by: Joan Aykens <i>WJ</i>	Date: Jun 7 1983	Format: 1A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2B <input type="checkbox"/>
Filmed by: <i>Seebach</i>	Date: <i>Jun 20, 1983</i>	Camera No. <i>246</i>	
Reduction Ratio: <i>14</i>	Voltmeter <i>.17/88</i>	No. Expos.	
Prelim. Inspection by:	Date:	Density:	
Target Resolution: _____/mm	O.K. <input type="checkbox"/> Reject <input type="checkbox"/>	Length:	

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## MISSING ISSUE

Date: Sep 18 - Oct 2 1862